

# **Annual Report 2015**



#### **Bank of Panhsin Head Office**

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#### Spokesman

Name : Shih-Chi Wu Title : S.E.V.P.Head Compliance Address : No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : (02)2962-9170 E-mail : 57385@bop.com.tw

#### Securities Agent

Name : Bank of Panhsin,General Affair Department Address : 9F, No.330, Zhongzheng Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : (02)2968-9199

#### **Credit Rating Agent**

Taiwan Ratings Corporation Address : 49F, No.7, Sec.5, Xingyi Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : (02)8722-5800 Web Site : www.taiwanratings.com

#### **Certified Public Accountants for Financial Satements**

KPMG Certified Public Accountants Name of Accountants : Andrew Yu, Li Li Lu Address : 68F, No.7, Sec.5, Xingyi Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : (02)8101-6666 Web Site : www.kpmg.com.tw

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#### **Bank Overview**

Bank of Panhsin (BOP), formerly known as Panchiao Credit Cooperatives (PCC), has always upheld a customercentric integrity management since its establishment on April 25, 1957, achieving steady business expansion. Thereafter, in response to a rapidly liberalized financial environment and in compliance with the Standards and Methods for Reorganization of Credit Cooperative into Commercial Bank announced on December 6, 1995, PCC had acquired the Kaohsiung Fifth Credit Cooperative on September 29, 1997, and officially transformed into a commercial bank the following day. The business premise has thus surpassed the boundary of New Taipei City. Subsequently, the Bank has made several adjustments and established branch offices according to business development needs. In support of government policies, BOP had acquired the Chiayi First Credit Cooperative on March 7, 2005, opening 46 branches in total. On July 21, 2014, BOP officially acquired the Taipei City Ninth Credit Cooperative, obtaining a total of 64 branches after the merge. In particular, 48 branches are based in Taipei City and New Taipei City.

The Bank has reallocated its headquarters to Panhsin Twin Towers in New Banqiao Station Special Zone in 2011 (winning the throne of New Taipei City for seven consecutive years). This relocation not only enhanced the Bank's corporate image and achieved employee consensus, but also provided customers with the best professional service through the establishment of its financial flagship store and enhanced organizational performance. From today forward, BOP will persist in retaining its management concepts of "Integrity, Practicality, and Innovation" to offer perfect financial services, expand its operating scale, improve its asset quality, and ultimately maximize its profits. BOP is determined to become a professional mid-sized commercial bank.

#### I . Date of establishment

PCC was established on April 25, 1957 and officially transformed into a commercial bank on September 30, 1997.

#### II · Credit rating

Rating Agency	Date	Long-Term	Short-Term	Outlook
Taiwan Ratings Co.	Oct. 30, 2015	tw BBB-	twA-3	Stable

**I** • Organizational Chart

Baseline date: December 31, 2015



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## II • Profiles of directors, president, vice presidents, and management

Position	Name	Country or place of	Date elected	Term	First elected	Shares held election	-	No. of sh currently		Current shar by spouse underage ch	and	Major career (academic) achievements	Current job position at the Bank and other companies
		registration	elected	(Year)		No. of shares	Percentag e of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	acmevements	companies
Chairman	Ping-Hui Liu	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	1996.12.27	36,142,606	3.27	37,299,169	3.05	30,168,430	2.47	Chihlee College of Business/ Chairman of PCC	Supervisor of Sanlight Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of Shan Hui Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of Yuan Chi Investment Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of BOP Charity Foundation/
Deputy Chairman	Peng-Lang Lin	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2015.06.25	11,604	-	12,730	-	-	-	Faculty of Business Administration, Aomori University/ Chairman, Sunny Bank	Supervisor, Concord Medical Co., Ltd.
Managing Director	Ming-Hsin Chiu	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	1996.12.27	4,504,116	0.41	4,648,247	0.38	2,191,817	0.18	Ta-Tung Vocational High School/ Director of PCC	Director of Panhsin Asset Management Co.,Ltd./ Director of BOP Charity Foundation
Managing Director	Dao-Ming Kuo	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	1996.12.27	7,513,572	0.68	7,754,006	0.63	2,271,098	0.19	MBA, Meijo University, Japan/ Director of PCC	Chairman of Chao Neng Sheng Biotechnology Co.,Ltd./ Managing Director of Ta-Ou Xingye Co.,Ltd./ Director of Ma Shang Fa International Industry Co.,Ltd./ Director of Jie Xiong Enterprise Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Aizia Enterprise Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Qing Yan Internation Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Panhsin Asset Management Co.,Ltd./ Director of BOP Charity Foundation
Independent Managing Director	Fu-Yuan Chang	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2009.06.23	-	-	-		-	-	National Taipei College of Business/ Accountant of Yong Cheng United Accounting Firm	Manager of Yong Cheng Management Consultants Firm
Director	Representative of Sanjyun Construction Co., Ltd.: Chung- Liang Chen	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2006.06.20	12,421	-	12,818	-	-	-	KaiNan High School of Commerce and Industry/ Manager of BOP	Director of BOP Charity Foundation

Baseline date: December 31, 2015

Position	Name	Country or place of	Date	Term	First elected	Shares held electio	Ŭ	No. of sh currently		Current sha by spouse underage cl	e and	Major career (academic)	Current job position at the Bank and other
		registration	elected	(Year)		No. of shares	Percentag e of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	companies
Director	Representative of Tianlu Construction Co., Ltd.: Sheng-Hong Shao	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2015.06.25	241,465	0.02	249,191	0.02	-	-	National Tam-Shui Vocational High School/ Director of PCC	Shao Sheng Hong person in charge
Director	Investment Co	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2009.06.23	33,178,251	3.00	34,239,955	2.80	-	-	National Taipei High School of Commerce/ Chairman President of PCC	Director of BOP Charity Foundation
Director	Tong-Ren Lin	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2006.06.20	8,383,837	0.76	8,652,119	0.71	635,011	0.05	Tamkang University/ EVP of BOP	Director of Panhsin Insurance Broker Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Ya Guan Co.,Ltd./ Director of Hong Chun Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of Quo Ding Construction Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Jing Bao Di Co.,Ltd./
Director	Construction Co	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2006.06.20	32,912,421	2.98	33,965,618	2.78	-	-	Blessed Imelda's School/ Chairman of Sanlight onstruction Co.,Ltd.	Chairman of Da Shun Construction Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Yuan Ci Investment Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Sanlight Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of Tien Lu Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of San Hsin Machinery Engineering Co.,Ltd./ Director of Shan Hui Construction Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Sanjyun Construction Co.,Ltd./
Director	Lin-Long Chien	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	1996.12.27	8,294,038	0.75	9,099,462	0.75	1,537,043	0.13	Chihlee Institute of Technology/ Supervisor of PCC	Director of Panhsin Asset Management Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Yong Zhen Construction Co.,Ltd./ Chin Tung Li person in charge / Director of BOP Charity Foundation / Vice Chairman of He Chung Entertainment Co.,Ltd./ Hao Tsai Tou site person in charge/ Chin Pin person in charge

Position	Name	Country or place of	Date	Term	First elected	Shares held election		No. of sh currently		Current shar by spouse underage ch	and	Major career (academic)	Current job position at the Bank and other
		registration	elected	(Year)		No. of shares	Percentag e of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	companies
Director	Representative of Hanchia Construction Co., Ltd.: Ping-Huang Liu	Republic of	2015.07.01	3	2006.06.20	61,797	0.01	63,774	0.01	-	-	Chung-Yuan Christian University/ Director of PCC	Director of Panhsin Asset Management Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Yi Chang Development Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Hai Shan Da Di Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of BOP Charity Foundation/ Supervisor of Yong Tai Construction Enterprise Co.,Ltd. Chairman of Han Chia Construction Co.,Ltd./
Director	Lai-Wei Liu	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	1996.12.27	3,491,124	0.32	3,602,839	0.30	426,972	0.03	Ger-Jyh Senior High School/ Director of PCC	Chairman of Jin Annian Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of Kao Do Construction Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Jin Fu Construction Co.,Ltd./ Director of BOP Charity Foundation
Director	Yao-Chih Chu	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2012.06.19	2,016,481	0.18	2,267,154	0.19	130,419	0.01	Fu-Jen Catholic University/ Business Executive of China Rebar Co., Ltd.	-
Director	Ruei-Long Chen	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2009.06.23		-	-	-	-	-	National Chung Hsing University/	Chairman of Powerchip Technology Co.,Ltd./ Directors of Chih-Jen Science and Technology Development Co.,Ltd./ Directors of PowerGate Optical Co.,Ltd./ Independent director of China Petroleum and Chemical Co.,Ltd./ Director of Natural Beauty Biological Technology Co.,Ltd./ Independent Director of the Inventec Co.,Ltd./ Director of HannStar Board Co.,Ltd./ Director of Asia Cement Co.,Ltd./ Managing Director of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co.,Ltd./ Director, HannStar Board Corporation Chairman, Sinocon Industrial Standards Foundation

Position	Name	Country or place of	Date elected	Term (Year)	First elected	Shares held electio	0	No. of sh currently		Current sha by spouse underage cl	e and	Major career (academic) achievements	Current job position at the Bank and other companies	
		registration				No. of shares	Percentag e of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares			
Independent Directors	Sung-Hui Su	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2012.06.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	Feng Chia University/ President of Taiwan Agricultual Bank	Director of IBF Financial Holding Co.,Ltd./ Chairman of Kuo Wang International Financial Leasing Co.,Ltd./ Director of Waterland Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	
Independent Directors	Sin-Yi Luo	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2009.06.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	National Chengchi University/ Lawyer of Sin-Yi Luo Law Firm	Director of Yang Shu Construction Co.,Ltd.	
Independent Directors	Yue-Siou Liao	Republic of China	2015.07.01	3	2009.06.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	Phd. of St. John's University/ Associate Professor of Chihlee Institute of Technology	-	

Note 1: "Shares held by nominee shareholders": N/A.

Note 2: The No. of Shares and Percentage of Shares columns during election were based on the 1,105,790,000 shares actually issued during the reelection on June 25, 2015.

Note 3: The No. of Shares currently held and Percentage of Shares columns were based on the 1,221,175,280 shares actually issued on December 31, 2015.

Note 4: Panhsin Charitable Foundation is short for Provincial Private Panhsin Social Welfare Charitable Foundation.

Note 5: Director reelection was held on June 25, 2015.

Note 6: Representative of Baiyuan Investment Co., Ltd., Jui-Tsai Chou was replaced on August 19, 2015 by Ching-E Yeh.

## III • Profiles of president, vice presidents, and management

Desition	Position Nationality	Name	Date elected	Shares		Shares held and und childı	erage	Major career (academic)	Current job position
rosition	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	in other companies
President	Republic of China	Wen-Lung Lin	2015.02.17	21,590	-	-	-	Business Administration, Taichung Business Vocational School/ Chairman, Taiwan Cooperative Securities Vice President, Taiwan Cooperative Bank	-
SEVP	Republic of China	Simon Fang	2006.09.21	17,960,537	1.47	9,401,932	0.77	Department of Economics, Soochow University/ Vice President, Bank of Panhsin Senior Assistant Vice President, CTBC Bank	Chairman, Trust Association of R.O.C Alternate Chairman, Taiwan Securities Association Independent Director, Charoen Pokphand Enterprise
SEVP	Republic of China	Shih-Chi Wu	2014.09.22	61,395	0.01	59,325	-	Executive Master of Business Administration, National Chengchi University/ Vice President, Bank of Panhsin	Director, Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd. Director, Panhsin Insurance Broker
Chief Auditor	Republic of China	Frank Teng	2014.03.01	196,137	0.02	-	-	Business Administration, National Chung Hsing University/ Vice President, Bank of Panhsin Assistant Vice President, Taishin International Bank	-
SEVP	Republic of China	Li-Chin Wei	2014.04.21	83,687	0.01	3,831	-	Business Administration, Chihlee University of Technology/ Assistant Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
SEVP	Republic of China	Hong-Chi Chen	2015.08.24	17,820	-	-	-	PhD, Department of Applied Economics, National Chung Hsing University/ Vice President, Sunny Bank	Associate Professor, Chaoyang University of Technology
Manager , Wealth Management Dept.	Republic of China	Sunny Sun	2015.03.12	15,840	-	-	-	Department of International Trade, Ming Chuan University/ Senior Vice President, Standard Chartered Bank	-
Manager, Business Development Dept.	Republic of China	Yu-Tsi Yo	2015.07.20	24,180	-	-	-	Department of International Business, Soochow University/ Manager, CTBC Bank	-

	Position Nationality			Shares	held	Shares he spouse underage c	and	Major career (academic)	Current job position
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentag e of shares	achievements	in other companies
Manager, Human Resources Dept.	Republic of China	Ta-Huang Chen	2014.10.27	28,000	-	-	-	MBA, Graduate Institute of Management, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Credit Management Dept.	Republic of China	Shih-Ming Lin	2015.04.20	76,834	0.01	-	-	Business Administration, Advanced Vocational School Affiliated with Yuanpei University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	Director, Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.
Manager, Administration Dept.	Republic of China	Chao-Chun Lin	2014.04.21	46,813	-	-	-	Accounting Department, Feng Chia University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	Director, Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.
Manager, Non- Performing Loans Management Dept.	Republic of China	Ko-Han Liu	2013.01.21	80,858	0.01	767	-	Banking Insurance, Open College Affiliated With National Taipei University of Business/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, International Banking Dept. & Offshore Banking Branch	Republic of China	Jennie Lin	2008.03.26	34,227	-	-	-	Masters in International Finance, University of Birmingham/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Trust Dept.	Republic of China	Ching-Hsing Lee	2015.08.24	11,880	-	-	-	Business Administration, Chung Hua University/ Vice President, Consumer Banking Operations of Standard Chartered Bank	-
Manager, Treasury Dept.	Republic of China	Kevin Lee	2007.04.02	72,159	0.01	80,045	0.01	Department of Statistics, National Cheng Kung University/ Vice President, IBT Securities	-
Manager, Risk Management Dept.	Republic of China	Shu-Nu Yang	2008.11.26	44,254	_	-	-	Masters in International Monetary Finance, University of Birmingham/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Compliance Dept.	Republic of China	Ching-Yuan Chang	2015.03.23	49,435	-	-	-	Department of Law, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

Desition	Position Nationality Name		Name Date elected —	Shares	held	Shares he spouse and u childr	inderage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Accounting Dept.	Republic of China	Chung-Chi Huang	2011.08.01	41,024	-	-	-	Accounting Statistics, Chihlee University of Technology/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	Supervisor, Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.
Manager, Information Systems & Digital Banking Dept.	Republic of China	Mao-Sen Kao	2009.01.01	137,410	0.01	11,038	-	Business Administration, Taipei Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, General Affairs Dept.	Republic of China	A-Ren Lai	2010.02.01	107,418	0.01	92,503	0.01	Business Administration, Open College Affiliated With National Taipei University of Business/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Centralized Work Center	Republic of China	Chun-Lian Lin	2010.07.26	114,000	0.01	21,000		Business Management, Sung-Shan High School of Commerce/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Domestic Banking Dept.	Republic of China	Hsin-Mao Huang	2013.01.21	97,835	0.01	365	-	Accounting Department, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Assistant Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Banqiao Branch	Republic of China	Shu-Chuan Wei	2015.12.28	119,077	0.01	3,692		Department of Banking and Insurance, Taipei Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Houpu Branch	Republic of China	Hsiao-Hsuan Lu	2016.02.01	-	-	-	-	Applied Commerce, National Taipei University of Business/ Business manager, Taipei Fubon Bank	-
Manager, Yonghe Branch	Republic of China	Hong-Ming Lin	2015.07.20	29,821	-	334	-	MBA Program, University of St Andrews/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Puqian Branch	Republic of China	Pei-Yu Weng	2015.12.28	20,480	-	-		Department of Finance Management, National Chengchi University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Huajiang Branch	Republic of China	Yi-Min Wan	2015.01.26	583,089	0.05	15,129		Department of International Trade, Chihlee University of Technology/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	Shares	held	Shares he spouse and t childr	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
1 031000	Wationanty	Mane	Date circled	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Minzu Branch	Republic of China	Te-Wei Lee	2013.01.26	52,443	-	-	-	Department of Theatre Arts, Chinese Culture University/ Manager, Jihsun Bank	-
Manager, Zhonghe Branch	Republic of China	Te-Kuo Lin	2013.01.21	447,795	0.04	502	-	Department of Banking and Insurance, Hsing Wu University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Tucheng Branch	Republic of China	Ping-Hong Tsao	2014.01.27	50,722	-	6,184	-	Masters, Graduate Institute of Economics, Chinese Culture University/ Manager, Chengthai Commercial Bank	-
Manager, Wenhua Branch	Republic of China	Mei-Ling He	2014.11.24	44,478	-	52,104	-	Business Administration, Chihlee University of Technology/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Daguan Branch	Republic of China	Ying-An Hsieh	2016.01.25	15,077	-	17,329	-	Department of Economics, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Xingnan Branch	Republic of China	Hui-Mei Liu	2015.12.28	113,133	0.01	-	-	Banking Information, Open College Affiliated With National Taipei University of Business/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Fuhe Branch	Republic of China	Shu-Ming Liu	2014.01.27	39,744	-	-	-	Department of Applied Business, Open College Affiliated with National Taipei University of Business/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Xiulang Branch	Republic of China	Tian-Yi Pan	2015.12.28	29,613	-	-	-	Masters, Graduate Institute of Business Administration, National Taiwan University Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Xinzhuang Branch	Republic of China	Zhao-Mao Kao	2014.01.27	53,707	-	-	-	Department of Cooperative Economy, National Chung Hsing University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Yuanshan Branch	Republic of China	Hua-Yi Kuo	2015.12.28	110,368	0.01	-	-	Business Management, Yu Da High School of Commerce and Home Economics/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Shulin Branch	Republic of China	Lai-Wang Lin	2015.01.26	333,780	0.03	167,000	0.01	Accounting Statistics, Taipei Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

	<b>.</b>	Ň		Shares	held	Shares h spouse and childu	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Jincheng Branch	Republic of China	Da-Hu Yo	2015.01.26	31,404	-	-		College of Business and Management, Tamkang University/ Assistant Manager, Cosmos Bank	-
Manager, Xindian Branch	Republic of China	Wen-Hui Chou	2013.01.21	30,800	-	-	-	Department of Economics, National Chung Hsing University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Zhongzheng Branch	Republic of China	Yao-Tsong Liu	2013.01.21	60,000	-	-		National Hsinchu Commercial & Vocational High School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Luchou Branch	Republic of China	Wan-Ki Chen	2015.01.26	138,555	0.01	30,434		Business Administration, Chihlee Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Sanchong Branch	Republic of China	Chih-Cheng Nieh	2014.07.21	13,860	-	-	. <u>-</u>	Business Administration, Feng Chia University/ Manager, DBS Bank	-
Manager, Songjiang Branch	Republic of China	Ming-Chou Tsai	2014.01.27	23,704	-	-	-	Department of Statistics, Tamkang University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Xinyi Branch	Republic of China	Mo Cheng	2015.01.26	55,350	-	-	-	Department of Economics, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Minsheng Branch	Republic of China	Eric Liu	2015.01.26	44,956	-	-	-	Department of Finance, Takming University of Science and Technology/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Bade Branch	Republic of China	Rui-Dian Chen	2015.01.26	73,627	0.01	-	-	Industrial Management, National Taipei University of Technology/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Neihu Branch	Republic of China	Chih-Wen Lin	2015.04.20	120,313	0.01	-	-	Business Administration, Hsing Wu University/ Assistant Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

	sition Nationality Name		Name Date elected -	Shares	held	Shares h spouse and childu	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Ruiguang Branch	Republic of China	Chung-An Chen	2015.01.30	5,000	-	-		Department of Banking and Finance, Tamkang University/ Manager, DBS Bank	-
Manager, Taoyuan Branch	Republic of China	Chung-Wei Wang	2013.01.21	49,000	-	-		Business Administration, Tamsui Institute of Business Administration/ Manager, Grand Commercial Bank	-
Manager, Taoying Branch	Republic of China	Yi-Chang Kao	2011.07.25	30,456	-	-		Department of Information Management, Chung Yuan Christian University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Longgang Branch	Republic of China	Po-Cheng Hsu	2013.01.21	90,000	0.01	-	· -	Department of Economics, Chinese Culture University/ Manager, EnTie Commercial Bank	-
Manager, Hsinchu Branch	Republic of China	Su-Ching Chien	2015.12.28	23,316	-	-		Department of Statistics, Feng Chia University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Taichung Branch	Republic of China	Yung-Lun Lee	2015.01.26	103,806	0.01	-	· -	Business Administration, Taichung Business Vocational School/ Manager, CTBC Bank	-
Manager, North Taichung Branch	Republic of China	Tsong-Hsin Lee	2015.01.26	60,259	-	-		Department of Accounting, National Cheng Kung University/ Manager, Grand Commercial Bank	-
Manager, Chiayi Branch	Republic of China	Shih-Te Chen	2012.01.19	18,960	-	-	· -	Department of Cooperative Economy, Tamkang University/ Business Manager, Yuanta Bank	-
Manager, Junhui Branch	Republic of China	Hong-Chang Chiang	2012.01.19	15,320	-	-		Department of Finance, Tatung Institute of Commerce and Technology/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Tainan Branch	Republic of China	Chin-Chu Wu	2015.01.26	10,160	-	-		Department of International Business, Feng Chia University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	Shares	held	Shares h spouse and child	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
rosition	Ivationality	Ivanie	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Chenggong Branch	Republic of China	Dun-Jen Lin	2015.01.26	20,480	-	-		MBA, Chiayi University/ Vice President, Citibank	-
Manager, Danfeng Branch	Republic of China	Jung-Fang Hsieh	2015.03.02	11,880	-	-		Accounting Department, Feng Chia University/ Senior sales manager, Hwatai Bank	-
Manager, Xiaogang Branch	Republic of China	Shou-Yao Chen	2013.04.22	84,120	0.01	-	. <u>-</u>	Banking and Insurance, China University of Science and Technology/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Xinxing Branch	Republic of China	Chi-Hsun Chang	2014.10.27	120,953	0.01	-	-	Masters, Graduate Institute of Economics, National Taiwan University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Qianzhen Branch	Republic of China	Hsian-Chin Kuo	2012.01.19	32,520	-	-	-	Finance and Banking Department, Shih Chien University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Yangming Branch	Republic of China	Chung-Fu Chen	2010.10.08	68,640	0.01	-		Business Management, Kuochi Senior Vocational High School of Commerce and Technology/ Manager, Kaohsiung Fifth Credit Cooperative	-
Manager, Kaoxinzhuang Branch	Republic of China	Da-Hui Tsai	2012.01.19	27,544	-	-		College of Management, National Taiwan University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Luodong Branch	Republic of China	Po-Kun Wang	2015.01.26	6,000	-	-	-	Masters, Department of Finance, Ming Chuan University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Beixin Branch	Republic of China	Jung-Dian Hsiao	2015.08.24	30,960	-	-	-	Masters, Graduate Institute of Economics, National Taiwan University/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	
Manager, Mengchia Branch	Republic of China	Chung-Wei Liao	2016.01.25	37,867	-	-	-	Department of International Trade, Chihlee University of Technology/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-

The state	<b>N</b> 7 (1 <b>N</b> 7	X		Shares	held	Shares h spouse and childi	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Hsinglung Branch	Republic of China	Yong-Yuan Chen	2016.01.25	25,736	-	3,692	-	MBA in Executive Management, Royal Roads University/ Manager, Bank SinoPac	-
Manager, Shuangyuan Branch	Republic of China	Wei-Feng Chao	2015.04.20	11,880	-	-	-	Sung-Shan High School of Commerce/ Manager, Taipei Ninth Credit Cooperative	-
Manager, Hsimen Branch	Republic of China	Ming-Hsing Shih	2015.10.28	34,513	-	-	-	Accounting Department, Chung Yuan Christian University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Kuting Branch	Republic of China	Pei-Yun Lin	2016.01.25	5,940	-	-	-	Finance and Banking Department, Tamkang University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Antung Branch	Republic of China	Shih-Yang Liu	2015.09.21	15,060	-	-	-	MBA Program, University of Southern California/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	
Manager, Sungshan Branch	Republic of China	Fu-Yuan Shih	2015.09.21	30,579	-	-	-	Masters in Agribusiness Management, National Pingtung Institute of Commerce/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Shinlin Branch	Republic of China	Shih-Yang Chien	2015.04.20	1,000	-	-	-	Finance and Banking Department, Tamkang University/ Manager, Taishin International Bank	-
Manager, Tunghu Branch	Republic of China	Yi-Cheng Su	2014.07.21	1,000	-	-	-	Department of English Language and Literature, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Manager, Taishin International Bank	-
Manager, Anho Branch	Republic of China	Kai-Ming Wu	2015.03.02	59,505	-	-	-	Accounting Statistics, Taipei Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Kuangfu Branch	Republic of China	Chien-Wen Lee	2015.04.20	74,042	0.01	4,478	-	MBA, Stratford University/ Manager, Enterprise Bank of Hualien	-

Position	N-4:	Nama	Detersheet d	Shares	held	Shares h spouse and childr	underage	Major career (academic)	Current job position in
Position	Nationality	Name	Date elected	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	No. of shares	Percentage of shares	achievements	other companies
Manager, Shuanglien Branch	Republic of China	Ching-Hsian Liu	2015.12.21	-	-	-	-	Masters, Department of Finance, Shih Hsin University/ Manager, Hwatai Bank	-
Manager, Chungching Branch	Republic of China	Ke-Long Wu	2014.11.24	166,000	0.01	53,692	-	Business Administration, Chihlee Business Vocational School/ Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Mucha Branch	Republic of China	Song-Lin Chiang	2014.07.21	9,900	-	-	-	Kaiping Culinary School/ Representative assistant manager, Taipei Ninth Credit Cooperative	-
Manager, Huannan Branch	Republic of China	Fang-Ming Huang	2014.07.21	38,424	-	413	-	Business Administration, Chihlee University of Technology/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Tachih Branch	Republic of China	Yi-Hong Peng	2015.03.16	3,000	-	-	-	Department of Statistics, Fu Jen Catholic University/ Assistant Vice President, Taishin International Bank	-
Manager, Wanta Branch	Republic of China	Ling-Hui Kao	2015.10.27	39,820	-	-	-	Department of Business, National Open University/ Vice Manager, Bank of Panhsin	-
Manager, Yungchun Branch	Republic of China	Ming-Jen Chen	2015.09.21	11,000	-	-	-	Accounting Statistics, Tamsui Institute of Business Administration/ Manager, EnTie Bank	-

Note 1: Information regarding the president, vice president, assistant vice president, and managers, as well as those whose position is equivalent to the president, vice president, or assistant vice president, regardless of their job title °

Note 2: The career experiences related to the current positions shall be disclosed. If the executive has worked in auditing CPAs or affiliate enterprises within the preceding period, he/she shall specify his/her titles and positions °

- IV > Equity transfers and changes of equity interests in the most recent financial year up till the publication date of this annual report (2016.02.29), by directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"
  - (I)Changes of equity interests by directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"

	Busenne auto.	reoluary 29, 2010			
		20	015	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Pledged Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
Chairman (Major shareholder)	Ping-Hui Liu	1,156,563	-	-	13,000,000 (13,000,000)
Deputy Chairman	Peng-Lang Lin	1,126	-	-	-
Managing Director	Dao-Ming Kuo	240,434	-	-	-
Managing Director	Ming-Hsin Chiu	144,131	-	-	-
Director	Sanjyun Construction Co., Ltd.	397	-	-	-
Director (Major shareholder)	Baiyuan Investment Company	1,061,704	9,300,000 (14,000,000)	-	-
Director (Major shareholder)	Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	1,053,197	-	-	25,000,000 (13,000,000)
Director	Tianlu Construction Co., Ltd.	249,191	-	-	-
Director	Yao-Chih Chu	862,800	-	-	-
Director	Hanchia Construction Co., Ltd.	1,977	-	-	-
Director	Lai-Wei Liu	(2,000,000) 111,715	-	-	-
Director	Lin-Long Chien	805,424	(6,500,000)	-	-
Director	Tong-Ren Lin	268,282	-	-	-
Representative of corporate director	Chung-Liang Chen	138,688	-	-	-
Representative of corporate director	Sheng-Hong Shao	227,006	-	-	-
Representative of corporate director (Major shareholder)	Mei-Yun Liao	939,033	-	-	-
Corporate Director Representative	Ching-E Yeh	(1,000,000) 32,886	-	-	-

		20	)15	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Pledged Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties" (Major shareholder)	Fuching Investment Company	8,488,577	300,000	32,330,417	81,380,000 (42,300,000)
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties" (Major shareholder)	Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	3,126,948	300,000	32,330,417	61,780,000 (24,300,000)
Major shareholder(s)	Industrial Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	64,660,834	-	(64,660,834)	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties" (Major shareholder)	Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	2,519,888	12,000,000	469,996	7,272,000 (7,272,000)
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties" (Major shareholder)	Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.	849,171	_	-	5,443,000 (5,443,000)
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties" (Major shareholder)	Yuanmao Construction Co., Ltd.	640,336	-	-	-

		20	)15	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Pledged Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Hsiu-Lan Liu	917	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Shun-Chih Liu	10	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Hsiu-Hsia Liu	1,756	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Liu-Miao Lin	10	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Ping-Che Liu	22,560	-	-	-

		20	)15	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Pledged Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Si-Hui Liu	208,230	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Chao-Hsuan Liu	200,000	-	-	
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Chao-Tong Liu	77,466	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Kin-Yu Liao (Maiden surname: He)	1,843	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Ke-Huang Liao	1,051	-	-	-

		20	015	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Jung-Cuan Liao	17,354	-	-	-
An individual who needs to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Aggregate Related Parties"	Hsinhui Construction Co., Ltd.	32,336	-	-	-
President	Wen-Lung Lin	21,590	-	-	-
Vice president (Major shareholder)	Chia-Nan Fang	574,183	5,000,000 (5,800,000)	-	-
Vice president	Shih-Chi Wu	19,171	-	-	-
Vice president	Fu-Chai Teng	23,349	-	-	-
Vice president	Li-Chin Wei	21,844	-	-	-
Vice president	Hong-Chi Chen	17,820	-	-	-
Senior vice president	Chi-Hsun Chang	19,099	-	-	-
Senior vice president	Chih-Wen Lin	3,730	-	-	-
Senior vice president	Hsin-Mao Huang	18,382	-	-	-
Senior vice president	Sunny Sun	15,840	-	-	-
Manager	Yu-Tsi Yo	14,180	-	-	-
Manager	Ta-Huang Chen	13,000	-	-	-
Manager	Shih-Ming Lin	19,433	-	-	-
Manager	Chao-Chun Lin	12,963	-	-	-
Manager	Ko-Han Liu	15,937	-	-	-
Manager	Jennie Lin	6,875	-	-	-
Manager	Ching-Hsing Lee	11,880	-	-	-
Manager	Kevin Lee	15,667	-	-	-
Manager	Shu-Nu Yang	14,802	-	-	-

		20	)15	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
Manager	Jone-Chih Huang	9,024	-	-	-
Manager	Mao-Sen Kao	17,691	-	-	-
Manager	A-Ren Lai	22,140	-	-	-
Manager	Chung-Lian Lin	9,000	-	-	-
Manager	Shu-Chuan Wei	17,122	-	-	-
Manager	Wen-Ching Wang	10,642	-	-	-
Manager	Hong-Ming Lin	1,893	-	-	-
Manager	Pei-Yu Weng	5,480	-	-	-
Manager	Yi-Min Wan	29,591	-	-	-
Manager	Te-Wei Lee	6,471	-	-	-
Manager	Te-Kuo Lin	23,275	-	-	-
Manager	Ping-Hong Tsao	11,262	-	-	-
Manager	Mei-Ling He	6,224	-	-	-
Manager	Chung-Wei Liao	1,174	-	-	-
Manager	Hui-Mei Liu	16,938	-	-	-
Manager	Shu-Ming Liu	12,744	-	-	-
Manager	Tian-Yi Pan	5,763	-	-	-
Manager	Zhao-Mao Kao	11,355	-	-	-
Manager	Hua-Yi Kuo	22,401	-	-	-
Manager	Lai-Wang Lin	23,780	-	-	-
Manager	Da-Hu Yo	14,404	-	-	-
Manager	Wen-Hui Chou	5,800	-	-	-
Manager	Yao-Tsong Liu	8,557	-	-	-
Manager	Wan-Ki Chen	9,141	-	-	-
Manager	Chih-Cheng Nieh	13,860	-	-	-
Manager	Ming-Chou Tsai	1,704	-	-	-
Manager	Mo Cheng	1,716	-	-	-
Manager	Eric Liu	7,207	-	-	-
Manager	Rui-Dian Chen	11,972	_		

		20	015	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
Manager	Chung-An Chen	5,000	-	-	-
Manager	Chung-Wei Wang	14,949	-	-	-
Manager	Yi-Chang Kao	12,456	-	-	-
Manager	Po-Cheng Hsu	20,100	-	-	-
Manager	Su-Ching Chien	10,316	-	-	-
Manager	Yung-Lun Lee	16,649	-	-	-
Manager	Tsong-Hsin Lee	13,380	-	-	-
Manager	Shih-Te Chen	3,500	-	-	-
Manager	Hong-Chang Chiang	5,320	-	-	-
Manager	Chin-Chu Wu	5,160	-	-	-
Manager	Dun-Jen Lin	5,480	-	-	-
Manager	Jung-Fang Hsieh	11,880	-	-	-
Manager	Shou-Yao Chen	14,120	-	-	-
Manager	Hsian-Chin Kuo	12,520	-	-	-
Manager	Chung-Fu Chen	13,640	-	-	-
Manager	Da-Hui Tsai	10,544	-	-	-
Manager	Po-Kun Wang	6,000	-	-	-
Manager	Jung-Dian Hsiao	960	-	-	-
Manager	Hsian-Ming Chiu	11,880	-	-	-
Manager	Shang-Te Chiang	2,000	-	-	-
Manager	Wei-Feng Chao	11,880	-	-	-
Manager	Ming-Hsing Shih	10,663	-	-	-
Manager	Yi-Hong Peng	3,000	-	-	-
Manager	Shih-Yang Liu	10,060	_		_
Manager	Fu-Yuan Shih	5,793	-	-	-
Manager	Shih-Yang Chien	1,000	_	-	-
Manager	Yi-Cheng Su	1,000	-	-	-
Manager	Kai-Ming Wu	6,690	-	-	-
Manager	Chien-Wen Lee	19,186	-	-	-

		20	015	By the end of	February 2016
Position	Name	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decreas e in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decre ase in the No. of Shares Held	Increase/Decrea se in the No. of Pledged Shares Held
Manager	Ke-Long Wu	10,534	-	-	-
Manager	Song-Lin Chiang	9,900	-	-	-
Manager	Fang-Ming Huang	12,424	-	-	-
Manager	Fu-Shan Lu	24,112	-	-	-
Manager	Ling-Hui Kao	12,547	-	-	-
Manager	Ming-Jen Chen	11,000	-	-	-
Manager	Ching-Yuan Chang	11,125	-	-	-
Manager	Yong-Chieh Lin	13,860	-	-	-

## (II )Equity Transfer Information

Name	Reason for transfer	Transaction date	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the ''Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties''	No. of shares (shares)	Transaction price
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Cheng-Hong Wu	-	27,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Shih-Min Yang	-	30,000	8.30
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Hsue-Ju Liao	-	45,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Chia-Ying Su	-	82,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Chian-Hui Liao	-	67,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.15	Cheng-Tong Liao	-	170,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.22	Cheng-Hong Wu	-	110,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.01.22	Cheng-Hong Wu	-	34,000	8.60
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.02.04	Ming-Fa Liu	-	41,704	8.40
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.02.09	Ming-Fa Liu	-	5,423	8.40
Yao-Chih Chu	Acquisition	2015.08.21	Ming-Fa Liu	-	50,000	8.30
Tianlu Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Yu-Hsuan Chang	-	241,465	8.50
Lai-Wei Liu	Disposal	2015.01.30	Ching-An-Nian Construction Co., Ltd.	Responsible person	2,000,000	12.13
Ching-E Yeh	Disposal	2015.08.18	Li-Yu Yeh (Maiden surname: Kuo)	Spouse	1,000,000	8.00
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Hongwei Development and Construction Co., Ltd.	-	20,000	8.50
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Jui-Ching Chang	-	2,905,025	8.50
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Chang-Er Yang	-	1,881,624	8.50
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Ting-Yu Chang	-	349,930	8.50

Name	Reason for transfer	Transaction date	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"	No. of shares (shares)	Transaction price
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2015.03.11	Wen-Kui Chang	-	482,930	8.50
Fuching Investment Company	Acquisition	2016.02.03	Industrial Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	-	32,330,417	10.00
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.10.29	Hsian-Hua Chiu	-	464,204	8.50
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.02.03	Industrial Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	-	32,330,417	10.00
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.11.30	Ying-Chieh Chen	-	53,299	8.30
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.12.08	Li-Chue Chen	-	111,935	8.50
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.12.14	Tsi-Ling Yang	-	76,000	8.30
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.11.26	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	57,000	8.30
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2015.12.28	Tsi-Ling Yang	-	322,315	8.30
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.08	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	100,000	8.30
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.08	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	105,800	8.20
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.11	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	35,000	8.20
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.11	Yu-Chu Hsu	-	103,326	8.20
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.11	Fu-Ling Investment Co., Ltd.	-	11,528	8.20

Name	Reason for transfer	Transaction date	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the ''Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties''	No. of shares (shares)	Transaction price
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.11	Tsi-Ling Yang	-	8,000	8.20
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.18	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	100,000	8.00
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Acquisition	2016.01.27	Yu-Tsa Chu	-	6,342	8.20
Mei-Yun Liao	Acquisition	2015.01.23	Chia-Peng Liao	Second degree kinship	3,578	8.45
Si-Hui Liu	Acquisition	2015.01.20	Northern Region Branch, National Property Administration	-	30,100	9.63
Si-Hui Liu	Acquisition	2015.10.29	Ying-Chieh Chen	-	84,610	8.50
Si-Hui Liu	Acquisition	2015.11.11	Ying-Chieh Chen	-	92,557	8.50
Chao-Hsuan Liu	Acquisition	2015.09.16	Yu-Ju Wang	-	100,000	7.60
Chao-Hsuan Liu	Acquisition	2015.11.17	Ying-Chieh Chen	-	100,000	8.30
Chao-Tong Liu	Acquisition	2015.11.17	Ying-Chieh Chen	-	72,453	8.30
Te-Kuo Lin	Acquisition	2015.04.16	Hsiu-Yu Chang	-	7,452	7.00

Note 1 : Related parties requiring equity declaration refer to the names of bank directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"

Note 2 : Filling in either "acquisition" or "disposal."

## (III) Equity pledge information

				Dasen	ne date: Februar	ly 29, 2010
Name	Reason for change	Date of change	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and the bank, directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"	No. of shares (shares)	Secured small loan (redemption) amount
Ping-Hui Liu	Redemption	2016.02.23	Sales Department, Cosmos Bank	-	13,000,000	-
Ping-Hui Liu	Pledge	2016.02.23	Bank SinoPac, Lanya Branch	-	13,000,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Pledge	2015.10.02	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	300,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Redemption	2016.01.29	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	19,200,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Pledge	2016.01.29	King's Town Bank, Luchou Branch	-	24,050,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Redemption	2016.02.23	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	23,100,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Pledge	2016.02.03	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	32,330,000	-
Fuching Investment Company	Pledge	2016.02.23	Yuanta Bank, Taohsing Branch	-	25,000,000	-
Chia-Nan Fang	Pledge	2015.03.27	Ta Chong Bank, Taoyuan Branch	-	5,000,000	-
Chia-Nan Fang	Redemption	2015.03.27	Sales Department, Cosmos Bank	-	5,800,000	-
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2015.10.02	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	300,000	-
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Redemption	2016.02.23	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	24,300,000	-
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.03	Industrial Bank of Taiwan	-	32,330,000	-
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.17	King's Town Bank, Luchou Branch	-	4,050,000	-

Name	Reason for change	Date of change	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and the bank, directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"	No. of shares (shares)	Secured small loan (redemption) amount
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.23	Yuanta Bank, Taohsing Branch	-	23,800,000	-
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.23	Bank SinoPac, Lanya Branch	-	1,600,000	-
Baiyuan Investment Company	Pledge	2015.12.23	Jihsun Bank	-	9,300,000	-
Baiyuan Investment Company	Redemption	2015.04.02	Ta Chong Bank, Taoyuan Branch	-	14,000,000	-
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2015.03.27	Fina Finance & Trading Co., Ltd.	-	12,000,000	-
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Redemption	2016.02.23	Sales Department, EnTie Bank	-	7,272,000	
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.24	Sales Department, KGI Bank	-	7,272,000	
Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.	Redemption	2016.02.23	Sales Department, EnTie Bank	-	5,443,000	-
Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.24	Sales Department, KGI Bank	-	5,443,000	-
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	Redemption	2016.01.08	TCBL Co., Ltd.	-	10,000,000	-
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	Redemption	2016.02.23	Sales Department, Cosmos Bank	-	3,000,000	-
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.17	King's Town Bank, Luchou Branch	-	20,000,000	-
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.23	Bank SinoPac, Lanya Branch	-	3,000,000	-

Name	Reason for change	Date of change	Counterparty	Relationship between counterparty and the bank, directors, supervisors, managers, and those needing to declare equity in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing Significant Ownership of Voting Rights over Banks by Individual Parties and Aggregate Related Parties"		Secured small loan (redemption) amount
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	Pledge	2016.02.24	Sales Department, KGI Bank	-	2,000,000	-
Lin-Long Chien	Redemption	2015.03.13	Cathay United Bank, Shuanghe Branch	-	6,500,000	-

# V • Percentage of shares held by the top-10 shareholders related persons, spouses, or family members within second degrees of kinship

within secon	a degrees of k	ansnip					Baseline date: Decembe	er 31, 2015
Name	Sharehol	Shareholding		eld by and hildren	Tot sharehol nomi arrang	al ding by inee	Titles, names, and relationship of parties, spouse, relative of second degree or closer, in relation to top 10 shareholders.	
Mane	No. of shares (shares)	Percent age of shares	No. of shares (shares)	Perce ntage of shares	No. of shares (shares)	Perce ntage of shares	Name	Relationship
Representative of Fuching Investment Company: Wei-Ren Liao	91,882,449 -	7.52	-	-	-	-	Baiyuan Investment Company	Chairman Same person
Representative of Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.: Mei-Yun Liao	86,337,698 30,168,430	7.07 2.47	37,299,169	3.05	-	-	Mei-Yun Liao Ping-Hui Liu Sanhui Construction Co., Ltd. Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd. Representative: Chao-Tong Liu	Chairman Director Chairman Same person Second degree kinship
Designated trust account of Industrial Bank of Taiwan	64,660,834	5.29	_	-		-		
Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Chao-Tong Liu	61,874,249 234,142	5.07 0.02	-	-	-	-	Mei-Yun Liao Ping-Hui Liu Representative of Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.: Mei-Yun Liao Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Mei-Yun Liao	Second degree kinship
Ping-Hui Liu	37,299,169	3.05	30,168,430	2.47	-	-	Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd. Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Chao-Tong Liu Mei-Yun Liao Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Mei-Yun Liao	Director Second degree kinship Spouse Spouse
Representative of Baiyuan Investment Co., Ltd.: Wei-Ren Liao	34,239,955	2.80	-	-	-	-	Fuching Investment Company	Chairman Same person

Name	Shareholding		Shares held by spouse and underage children		Total shareholding by nominee arrangement		Titles, names, and relationship of parties, spouse, relative of second degree or closer, in relation to top 10 shareholders.	
	No. of shares (shares)	Percent age of shares	No. of shares (shares)	Perce ntage of shares	No. of shares (shares)	Perce ntage of shares	Name	Relationship
							Mei-Yun Liao	Chairman
Representative of Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.: Mei-Yun Liao	33,965,618 30,168,430	2.78 2.47	37,299,169	3.05	-	-	Ping-Hui Liu Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd. Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Chao-Tong Liu	Director Chairman Same person Second degree kinship
							Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	Chairman
							Sanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	Chairman
Mei-Yun Liao	30,168,430	2.47	37,299,169	3.05	-	-	Representative of Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.: Chao-Tong Liu	Second degree kinship
							Ping-Hui Liu	Spouse
Representative of Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.: Chung-Er Lin	27,385,788 43,537	2.24	57,068	-	-	-	Yuanmao Construction Co., Ltd.	Chairman Same person
Representative of Yuanmao Construction Co., Ltd.: Chung-Er Lin	20,650,836 43,537	1.69 -	57,068	-	-	-	Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.	Chairman Same person

VI • Numbers of shares in the subsidiaries held by the Bank, the Bank's directors, supervisors, president, vice president, assistant vice president, managers, and entities directly or indirectly controlled by the Bank and the total percentage of shares on a consolidated basis

	Buschile dute. Determoter						
Investment Transfer	Investment by Bank of Panhsin		Investment l supervisors, p president, a president, m entities directl controlled b	oresident, vice ssistant vice anagers, and y or indirectly	Consolidated Investment		
	No. of shares (shares)	Percentage of shares (%)	No. of shares (shares)	Percentage of shares (%)	No. of shares (shares)	Percentage of shares (%)	
Hsinruidu Development Co., Ltd.	4,940,000	1.86	-	-	4,940,000	1.86	
Financial Information Service Co., Ltd.	5,937,750	1.14	-	-	5,937,750	1.14	
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation	285,365	0.08	-	-	285,365	0.08	
Yangguang Asset Management Co., Ltd.	69,180	1.15	-	-	69,180	1.15	
Taiwan Mobile Payment Co., Ltd.	300,000	0.55	-	-	300,000	0.55	
Panhsin Insurance Broker	3,095,400	100.00	-	-	3,095,400	100.00	
Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.	54,000,000	81.82	12,000,000	18.18	66,000,000	100.00	
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	30,000,000	100.00	-	-	30,000,000	100.00	

Baseline date: December 31, 2015

Note : Investment made in accordance with Article 74 of the Banking Act  $\circ$ 

### Fund raising

### I . Capital and Shares

### (I)Sources of capital

		Authorize	ed capital	Paid-in	capital		Note	
Year/ Month	Issue price	No. of shares (thousand shares)	Amount (NT\$1,000)	No. of shares (thousand shares)	Amount (NT\$1,000)	Sources of capital	Shares acquired by non-cash assets	Others
1997.09	10	600,000	6,000,000	600,000	6,000,000	Note 1	N/A	N/A
2005.06	10	819,800	8,198,000	819,800	8,198,000	Note 2	N/A	N/A
2006.07	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	819,800	8,198,000	Note 3	N/A	N/A
2006.09	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	855,790	8,557,900	Note 3	N/A	N/A
2006.12	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	955,790	9,557,900	Note 4	N/A	N/A
2011.05	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	1,055,790	10,557,900	Note 5	N/A	N/A
2011.06	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	955,790	9,557,900	Note 5	N/A	N/A
2014.05	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	1,105,790	11,057,900	Note 6	N/A	N/A
2015.08	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	1,141,175	11,411,753	Note 7	N/A	N/A
2015.12	10	1,500,000	15,000,000	1,221,175	12,211,753	Note 8	N/A	N/A

Note 1 : Transformation of Panchiao Credit Cooperative.

Note2 : With June 20, 2005 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by surplus was NT\$198,000,000; approval was received from FSC on June 24, 2005 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Yin (3) Letter No. 0940015799. With July 11, 2005 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of preferred shares was NT\$1,000,000,000. With June 24, 2005 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of ordinary shares was NT\$1,000,000,000; approval was received from FSC on September 10, 2004 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Yin (3) Letter No. 0938011560.

- Note 3 : On June 20, 2006, the shareholders' meeting passed the resolution to change capital amount to NT\$15 billion; with September 1, 2006 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital reserves transferred to capital totaled to NT\$359,900,000; approval was received from FSC on July 18, 2006 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Yin (3) Letter No. 09500320330.
- Note 4 : With December 28, 2006 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of ordinary shares was NT\$1,000,000,000; approval was received from FSC in accordance with Jin-Guan-Yin (3) Letter No. 09500439170 on October 3, 2006 and Jin-Guan-Yin Letter No. 0950150935 on November 14, 2006.
- Note 5 : With June 16, 2011 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of ordinary shares was NT\$1,000,000,000; approval was received from FSC on May 4, 2011 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1000016060; NT\$1,000,000,000 of preferred shares expired on June 23, 2011 and were redeemed as share prices obtained from issuing of new shares on June 16, 2011.
- Note 6 : With May 27, 2014 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of ordinary shares was NT\$1,500,000,000; approval was received from FSC on April 11, 2014 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1030009692.
- Note 7 : With August 28, 2015 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by surplus was NT\$353,853,000; approval was received from FSC on August 5, 2015 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1040028772.
- Note 8 : With December 10, 2015 as the baseline date for capital increase, the capital increase by issuing of ordinary shares was NT\$800,000,000; approval was received from FSC on October 13, 2015 in accordance with Jing-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1040039950.

	Shares	Authoriz	zed capital (thousand	Note	
Туре	Outstanding shares	Unissued shares	Total		
Ordina	ary shares	1,221,175	278,825	1,500,000	Became a public issuing company as of November 14, 2006

## (II) Shareholder structure

				В	aseline date: Dece	mber 31, 2015
Shareholder structure Quantity	Government agencies	Financial institutions	Other corporations	Individuals	Foreign institutions and foreigners	Total
Number of people	2	12	83	98,613	2	98,712
No. of shares held	48,651	254,294,254	199,189,668	767,608,458	34,249	1,221,175,280
Percentage of shares (%)	-	20.82	16.31	62.87	-	100.00

Note: Number of shares held was based on the 1,221,175,280 ordinary shares issued by December 31, 2015.

## (III) Equity Distribution (Denomination of NT\$10 per share)

		Base	line date: December 31, 2015
Shareholding range	Number of shareholders	No. of shares held	Percentage of shares (%)
1 to 999	73,022	26,195,061	2.15
1,000 to 5,000	13,425	39,726,765	3.25
5,001 to 10,000	3,044	20,113,972	1.65
10,001 to 15,000	2,074	25,096,662	2.06
15,001 to 20,000	521	8,939,022	0.73
20,001 to 30,000	3,776	90,833,503	7.44
30,001 to 50,000	868	32,540,286	2.66
50,001 to 100,000	1,385	87,733,179	7.18
100,001 to 200,000	285	37,500,811	3.07
200,001 to 400,000	129	35,537,889	2.91
400,001 to 600,000	46	22,995,117	1.88
600,001 to 800,000	42	29,536,309	2.42
800,001 to 1,000,000	16	14,712,264	1.20
1,000,001 to 999,999,999	79	749,714,440	61.39
Total	98,712	1,221,175,280	100.00

Note: : Number of shares held and percentage of shares were based on the 1,221,175,280 ordinary shares issued by December 31, 2015.
# (IV)Major shareholders

Shares Name of majority shareholders	No. of shares held	Percentage of shares (%)
Fuching Investment Co., Ltd.	91,882,449	7.52
Yuanchih Investment Co., Ltd.	86,337,698	7.07
Designated trust account of Industrial Bank of Taiwan	64,660,834	5.29
Shanhui Construction Co., Ltd.	61,874,249	5.07
Ping-Hui Liu	37,299,169	3.05
Baiyuan Investment Co., Ltd.	34,239,955	2.80
Sanlight Construction Co., Ltd.	33,965,618	2.78
Mei-Yun Liao	30,168,430	2.47
Jingqing Investment Co., Ltd.	27,385,788	2.24
Yuanmao Construction Co., Ltd.	20,650,836	1.69

### Baseline date: December 31, 2015

Note: : Number of shares held and percentage of shares were based on the 1,221,175,280 ordinary shares issued by December 31, 2015.

# II • Issuance of financial instruments

# Baseline date: December 31, 2015

		Dusen	le date. December 31, 2013
Order of Share Issuance	Tenth	Eleventh	Twelfth
Term	2010 Term 1	2011 Term 1	2012 Term 1
Central competent authority Approval date, Letter No.	2010.10.07, Jing-Guan-Yin-He-Zi No. 09900391970	2011.10.06, Jing-Guan-Yin-He-Zi No. 10000337280	2011.10.06, Jing-Guan-Yin-He-Zi No. 10000337280
Date of issue	2010.11.05	2011.12.02	2012.03.21
Denomination (NT\$)		10 million	
Place of issue and trading		-	
Currency		TWD	
Issue price	Fully issued at denomination	Fully issued at denomination	Fully issued at denomination
•	-	·	
Total	NT\$500,000,000	NT\$400,000,000	NT\$100,000,000
Interest rate	Fixed:3.25%	Fixed:3%	Fixed:3%
Term	6 years Maturity date: 2016.11.05	6 years Maturity date: 2017.12.02	6 years Maturity date: 2018.03.21
Claim Priority		Second	
Guarantor institution		-	
Contractor		-	
Underwriter		-	
Legal adviser CPA		-	
Chartered Banking institutions		-	
Terms of repayment		Lump-sum at maturity	
Unpaid Balance		-	
Previous-year paid-in capital	NT\$9.558 billion (including preferred shares)	NT\$9.558 billion (including preferred shares)	NT\$9.558 billion
Previous-year net value after settlement	NT\$8,586,003,000	NT\$8,601,944,000	NT\$7,868,190,000
Contract Implementation		-	
Provisions for redemption or advanced settlement		-	
Criteria for conversion and exchange		-	
Restrictive terms	Sales and transfer objects of the Bank's debentures are limited to banks, bill finance companies, trust enterprises, insurance companies, securities firms, specific persons who participate in the Bank's Capital Strengthening Program, companies or funds whose total assets as recorded in the latest financial reports reviewed or perused by accountants exceed NT\$50 million (NT\$50,000,000), or trust property mentioned in a trust agreement concluded with a trust enterprise exceeds NT\$50 million (NT\$50,000,000).	Sales and transfer objects of the Bank's de companies, trust enterprises, insurance cor who participate in the Bank's Capital Stren	mpanies, securities firms, specific persons
Capital Allocation Plan		Adequate capital structure	
The ratio of the reported issue amount plus the balance of already issued and outstanding bonds to the net worth after final report of the preceding year (%) Conformance to regulatory capital and	45.88	50.44 Yes, Category 2	35.07
its associated category Name of credit rating institution, date of credit rating, and credit rating	Taiwan Ratings Corporation 2010.10.29 twBB+	Taiwan Ratings Corporation 2011.12.02 twBB+	Taiwan Ratings Corporation 2012.03.21 twBB+

Order of Share Issuance	Thirteenth	Fourteenth
Term	2012 Term 2	2014 Term 1
Central competent authority Approval date, Letter No.	2012.10.08, Jing-Guan-Yin-He-Zi No. 10100319820	2014.03.28, Jing-Guan-Yin-He-Zi No. 10300083390
Date of issue	2012.11.12	2014.06.06
Denomination (NT\$)	10 million	100,000
Place of issue and trading	<u> </u>	_
Currency	TWD	TWD
Issue price	Fully issued at denomination	Fully issued at denomination
Total	NT\$700,000,000	NT\$3,000,000,000
Interest rate	Fixed:3%	Fixed:3% Floating: : +1.50% floating rate for 1-year time deposit according to Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.
Term	6 years Maturity date: 2018.11.12	6 years Maturity date: 2020.06.06
Claim Priority	Seco	ond
Guarantor institution	-	
Contractor	-	
Underwriter	-	
Legal adviser	-	
СРА	-	
Chartered Banking institutions		
Terms of repayment	Lump-sum	at maturity
Unpaid Balance	-	
Previous-year paid-in capital	NT\$9.558 billion	NT\$9.558 billion
Previous-year net value after settlement	NT\$7,868,190,000	NT\$9,816,689,000
Contract Implementation	-	
Provisions for redemption or advanced settlement	-	
Criteria for conversion and exchange	-	
Restrictive terms	Sales and transfer objects of the Bank's debentures are limited to banks, bill finance companies, trust enterprises, insurance companies, securities firms, specific persons who participate in the Bank's Capital Strengthening Program.	-
Capital Allocation Plan	Adequate cap	ital structure
The ratio of the reported issue amount		
plus the balance of already issued and outstanding bonds to the net worth after	43.96	58.06
final report of the preceding year (%) Conformance to regulatory capital and its associated category	Yes, Cat	egory 2
Name of credit rating institution, date of credit rating, and credit rating	Taiwan Ratings Corporation 2012.11.05 twBB+	Taiwan Ratings Corporation 2014.06.04 twBB

# **Overview of Business Operation**

- I 
  Scope of business
  - (I) Primary business revenue breakdown
    - **1.Deposits and remittance**

Unit: thousand NTD							
	End of Decen	ıber 2015	End of Decem	ber 2014	Differ	ence	
Category	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Growth rate (%)	
Time deposits	76,497,104	40.78	75,463,204	41.07	1,033,900	1.37	
Cheque deposit	1,626,723	0.87	1,956,452	1.06	(329,729)	(16.85)	
Current deposit	27,992,971	14.92	27,877,246	15.17	115,725	0.42	
Current savings deposits	46,877,410	24.99	45,629,506	24.83	1,247,904	2.73	
Fixed deposits	109,747,036	58.51	106,939,122	58.2	2,807,914	2.63	
Time deposit	32,339,537	17.24	30,886,395	16.81	1,453,142	4.70	
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCD)	580,200	0.31	779,300	0.42	(199,100)	(25.55)	
Time savings deposits	76,827,300	40.96	75,273,427	40.97	1,553,873	2.06	
Simple-interest savings deposits	67,421,226	35.95	65,441,816	35.62	1,979,410	3.02	
Compound-interest savings deposits	9,279,306	4.95	9,712,495	5.29	(433,189)	(4.46)	
Installment savings deposits	126,767	0.07	119,116	0.06	7,651	6.42	
Deposits from the post office and interbank deposits	1,320,036	0.70	1,333,583	0.73	(13,547)	(1.02)	
Savings balance	187,564,176	100.00	183,735,909	100.00	3,828,267	2.08	

Note : Savings balance include NTD and foreign currencies.

### 2.Credit business

### (1) Personal Loans

					Un	it: thousand NTE
	End of Dece	ember 2015	End of Dece	ember 2014	Diffe	ence
Category	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Growth rate (%)
Secured overdraft	3,431	0.01	8,201	0.01	(4,770)	(58.16)
Short-term loans	447,145	0.73	519,112	0.85	(71,967)	(13.86)
Short-term secured loans	11,312,270	18.50	4,862,160	7.97	6,450,110	132.66
Mid-term loans	1,309,808	2.14	1,349,419	2.21	(39,611)	(2.94)
Mid-term secured loans	15,122,540	24.73	16,287,024	26.71	(1,164,484)	(7.15)
Long-term loans	314,200	0.51	418,173	0.69	(103,973)	(24.86)
Long-term secured loans	32,642,356	53.38	37,540,558	61.56	(4,898,202)	(13.05)
Total outstanding loan balance in TWD	61,151,750	100.00	60,984,647	100.00	167,103	0.27

### (2) Corporate NTD loans

					Ur	nit: thousand NTI
	End of Dece	ember 2015	End of Deco	ember 2014	Diffe	rence
Category	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Growth rate (%)
Secured overdraft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Short-term loans	13,870,168	22.88	10,936,346	18.74	2,933,822	26.83
Short-term secured loans	9,191,474	15.16	9,480,360	16.25	(288,886)	(3.05)
Mid-term loans	9,703,541	16.00	8,280,193	14.19	1,423,348	17.19
Mid-term secured loans	23,866,633	39.36	25,322,068	43.39	(1,455,435)	(5.75)
Long-term loans	446,228	0.74	305,361	0.52	140,867	46.13
Long-term secured loans	3,550,957	5.86	4,029,817	6.91	(478,860)	(11.88)
Total outstanding loan balance in TWD	60,629,001	100.00	58,354,145	100.00	2,274,856	3.90

# (3) Corporate foreign currency loans

Unit: US\$1,000 End of December 2015 End of December 2014 Difference Category **Growth rate (%)** Amount Amount Amount Total outstanding loan balance in 308,331 297,589 10,742 3.61 foreign currency

# 3.Wealth management and trust services

					Unit. thousa	
	20	15	20	14	Difference	
Primary businesses	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Growth rate (%)
Special monetary trust in domestic and offshore securities	132,675	21.70	149,004	26.00	(16,329)	(10.96)
Real-estate trust (development and management)	51,499	8.43	77,192	13.47	(25,693)	(33.28)
Other trusts	16,550	2.71	27,484	4.80	(10,934)	(39.78)
Fee income subtotal	200,724	32.84	253,680	44.27	(52,956)	(20.88)
Insurance	410,519	67.16	319,370	55.73	91,149	28.54
Fee income grand total	611,243	100.00	573,050	100.00	38,193	6.66

#### Unit: thousand NTD

#### 4.Debt collection and management services

Overdue loan payment amounted to NT\$956,983,000 at the end of 2015, reflecting a reduction of NT\$191,880,000 compared with the NT\$1,148,863,000 in 2014. Regarding the undertaken collateral, the remaining balance for 2015 was NT\$660,630,000, which is NT\$7,080,000 less than the NT\$667,710,000 for 2014.

### **5.**Foreign currencies

				Unit: US\$1,000	
Catagowy	End of December 2015	End of December 2014	Difference		
Category	Amount	Amount	Amount	Growth rate (%)	
Imports	333,497	418,529	(85,032)	(20.32)	
Exports	170,061	175,017	(4,956)	(2.83)	
Outward remittance	1,417,456	1,418,608	(1,152)	(0.08)	
Inward remittance	1,829,888	1,649,997	179,891	(10.90)	
Total	3,750,902	3,662,151	88,751	2.42	
Foreign currency deposit balance	466,384	362,781	103,603	28.56	

#### 6.Primary business as a percentage of the Bank's total assets and its changes

Unit: t							
	End of Decen	1ber 2015	End of December 2014				
Primary businesses	Amount	As a percentage of total assets (%)	Amount	As a percentage of total assets (%)			
Total assets	209,966,912	100.00	204,465,339	100.00			
Loans and discounts	131,236,162	62.50	128,273,163	62.74			
Deposits at the CBC as well as loans to other banks	33,738,715	16.07	32,260,996	15.78			
Investments in bills, bonds, and securities	22,769,547	10.84	24,071,238	11.77			
Others	22,222,488	10.58	19,859,942	9.71			
Total liabilities	196,725,051	93.69	192,862,759	94.33			
Deposits and remittances	186,111,200	88.64	181,967,628	89.00			
Deposits from CBC and peer banks	1,320,036	0.63	1,650,763	0.81			
Financial bonds payable	4,700,000	2.24	5,420,000	2.65			
Others	4,593,815	2.18	3,824,368	1.87			

Note1 : Compiled in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) for consolidated statements.

Note 2 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

### 7.Various business revenue as a percentage of operating revenue and its changes

	20	15	2014	
Primary businesses	Amount	As a percentage of net income (%)	Amount	As a percentage of net income (%)
Net interest income	2,360,646	62.92	2,194,678	61.24
Net fee income	451,891	12.05	513,183	14.33
Financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit (loss)	279,557	7.45	55,116	1.54
Realized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets	80,750	2.15	80,740	2.25
Share of gain (loss) from subsidiaries recognized by equity method	-	-	-	-
Exchange gains	(100,013)	(2.67)	114,914	3.20
Reversal gains from asset impairments (losses)	(76)	-	(574)	(0.02)
Other non-interest income	678,854	18.10	649,210	17.47
Net income	3,751,609	100.00	3,607,267	100.00

Note1 : Compiled in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) for consolidated statements.

Note 2 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

# II Employees

	Year	2014	2015	Now until February 29, 2016
	Staff	1,394	1,395	1,398
Number of employees	Service personnel	25	31	31
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Total	1,419	1,426	1,429
A	Average age	40.15	39.70	39.74
Average	e years of services	9.70	10.09	10.20
	Higher education	7.75	8.49	8.54
Academic	Bachelors Degree	81.25	82.12	81.88
qualification	High school	10.71	9.19	9.38
	Below high school	0.28	0.21	0.21

# **Financial Report**

# $\mathbf{I} \mathrel{\scriptstyle{\searrow}} \mathbf{Five-year}$ simplified balance sheet and profit and loss statement

# (I)Comparative summary of balance sheet

# 1. Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

# (1) Consolidated

(1) Consolidated					Unit: the	ousand NTD
Year		Up to				
Item	2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents, deposits at CBC and interbank loans	38,297,240	37,210,318	36,880,549	40,772,472		40,532,939
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	3,057,697	4,679,723	557,936	714,318		2,912,611
Financial assets available for sale	12,728,369	14,711,668	8,900,515	6,671,543		12,831,067
Financial asset derivatives for	-	-	-	-		-
hedging purposes Investment in resale bills and bonds	6,233,031	3,926,169	199,781	1,299,002		4,246,656
Accounts receivables - net	3,808,133	1,556,966	1,527,932	904,964		4,395,984
Current income tax assets	34,148	76,510	101,259	68,604		73,686
Assets for sale - net	-	-	-	-		-
Loans and discounts - net	131,236,162	128,273,163	103,162,173	97,333,371		133,156,541
Held-to-maturity financial assets	750,450	753,678	707,940	713,084		749,919
Equity-accounted investments - net	-	-	-	-		-
Restricted assets	-	-	-	-	N/A	-
Other financial assets - net	55,537	65,537	62,537	62,547		55,537
Property and equipment - net	6,709,010	6,914,737	5,700,952	5,882,897		6,538,869
Investment property - net	2,315,100	2,231,343	1,837,972	2,130,803		2,259,807
Intangible assets - net	2,418,500	2,464,359	1,463,675	1,511,896		2,408,951
Deferred taxes assets - net	657,869	773,941	879,997	1,048,936		644,840
Other assets	1,665,666	827,227	846,039	1,075,737		2,168,951
Total assets	209,966,912	204,465,339	162,829,257	160,190,174		212,976,360
Deposits at the CBC and peer banks	1,320,036	1,650,763	1,118,851	1,112,671		1,521,034
Loans from CBC and peer banks	438,000	-	-	-		-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	431,388	962	11,997	6,863		435,102
Financial liability derivatives for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-		-
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-		-
Payables	3,234,613	3,145,610	2,000,824	2,380,862	N/A	4,886,183
Current income tax liabilities	-	13,614	-	20,955		38,934

	Year		Financial da	ta over the last	five years		Up to
Item		2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
Liabilities directly sale assets	related to for-	-	-	-	-		-
Deposits and remi	ittances	186,111,200	181,967,628	146,574,270	145,304,922		186,971,203
Bonds payable		4,700,000	5,420,000	2,939,000	2,939,000		4,700,000
Special share liab	ilities	-	-	-	-		-
Other financial lia	bilities	-	-	13,928	18,810		508,000
Liability provision	ns	180,049	186,989	178,245	169,295		174,847
Deferred income	tax liabilities	111,197	111,197	35,037	119,948		111,196
Other liabilities		198,568	365,996	140,416	123,979		205,865
Total liabilities	Before distribution	196,725,051	192,862,759	153,012,568	152,197,305		199,552,364
Total habilities	After distribution	(Note 1)	192,862,759	153,169,021	152,197,305		(Note 1)
Equity attributable company shareho		13,241,861	11,602,580	9,816,689	7,992,869		13,423,996
Share capital	Before distribution	12,211,753	11,057,900	9,557,900	9,557,900		12,211,753
	After distribution	(Note 1)	11,411,753	9,557,900	9,557,900		(Note 1)
Capital reserve		-	-	-	-		-
Retained	Before distribution	901,970	514,611	264,267	(1,621,620)		1,002,286
earnings	After distribution	(Note 1)	160,758	107,814	(1,621,620)		(Note 1)
Other equity		128,138	30,069	(5,478)	56,589		209,958
Treasury stock		-	-	-	-		-
Non-controlling s	hareholders	-	-	-	-		-
Total equity	Before distribution	13,241,861	11,602,580	9,816,689	7,992,869		13,423,996
rour equity	After distribution	(Note 1)	11,602,580	9,660,236	7,992,869		(Note 1)

Note 1: The aforementioned data obtained after distribution are based on the resolution of the annual shareholders' meeting. Earnings distribution for 2015 has not yet been approved by the shareholders' meeting.

Note 2: The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note 3: According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

# (2) Individual

Unit: thousand NTD

					Unit. the	busand NTD
Year		Financial da	ita over the last	five years		Up to February 29,
Item	2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	2016
Cash and cash equivalents, deposits at CBC and interbank loans	38,280,130	37,187,724	36,877,989	40,769,917		40,467,391
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	3,057,697	4,679,723	557,936	714,318		2,912,611
Financial assets available for sale	12,728,369	14,711,668	8,900,515	6,671,543		12,831,067
Financial asset derivatives for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-		-
Investment in resale bills and bonds	6,233,031	3,926,169	199,781	1,299,002		4,246,656
Accounts receivables - net	3,227,327	1,501,115	1,419,362	1,017,320		3,601,204
Current income tax assets	29,554	69,614	94,365	68,579		66,912
Assets for sale - net	-	-	-	-		-
Loans and discounts - net	131,236,162	128,273,163	103,162,173	97,333,371		133,156,542
Held-to-maturity financial assets	750,450	753,678	707,940	713,084		749,919
Equity-accounted investments - net	525,747	555,412	259,808	178,446		536,994
Restricted assets	-	-	-	-		-
Other financial assets - net	55,537	65,537	62,537	62,547		55,537
Property and equipment - net	6,705,851	6,911,428	5,700,779	5,882,670		6,535,408
Investment property - net	2,315,100	2,215,464	1,821,843	2,048,406	N/A	2,259,807
Intangible assets - net	2,418,500	2,464,359	1,463,675	1,511,801		2,408,951
Deferred taxes assets - net	657,869	773,941	879,997	1,048,936		644,840
Other assets	1,443,182	792,111	813,192	988,899		2,141,643
Total assets	209,664,506	204,881,106	162,921,892	160,308,839		212,615,482
Deposits at the CBC and peer banks	1,320,036	1,650,763	1,118,851	1,112,671		1,521,034
Loans from CBC and peer banks	-	-	-	-		-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	431,388	962	11,997	6,863		435,102
Financial liability derivatives for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-		-
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-		-
Payables	3,209,409	3,137,455	1,988,282	2,372,007		4,864,038
Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-		32,420
Liabilities directly related to for- sale assets	-	-	-	-		-
Deposits and remittances	186,277,381	182,411,479	146,684,018	145,493,410		187,152,558
Bonds payable	4,700,000	5,420,000	2,939,000	2,939,000		4,700,000
Special share liabilities	-	-	-	-	N/A	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	13,928	18,810		-

	Year		Financial da	nta over the last	five years		Up to
Item		2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
Liability provision	IS	180,049	186,989	178,245	169,295		174,847
Deferred income ta	ax liabilities	111,197	111,197	35,037	119,948		111,196
Other liabilities		193,185	359,681	135,845	83,966		200,798
Total liabilities	Before distribution	196,422,645	193,278,526	153,105,203	152,315,970		199,191,993
1 otar natimues	After distribution	(Note 1)	193,278,526	153,261,656	152,315,970		(Note 1)
Equity attributable company sharehol		13,241,861	11,602,580	9,816,689	7,992,869		13,423,489
Share capital	Before distribution	12,211,753	11,057,900	9,557,900	9,557,900		12,211,753
Share capitar	After distribution	(Note 1)	11,411,753	9,557,900	9,557,900		(Note 1)
Capital reserves	;	-	-	-	-		-
Retained	Before distribution	901,970	514,611	264,267	(1,621,620)		1,001,779
earnings	After distribution	(Note 1)	160,758	107,814	(1,621,620)		(Note 1)
Other equity		128,138	30,069	(5,478)	56,589		209,957
Treasury stock		-	-	-	-		-
Non-controlling sh	nareholders	-	-	-	-		-
Total equity	Before distribution	13,241,861	11,602,580	9,816,689	7,992,869		13,423,489
rotur equity	After distribution	(Note 1)	11,602,580	9,660,236	7,992,869		(Note 1)

Note1: The aforementioned data obtained after distribution are based on the resolution of the annual shareholders' meeting. Earnings distribution for 2015 has not yet been approved by the shareholders' meeting.

Note2: The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note3: According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

# 2. Adoption of Taiwan's Financial Accounting Standards

			usand NTD				
	Year		Financial dat	a over the las	st five years		Up to February 29,
Item		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2016
CBC and interban						37,201,661	
Financial assets profit or loss	at fair value through					1,009,623	
Investment in resa	ale bills and bonds					-	
Financial assets a	vailable for sale					4,225,302	
Loans and discour	nts					102,164,399	
Receivables						1,405,561	
Held-to-maturity	financial assets					718,181	
Equity-accounted	investments					128,582	
Fixed assets						7,971,193	
Intangible assets						1,543,924	
Other financial as	sets					348,893	
Other assets						2,274,242	
Total assets						158,991,561	
Deposits at the CI	BC and peer banks					1,315,248	
Deposits and remi	ittances					142,643,324	
Financial liabilition profit or loss	es at fair value through					22,647	
agreements	sold under repurchase	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A
payables	nk loans, financial bond	14/14	1 1/ / 1	14/14	14/14	4,339,000	1 1/ 2 1
	cost representing the ty recognized in the					96,899	
Other liabilities						2,706,253	
	Before distribution					151,123,371	
Total liabilities	After distribution (Note 1)					151,123,371	
~	Before distribution					9,557,900	
Share capital	After distribution (Note 1)					9,557,900	
Capital reserves						-	
D.4. in . 1 in	Before distribution					(1,760,820)	
Retained earnings	After distribution (Note 1)					(1,760,820)	
Unrealized gain instruments	or loss on financial					8,801	
Cumulative transl	ation adjustments					-	
Other shareholder	rs' equity					62,309	
Total	Before distribution					7,868,190	
stockholders' equity	After distribution (Note 1)					7,868,190	

Note 1 : The aforementioned data obtained after distribution are based on the resolution of the annual shareholders' meeting.

Note 2: The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

### (II) Comparative summary of income statement

# 1. Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

### (1) Consolidated

					Unit: thou	usand NTD
Year		Financial da	ta over the las	t five years		Up to
Item	2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
Interest income	3,994,187	3,669,634	3,139,337	3,132,713		639,707
Less: Interest expenses	1,633,541	1,474,956	1,268,884	1,259,783		260,796
Net interest income	2,360,646	2,194,678	1,870,453	1,872,930		378,911
Non-interest net income	1,390,963	1,412,589	2,161,240	767,803		210,962
Net operating income	3,751,609	3,607,267	4,031,693	2,640,733		589,873
Bad loan expenses and provisions for guarantee liabilities	231,758	565,891	84,606	307,766		7,453
Operating expenses	2,640,444	2,362,826	1,967,157	2,048,578		455,407
Pre-tax profit from continuing operations	879,407	678,550	1,979,930	284,389		127,013
Income tax gains (expenses)	(143,963)	(182,346)	(94,043)	(137,798)		(22,603)
Current profit from continuing operations	735,444	496,204	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Profit and loss from discontinuing operations	-	-	-	_	N/A	-
Net profit (loss) for the current period	735,444	496,204	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Other comprehensive income/losses for the current period (net, after-tax)	103,837	23,051	(62,067)	47,788		81,820
Total comprehensive income for the current period	839,281	519,255	1,823,820	194,379		186,230
Net profit attributable to parent company shareholders	735,444	492,493	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Net profit attributable to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-		-
Total comprehensive income attributable to parent company shareholders	839,281	519,255	1,823,820	194,379		186,230
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-		_
Earnings (loss) per share	0.64	0.46	1.97	0.15		0.09

Note 1 : The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note 2: : Earnings (loss) per share are based on the weighted average number of shares.

Note 3 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

### (2) Individual

(2) multitudi					Unit: tho	usand NTD
Year		Financial dat	a over the last	five years		Up to
Item	2015	2014 (Note 3)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
Interest income	3,994,132	3,673,403	3,156,900	3,155,884		634,212
Less: Interest expenses	1,630,957	1,475,190	1,269,061	1,260,015		259,841
Net interest income	2,363,175	2,198,213	1,887,839	1,895,869		374,371
Non-interest net income	1,321,052	858,534	2,055,011	662,981		198,855
Net operating income	3,684,227	3,056,747	3,942,850	2,558,850		573,226
Bad loan expenses and provisions for guarantee liabilities	224,126	69,460	47,606	307,766		3,390
Operating expenses	2,583,198	2,326,197	1,922,990	1,995,774		445,525
Pre-tax profit from continuing operations	876,903	661,090	1,972,254	255,310		124,310
Income tax gains (expenses)	(141,459)	(164,886)	(86,367)	(108,719)		(19,900)
Current profit from continuing operations	735,444	496,204	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Profit and loss from discontinuing operations	-	-	-	-	N/A	-
Net profit (loss) for the current period	735,444	496,204	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Other comprehensive income/losses for the current period (net, after-tax)	103,837	23,051	(62,067)	47,788		81,820
Total comprehensive income for the current period	839,281	519,255	1,823,820	194,379		186,230
Net profit attributable to parent company shareholders	735,444	496,204	1,885,887	146,591		104,410
Net profit attributable to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-		-
Total comprehensive income attributable to parent company shareholders	839,281	519,255	1,823,820	194,379		186,230
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling shareholders	-	_	-	-		-
Earnings (loss) per share	0.64	0.46	1.97	0.15		0.09

Note 1 : The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note 2 : Earnings (loss) per share are based on the weighted average number of shares.

Note 3 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

# 2. Adoption of Taiwan's Financial Accounting Standards

				em	n. mousand in i	
Year		Up to February 29,				
Item	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2016
Net interest income					1,903,951	
Non-interest net revenue					456,504	
Bad debt expense					1,404,338	
Operating expenses					1,955,795	
re-tax profit or loss of continuing perations					(999,678)	
After-tax profit or loss of continuing operations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(833,950)	N/A
Profit or loss of discontinuing operations (net, after-tax)					-	
Extraordinary gain or loss (net, after- tax)					-	
Accumulated effects of accounting changes (net, after-tax)					-	
Profit or loss for the current period					(833,950)	
Earnings (loss) per share					(0.94)	

Note 1 : The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note 2 : Earnings (loss) per share are based on the weighted average number of shares.

#### Unit: thousand NTD

### II 、 Five-year financial analysis

### (I)Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

# 1.Consolidated

						Unit: thous	and NTD
	Year	Fi	nancial analy	sis for the la	ist five years	;	Up to
Item		2015	2014 (Note 10)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
	Loans to deposit ratio (%)	71	71	71	68		
	Overdue loan ratio (%)	0.72	0.88	1.20	1.21		
On anotion al	Interest expense as a percentage of annual average deposit balance (%)	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.81		
Operational Efficiency	Interest income as a percentage of annual average loan balance (%)	2.64	2.66	2.69	2.65		
	Asset turnover rate (times)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02		
	Operating revenue per employee	2,629	2,542	3,565	2,242		
	Profit per employee	515	350	1,667	124		
Profitability	Tier 1 capital return ratio (%)	9	8	26	4		
	Return on assets (%)	0.35	0.27	1.17	0.09		
	Return on equity (%)	5.92	4.63	21.18	1.86		
	Net profit margin (%)	19.60	13.76	46.78	5.55		
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	0.64	0.45	1.97	0.15		
Financial	Liabilities to total assets (%)	94	94	94	95	N/A	N/A
structure	Real estate and equipment as a percentage of total equity (%)	51	60	58	74	IN/A	IN/A
Growth rate	Asset growth rate (%)	3	26	2	1		
Olowin late	Profit growth rate (%)	30	(66)	596	129		
	Operating cash flow ratio (%)	157	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	232		
Cash Flows	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	60	244		
	Cash flow satisfied ratio (%)	665	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	(Note 9)		
Liquid reserve i	ratio (%)	26	27	25	25		
Total secured c	redit balance of stakeholders	3,261,177	2,436,941	1,701,311	1,519,923		
	redit balance of stakeholders as a btal credit balance (%)	2.39	1.82	1.59	1.50		
	Asset market share (%)	0.36	0.37	0.32	0.34		
Operating scale	Equity market share (%)	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.28		
operating scale	Deposit market share (%)	0.48	0.50	0.43	0.44		
	Loan market share (%)	0.55	0.55	0.47	0.46		

The causes of changes in each financial ratio for the preceding two fiscal years (except when the change is less than 20%)

1. Increase in profit per employee, Tier 1 capital return ratio, return on asset, return on equity, net margin, earning per share, and profit growth: Mainly due to recognizing less bad debt expenses in 2015 compared with 2014.

2.Decrease in property and equipment as a percentage of total equity, asset growth, and profit growth: Mainly due to a reduction in gain on disposal of property and equipment in 2015.

3. Increase in operating cash flow ratio and cash flow adequacy ratio: Mainly due to increase cash inflow from operating activities in 2015.

4. Increase in stakeholders' total secured credit balance and stakeholders' total secured credit balance as a percentage of total credit balance: Mainly due to the actual loans made by stakeholders in 2015.

Note 1: The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

Note 2 : Calculation formulas used are as follows:

- 1. Operational Efficiency
  - (1) Loans to deposit ratio = Total loans / Total deposits
  - (2) Overdue loan ratio = Total overdue loans / Total loans
  - (3) Interest expenses to average deposit balances = Total deposit balance interest expenses / Annual average deposit balances.
  - (4) Interest Income to average loan balances = Total credit interest income / Annual average loan balances.
  - (5) Total assets turnover rate = Net income / Average total assets
  - (6) Operating revenue per employee (Note 6) = Net income / Total number of employees
  - (7) Profit per employee = Net income / Total number of employees

#### 2. Profitability

- (1)Tier 1 capital return ratio = Income before tax / Average net Tier 1 capital
- (2)Return on assets = Net income / Average total assets
- (3)Return on equity = Net income / Average total shareholder equity
- (4)Net profit margin = Net income / Net revenue
- (5)Earnings per share = (Profit or loss attributable to parent company shareholders special stock dividends)/ Weighted average outstanding shares (Note 4)
- 3. Financial structure
  - (1) Liabilities to total assets = Total liabilities / Total assets
- (2) Property and equipment to equity ratio = net value of property and equipment / net equity value.
- 4. Growth rate
  - (1) Asset growth rate = (Current total asset Last year's total asset) / Last year's total asset
  - (2) Profit growth rate = (Current total earnings Last year's total earnings) / Last year's total earnings
- 5. Cash flow (Note 8)
  - (1)Cash flow ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / (Due to borrow or draw from overdraft limits by banks and peer banks + commercial bills payable + financial liabilities at fair value through income statement + bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements + accounts payable in 1 year)
  - (2)Net cash flow adequacy ratio = 5-year net cash flow from operations / (5-year capital expenditures + 5-year cash dividends)
  - (3)Cash flow satisfied ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Cash flows from investing activities
- 6. Liquidity Reserve Ratio = Current assets required by the CBC / Liabilities for which the various current reserve shall be provided
- 7. Operating scale
  - (1)Asset market share = Total assets / Total assets of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business (Note 5)
  - (2)Equity market share = Total equities / Total net equities of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
  - (3)Deposit market share = Total deposits / Total deposits of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
- (4)Loan market share = Total loans / Total loans of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business Note 3 : Total liabilities are net of reserves for losses on guarantees and accidental loss.
- Note 4 : When the above formula for calculation of earnings per share is used during measurement, attention should be paid to the following matters :
  - 1. Measurement should be based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares, not the number of issued shares at year end.
  - 2. Where there is a cash capital increase or treasury stock transaction, the period of time in circulation shall be considered in calculating the weighted average number of shares.
  - 3. In the case of capital increase by earnings or capital reserves, the calculation of earnings per share for the past fiscal year and the fiscal half-year shall be retrospectively adjusted based on the capital increase ratio, without the need to consider the issuance period for the capital increase.
  - 4. If the preferred shares are non-convertible cumulative preferred shares, the dividend of the current year (whether issued or not) shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax, or added to the net loss after tax.
  - 5. In the case of non-cumulative preferred shares, if there is net profit after tax, dividend on preferred shares shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax; if there is loss, and then no adjustment is required.
- Note 5 : Financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business include banks in Taiwan, Chinese branch banks in Taiwan, foreign branch banks in Taiwan, credit cooperatives, and agriculture or fishery associations.
- Note 6 : Operating revenue refers to the sum of interest income and non-interest income.

Note 7: Attention should be paid to the following matters when carrying out cash flow analysis:

- 1. Net cash flow from operating activities means net cash in-flow amounts from operating activities listed in the statement of cash flows.
- 2. Capital expenditures means the amounts of cash out-flows for annual capital investment.
- 3. Cash dividend includes cash dividends from both ordinary shares and preferred shares.
- 4. Gross property and equipment value means the total value of property and equipment prior to the subtraction of accumulated depreciation.

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- Note 8 : Cash flow from operating activities is a net outflow and is therefore not expressed.
- Note 9: Cash flow from investment activities is a net inflow and is therefore not expressed.
- Note 10 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

# 2. Individual

Unit: thousand NTD

	Year	F	inancial analy	ysis for the la	nst five years		Up to
Item		2015	2014 (Note 10)	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
	Loans to deposit ratio (%)	71	71	71	68		
	Overdue loan ratio (%)	0.72	0.88	1.20	1.21		
	Interest expense as a percentage of annual average deposit balance (%)	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.81		
Operational Efficiency	Interest income as a percentage of annual average loan balance (%)	2.64	2.66	2.69	2.65		
	Asset turnover rate (times)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02		
	Operating revenue per employee	2,582	2,154	3,486	2,172		
	Profit per employee	515	350	1,667	124		
	Tier 1 capital return ratio (%)	10	8	26	4		
	Return on assets (%)	0.35	0.27	1.17	0.09		N/A
Profitability	Return on equity (%)	5.92	4.63	21.18	1.86		
	Net profit margin (%)	19.96	16.23	47.83	5.73		
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	0.64	0.45	1.97	0.15		
Financial	Liabilities to total assets (%)	94	94	94	95		
structure	Real estate and equipment as a percentage of total equity (%)	51	60	58	74	IN/A	IN/A
Growth rate	Asset growth rate (%)	2	26	2	1		
Glowin late	Profit growth rate (%)	33	(66)	672	126		
	Operating cash flow ratio (%)	166	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	236		
Cash Flows	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	116	259		
	Cash flow satisfied ratio (%)	866	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	(Note 9)		
Liquidity Reser	ve Ratio (%)	26	27	25	25		
Total secured credit balance of stakeholders		3,261,177	2,436,941	1,701,311	1,519,923		
Total secured credit balance of stakeholders as a percentage of total credit balance (%)		2.39	1.82	1.59	1.50		
	Asset market share (%)	0.36	0.37	0.32	0.34		
Operating scale	Equity market share (%)	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.28		
operating scale	Deposit market share (%)	0.48	0.50	0.43	0.45		
	Loan market share (%)	0.55	0.55	0.47	0.46		

The causes of changes in each financial ratio for the preceding two fiscal years (except when the change is less than 20%)

1.Increase in profit per employee, Tier 1 capital return ratio, return on asset, return on equity, net margin, earning per share, and profit growth: Mainly due to an increase in the profits of equity-accounted affiliated companies in 2015 and an increase in the recognized bad debt expenses compared with those in 2014.

2.Decrease in property and equipment as a percentage of total equity, asset growth, and profit growth: Mainly due to a reduction in gain on disposal of property and equipment in 2015.

3.Increase in operating cash flow ratio and cash flow adequacy ratio: Mainly due to increase cash inflow from operating activities in 2015.

4.Increase in stakeholders' total secured credit balance and stakeholders' total secured credit balance as a percentage of total credit balance: Mainly due to the actual loans made by stakeholders in 2015.

#### Note 1 : The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

- Note 2 : Calculation formulas used are as follows:
  - 1. Operational Efficiency
    - (1) Loans to deposit ratio = Total loans / Total deposits
    - (2) Overdue loan ratio = Total overdue loans / Total loans
    - (3) Interest expenses to average deposit balances = Total deposit balance interest expenses / Annual average deposit balances.
    - (4) Interest Income to average loan balances = Total credit interest income / Annual average loan balances.
    - (5) Total asset turnover rate = Net income / Average total assets
    - (6) Operating revenue per employee (Note 6) = Net income / Total number of employees
    - (7) Profit per employee = Net income / Total number of employees
  - 2. Profitability
    - (1) Tier 1 capital return ratio = Income before tax / Average net Tier 1 capital
    - (2) Return on assets = Net income / Average total assets
    - (3) Return on equity = Net income / Average total shareholder equity
    - (4) Net profit margin = Net income / Net revenue
    - (5) Earnings per share = (Profit or loss attributable to parent company shareholders special stock dividends)/ Weighted average outstanding shares (Note 4)
  - 3. Financial structure
    - (1) Liabilities to total assets = Total liabilities / Total assets
    - (2) Property and equipment to equity ratio = net value of property and equipment / net equity value.
    - 4. Growth rate
      - (1) Asset growth rate = (Current total asset Last year's total asset) / Last year's total asset
      - (2) Profit growth rate = (Current total earnings Last year's total earnings) / Last year's total earnings
    - 5. Cash flow (Note 8)
      - (1) Cash flow ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / (Due to borrow or draw from overdraft limits by banks and peer banks + commercial bills payable + financial liabilities at fair value through income statement + bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements + accounts payable in 1 year)
      - (2)Net cash flow adequacy ratio = 5-year net cash flow from operations / (5-year capital expenditures + 5-year cash dividends)
      - (3)Cash flow satisfied ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Cash flows from investing activities
  - 6. Liquidity Reserve Ratio = Current assets required by the CBC / Liabilities for which the various current reserve shall be provided
  - 7. Operating scale
    - (5) Asset market share = Total assets / Total assets of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business (Note 5)
    - (6) Equity market share = Total equities / Total net equities of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
    - (7) Deposit market share = Total deposits / Total deposits of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
    - (8) Loan market share = Total loans / Total loans of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
- Note 3 : Total liabilities are net of reserves for losses on guarantees and accidental loss.
- Note 4 : When the above formula for calculation of earnings per share is used during measurement, attention should be paid to the following matters:
  - 1. Measurement should be based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares, not the number of issued shares at year end.
  - 2 .Where there is a cash capital increase or treasury stock transaction, the period of time in circulation shall be considered in calculating the weighted average number of shares.
  - 3. In the case of capital increase by earnings or capital reserves, the calculation of earnings per share for the past fiscal year and the fiscal half-year shall be retrospectively adjusted based on the capital increase ratio, without the need to consider the issuance period for the capital increase.
  - 4. If the preferred shares are non-convertible cumulative preferred shares, the dividend of the current year (whether issued or not) shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax, or added to the net loss after tax.
  - 5. In the case of non-cumulative preferred shares, if there is net profit after tax, dividend on preferred shares shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax; if there is loss, and then no adjustment is required.
- Note 5 : Financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business include banks in Taiwan, Chinese branch banks in Taiwan, foreign branch banks in Taiwan, credit cooperatives, and agriculture or fishery associations.
- Note 6 : Operating revenue refers to the sum of interest income and non-interest income.

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- Note 7: Attention should be paid to the following matters when carrying out cash flow analysis:
  - 1. Net cash flow from operating activities means net cash in-flow amounts from operating activities listed in the statement of cash flows.
  - 2. Capital expenditures means the amounts of cash out-flows for annual capital investment.
  - 3. Cash dividend includes cash dividends from both ordinary shares and preferred shares.
  - 4. Gross property and equipment value means the total value of property and equipment prior to the subtraction of accumulated depreciation.
- Note 8 : Cash flow from operating activities is a net outflow and is therefore not expressed.
- Note 9 : Cash flow from investment activities is a net inflow and is therefore not expressed.
- Note 10 : According to Jing-Guan-Ying-Fa No. 10200070270 issued by the FSC on 2013.05.15, the Bank recognized the sale of Floors 1 and 2 of No. 330, Zhongzheng Road, Banqiao District, New Taipei City, as profit due to changes in the leaseback period. This recognition was considered an accounting error and was rectified; therefore, the profit and loss for 2014 were adjusted.

### (II)Adoption of Taiwan's Financial Accounting Standards

	Year	F	inancial ana	alysis for the	last five yea	irs	Up to
Item	Tear	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
	Loans to deposit ratio (%)					73	
	Overdue loan ratio (%)					1.16	
Operational Efficiency	Interest expense as a percentage of annual average deposit balance (%) Interest income as a percentage of annual average loan balance (%)					0.79 2.66	
	Asset turnover rate (times)					0.01	
	Operating revenue per employee					1,924	
	Profit per employee					(680)	
	Tier 1 capital return ratio (%)					(14)	
Profitability	Return on assets (%)					(0.53)	
	Rate of return on shareholders' equity (%)					(10.13)	
	Net profit margin (%)					(35.33)	
	Earnings per share (NT\$)					(0.94)	
Financial	Liabilities to total assets (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	95	N/A
structure	Fixed asset to shareholders' equity ratio (%)	11/21	11/14	11/11	11/21	101	11/24
Growth rate	Asset growth rate (%)					2	
Glowin late	Profit growth rate (%)					(417)	
	Operating cash flow ratio (%)					46	
Cash Flows	Net cash flow adequacy ratio (%)					104	
	Cash flow satisfied ratio (%)					(Note 9)	
Liquid reserv	e ratio (%)					22	
Total secured	credit balance of stakeholders					1,754,535	
	l credit balance of stakeholders as a f total credit balance (%)					1.65	
	Asset market share (%)					0.35	
Operating	Equity market share (%)					0.30	
scale	Deposit market share (%)					0.45	
	Loan market share (%)					0.50	

N/A

#### Note 1: The above mentioned financial report has been audited by CPA.

- Note 2 : Calculation formulas used are as follows :
  - 1. Operational Efficiency
    - (1)Loans to deposit ratio = Total loans / Total deposits
    - (2)Overdue loan ratio = Total overdue loans / Total loans
    - (3)Interest expenses to average deposit balances = Total interest expenses / Annual average deposit balances.
    - (4)Interest Income to average loan balances = Total interest income / Annual average loan balances.
    - (5)Total assets turnover ratio = Net revenue / Total assets
    - (6)Operating revenue per employee (Note 7) = Net income / Total number of employees
    - (7)Profit per employee = Net income / Total number of employees
    - 2. Profitability
      - (1)Return on Tier 1 capital= Income before tax / Average total Tier 1 capital
      - (2)Return on assets = Net income / Average total assets
      - (3)Return on equity = Net income / Net average shareholders' equity
      - (4)Net profit margin = Net income / Net revenue
      - (5)Earnings per share = (Net income preferred share dividends) / Weighted-average number of outstanding shares (Note 5)
    - 3. Financial structure
      - (1)Liabilities to assets = Total liabilities / Total assets
      - (2)Fixed asset to net value = Net fixed asset value / Net shareholders' equity value
    - 4. Growth rate
      - (1)Asset growth rate = (Current total asset Last year's total asset) / Last year's total asset
    - (2)Profit growth rate = (Current total earnings Last year's total earnings) / Last year's total earnings ( Cash flow (Note 8)
    - 5. Cash flow (Note 8)
      - (1)Cash flow ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / (Due to borrow or draw from overdraft limits by banks and peer banks + commercial bills payable + financial liabilities at fair value recognized as profit and loss + bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements + accounts payable in 1 year)
      - (2)Net cash flow adequacy ratio = 5-year net cash flow from operations / (5-year capital expenditures + 5-year cash dividends)
      - (3)Cash flow satisfied ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Cash flows from investing activities
    - 6. Liquidity Reserve Ratio = Current assets required by the CBC / Liabilities for which the various current reserve shall be provided
    - 7. Operating scale
      - (1)Asset market share = Total assets / Total assets of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business (Note 6).
      - (2)Equity market share = Total equities / Total net equities of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
      - (3)Deposit market share = Total deposits / Total deposits of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
      - (4)Loan market share = Total loans / Total loans of financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business
- Note 3 : Total liabilities are net of reserves for losses on guarantees, losses on security trades, losses on breach of contracts, and accidental loss.
- Note 4 : When the above formula for calculation of earnings per share is used during measurement, attention should be paid to the following matters :
  - 1. Measurement should be based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares, not the number of issued shares at year end.
  - 2. Where there is a cash capital increase or treasury stock transaction, the period of time in circulation shall be considered in calculating the weighted average number of shares.
  - 3. In the case of capital increase by earnings or capital reserves, the calculation of earnings per share for the past fiscal year and the fiscal half-year shall be retrospectively adjusted based on the capital increase ratio, without the need to consider the issuance period for the capital increase.
  - 4. If the preferred shares are non-convertible cumulative preferred shares, the dividend of the current year (whether issued or not) shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax, or added to the net loss after tax.
  - 5. In the case of non-cumulative preferred shares, if there is net profit after tax, dividend on preferred shares shall be subtracted from the net profit after tax; if there is loss, and then no adjustment is required.
- Note 5 : Financial institutes which can operate deposits and loans business include banks in Taiwan, foreign branch banks in Taiwan, credit cooperatives, agriculture or fishery associations, and trust investment companies.
- Note 6 : Operating revenue refers to the sum of interest income and non-interest income.
- Note 7: Attention should be paid to the following matters when carrying out cash flow analysis:
  - 1. Net cash flow from operating activities means net cash in-flow amounts from operating activities listed in the statement of cash flows.
  - 2. Capital expenditures means the amounts of cash out-flows for annual capital investment.

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3. Cash dividend includes cash dividends from both ordinary shares and preferred shares. Note 8 : Cash flow from operating activities is a net outflow and is therefore not expressed. Note 9 : Cash flow from investment activities is a net inflow and is therefore not expressed.

#### III . Five-year capital adequacy analysis

#### (I)Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

### 1.Individual

							Unit: thous	and NTD
		Year		Five-Year	Capital Adequ	acy Ratio		Up to February 29,
Iter	n		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2016
R	Ordinary sha	are equity	9,762,200	8,314,491	7,905,757			
Regulatory Capita	Other non-ordinary share Tier 1 capital		-	-	-			
ory C	Tier 2 capita	al	3,374,976	3,978,510	1,191,685			
apital	Regulatory	Capital	13,137,176	12,293,001	9,097,442			
		Standardized approach	126,324,158	122,323,791	95,173,479			N/A
	Credit risk	Internal rating approach	-	-	-		J/A N/A	
To		Asset securitisation	-	-	-			
tal we		Basic indicator approach	5,504,663	5,386,188	4,381,675	N/A		
Total weighted risk asset	Operational risk	Standardized approach/optional standardized approach	-	-	-			
sk as		Advanced approach	-	-	-			
set	Market	Standardized approach	2,620,013	3,218,538	2,082,288			
	Risk	Internal modeling approach	-	-	-			
	Total weigh	ted risk asset	134,448,834	130,928,517	101,637,442			
Capi	Capital adequacy ratio (%) Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk ssets (%)		9.77	9.39	8.95			
asset			7.26	6.35	7.78			
	Ordinary share equity as a percentage of sk assets (%)		7.26	6.35	7.78			
Leve	erage ratio (%	ó)	4.50	3.16	4.33			

Reason of change to capital adequacy ratio for the past two periods: Change is less than 20% and is therefore not analyzed.

Note 1 : The aforementioned calculations were audited by the CPAs.

Note 2 : The regulatory capital, weighted risk asset, and exposure measurement were calculated in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks and Methods for Calculating Bank's Regulatory Capital and Risk Weighted Assets.

Note 3 : Calculation formulas used are as follows:

- 1. Regulatory capital = Ordinary share equity + other non-ordinary share equity Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital
- 2. Total weighted risk assets = Credit risk weighted risk assets + capital for (Operational risks + Market risks) ×12.5
- 3. Capital adequacy ratio = Equity capital/Total weighted risk assets
- 4. Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets = (Ordinary share equity + other non-ordinary share equity Tier 1 capital) / Total weighted risk assets
- 5. Ordinary share equity as a percentage of risk assets = Ordinary share equity / Total weighted risk assets
- 6. Leverage ratio = Net Tier 1 capital value / total exposure value.

# 2.Consolidated

	2,00						Unit: thousa	and NTD
		Year		Five-Year	Capital Adequ	acy Ratio		Up to February 29,
Item	L		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2016
Reg	Ordinary s	hare equity	10,025,073	8,592,198	8,035,661			
Regulatory Capita	Other non-ordinary share Tier 1 capital		-	-	-			
/ Caj	Tier 2 capi	tal	3,637,850	4,256,216	1,321,589			
oital	Regulatory	capital	13,662,923	12,848,414	9,357,250			
		Standardized approach	127,133,421	122,438,320	95,331,678			N/A
		Internal rating approach	-	-	-		N/A	
Т		Asset securitisation	-	-	-			
otal	Operating	Basic indicator approach	5,845,263	5,428,538	4,381,675	N/A		
Total weighted risk asset		Standardized approach/optional standardized approach	-	-	-			
risk		Advanced approach	-	-	-			
asset	Market	Standardized approach	2,620,013	3,218,538	2,082,288			
	Risk	Internal modeling approach	-	-	-			
	Total weig	hted risk asset	135,598,697	131,085,396	101,795,641			
Capi	tal adequac	y ratio (%)	10.08	9.80	9.19			
asset	Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk assets (%)		7.39	6.55	7.89			
	Ordinary share equity as a percentage of isk assets (%)		7.39	6.55	7.89			
Leve	erage ratio (	%)	4.61	3.25	4.40			

Reason of change to capital adequacy ratio for the past two periods: Change is less than 20% and is therefore not analyzed.

Note 1: The aforementioned calculations were audited by the CPAs.

Note 2 : The regulatory capital, weighted risk asset, and exposure measurement were calculated in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks and Methods for Calculating Bank's Regulatory Capital and Risk Weighted Assets.

Note 3 : Calculation formulas used are as follows:

- 1. Regulatory capital = Ordinary share equity + other non-ordinary share equity Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital
- 2. Total weighted risk assets = Credit risk weighted risk assets + capital for (Operating risks + Market risks) ×12.5
- 3. Capital adequacy ratio = Regulatory capital/Total weighted risk assets
- 4. Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets = (Ordinary share equity + other non-ordinary share equity Tier 1 capital) / Total weighted risk assets
- 5. Ordinary share equity as a percentage of risk assets = Ordinary share equity / Total weighted risk assets
- 6. Leverage ratio = Net Tier 1 capital value / total exposure value.

# (II)Adoption of Taiwan's Financial Accounting Standards

# 1.Individual

		Asset securitisation
	0	Basic indicator approach
	Operational risk	Standardized approach/optional standardized approach
	nal	Advanced approach
	Ma Ri	Standardized approach
	Market Risk	Internal modeling approach
Capi	tal ade	quacy ratio (%)
Tier	capita	l as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Tier 2	2 capita	l as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Tier 3	3 capita	l as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Ordir	ary sha	res as a percentage of total asset (%)

Note 1 : The aforementioned calculations were audited by the CPAs.

Note 2 : The regulatory capital and weighted risk asset were calculated in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks and Methods for Calculating Bank's Regulatory Capital and Risk Weighted Assets.

Note 3 : Calculation formulas used are as follows :

1.Equity capital = Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital + Tier 3 capital

2. Total weighted risk assets = Credit risk weighted risk assets + capital for (Operational risks + Market risks)  $\times$  12.5

3.Capital adequacy ratio = Regulatory capital/Total weighted risk assets

4. Tier 1 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 1 capital/Total weighted risk assets

5. Tier 2 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 2 capital/Total weighted risk assets 6. Tier 3 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 3 capital/Total weighted risk assets

7. Ordinary shares as a percentage of total asset = Ordinary share equity / total assets

# 2. Consolidated

Unit: thousand NTD

	Year			Five-Year	Capital Adeq	uacy Ratio		Up to
Ite	em	Itai	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	February 29, 2016
		Ordinary shares Non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares Non-cumulative subordinate debt without maturity date				9,557,900 - -	9,557,900 - -	
		Capital collected in advance Capital reserves (except the value appreciation of fixed assets)				-	-	
	ſier	Legal reserve				-	-	
	Tier 1 capital	Special reserve				5	5	
	ıpita	Accumulated earnings				-	-	
	<u> </u>	Minority interests				-	-	
		Other shareholders' equity		N/A	N/A	(54,797)	(54,763)	
		Less: Goodwill				1,316,159	1,316,159	
		Less: Unamortized loss on sale of bad credit				-	-	
		Less: Capital deduct item				872,687	923,765	
		Total Tier 1 capital				7,314,262	7,263,218	
R		Perpetual cumulative preferred shares				-	-	
Regulatory Capital		Cumulative subordinate debt without maturity date	N/A			-	-	
ory (		Fixed asset appreciation surplus				113,417	114,308	N/A
Capita		45% of unrealized gain on available- for-sale financial assets				26,444	5,204	
1		Convertible bonds				-	-	
	Tier 2	Business reserve and provision for credit loss				-	-	
	capital	Long-term subordinate bonds				1,811,800	1,439,600	
	ital	Non-perpetual preferred stock				-	-	
		Total of perpetual non-cumulative preferred stock and non-cumulative subordinate debt amounting to more than 15% of the Tier 1 capital				-	-	
		Less: Capital deduct item				872,688	923,765	
		Total Tier 2 capital				1,078,973	635,347	
	Tier	Short-term subordinate bonds				-	-	
	Tier 3 capital	Non-perpetual preferred stock				-	-	
	ital	Total Tier 3 capital				-	-	
Regulatory Capital						8,393,235	7,898,565	
hted	<sup>1</sup> . ∺. 5	Standardized approach	N/A	N/A	N/A	83,937,136	86,219,196	N/A

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		Internal rating approach
		Asset securitisation
	0	Basic indicator approach
	Operational risk	Standardized approach/optional standardized approach
		Advanced approach
	Ma Ri	Standardized approach
	Market Risk	Internal modeling approach
Capita	al ade	quacy ratio (%)
Tier 1	capit	al as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Tier 2	2 capit	al as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Tier 3	capit	al as a percentage of risk assets (%)
Ordin	ary sh	aares as a percentage of total asset (%)

Note 1 : The aforementioned calculations were audited by the CPAs.

Note 2 : The regulatory capital and weighted risk asset were calculated in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks and Methods for Calculating Bank's Regulatory Capital and Risk Weighted Assets.

Note 3 : Calculation formulas used are as follows :

- 1.Regulatory capital = Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital + Tier 3 capital
- 2. Total weighted risk assets = Credit risk weighted risk assets + capital for (Operational risks + Market risks) $\times$ 12.5

3.Capital adequacy ratio = Regulatory capital/Total weighted risk assets

4. Tier 1 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 1 capital/Total weighted risk assets

5. Tier 2 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 2 capital/Total weighted risk assets  $(T_{i})^{2} = 2$ 

6. Tier 3 capital ratio as a percentage of weighted risk assets = Tier 3 capital/Total weighted risk assets

7.Ordinary shares as a percentage of total asset = Ordinary share equity / total assets

### **Special disclosures**

### I · Affiliate information

#### (I)Affiliate organizational structure

Baseline date: December 31, 2015



### (II)Profiles of affiliates

Company name	Date of Address Festablishment		Paid-in capital (NT\$1,000)	Main businesses/products		
Panhsin Insurance Broker	2004.10.19	10F, No. 330, Zhongzheng Rd., Banqiao District, New Taipei City, 220	30,954	Insurance agent		
Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.	2005.06.02	9F, No. 330, Zhongzheng Rd., Banqiao District, New Taipei City, 220	660,000	Purchase of non- performing assets		
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	2014.11.03	6F, No. 66, Chongqing Rd., Banqiao District, New Taipei City, 220	300,000	Property/Lease		

#### (III) Information of common shareholders who are presumed to have a relationship of control and

### subordination: N/A.

# (IV)Information of directors, supervisors, and presidents of affiliates

#### Baseline date: December 31, 2015

		Dase	inte date. Decer	1001 51, 2015
Compony nome	Position	Nome en representative	Shar	es held
Company name	Position	Name or representative	No. of shares	Percentage (%)
Panhsin Insurance Broker	Chairman Director Director Supervisor	Wan-Te Hsiao (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Tong-Ren Lin (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Shih-Chi Wu (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Shang-Che Chen (representative of Bank of Panhsin)	3,095,400	100.00
	President	Chang-Wu Chiao	-	-
Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Chairman Director Director Director Director Supervisor	Dao-Ming Kuo (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Ming-Hsin Chiu (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Lin-Long Chien (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Shih-Chi Wu (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Ping-Huang Liu (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Teng-Chung Chen (representative of Bank of Panhsin)	54,000,000	81.82
	President	Chien-Chong Tsao	-	-
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Chairman Director Director Supervisor	Jui-Tsai Chou (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Shih-Ming Lin (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Chao-Chun Lin (representative of Bank of Panhsin) Chung-Chi Huang (representative of Bank of Panhsin)	30,000,000	100.00

# Directory of Head Office & Branches

Units	Address	Telephone	Fax
Head Office	No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629170	(02)29572011
International Banking Department	27F., No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629170	(02)89646006
Offshore Banking Branch	27F., No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629170	(02)89646006
Trust Department	24F., No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629170	(02)29623668
Domestic Banking Department	No.68, Sec.2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)89514488	(02)29574588
Banciao Branch	No.11, Sec.1, Wenhua Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29689101	(02)29665807
Houpu Branch	No.18, Chengdu St., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629121	(02)89538113
Yonghe Branch	No.12, Renai Rd., Yonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29299481	(02)29210495
Puqian Branch	No.100, Sec. 2, Jhongshan Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629106	(02)29541499
Huajiang Branch	No.382, Sec.2, Wenhua Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22529101	(02)82537007
Minzu Branch	No.339, Hansheng E.Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29629111	(02)29581242
Zhonghe Branch	No.232, Zhonghe Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22498756	(02)22497418
Tucheng Branch	No.289, Sec.1, Zhongyang Rd., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22629119	(02)22654536
Wenhua Branch	No.261, Sec.1, Wenhua Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22587777	(02)22593584
Daguan Branch	No.155, Sec.2, Daguan Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22756566	(02)22752574
Xingnan Branch	No.338, Jingxin St., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29459366	(02)29458495
Xinzhuang Branch	No.719, Xingfu Rd., Xinzhuang Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29906699	(02)29900433
Xiulang Branch	No.118, Dehe Rd., Yonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29417966	(02)29498035
Sanchong Branch	No.35, Sec.4, Chongyang Rd., Sanchong Dist., New Taipei City	(02)89839966	(02)29871976
Yuanshan Branch	No.753, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)22259199	(02)22260657
Shulin Branch	No.58, Zhenqian St., Shulin Dist., New Taipei City	(02)86755666	(02)86755656
Jincheng Branch	No.91, Sec.3, Jincheng Rd., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City	(02)82615666	(02)22709241
Xindian Branch	No.60, Minquan Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City	(02)89113377	(02)89113661
Beixin Branch	No.17~21, Sec. 3, Beixin Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan	(02)29115428	(02)29124753
Zhongzheng Branch	No.252, Minquan Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)89658998	(02)89682156
Luchou Branch	No.258, Minzu Rd., Luchou Dist., New Taipei City	(02)82850666	(02)82835789

Units	Address	Telephone	Fax
Fuhe Branch	No.45, Yongzhen Rd., Yonghe Dist., New Taipei City	(02)89211919	(02)89213377
Danfeng Branch	No.706, Zhongzheng Rd., Xinzhuang Dist., New Taipei City	(02)29033199	(02)29033488
Songjiang Branch	No.122, Songjiang Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City	(02)25429999	(02)25311707
Xinyi Branch	No.127, Sec. 2, Keelung Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City	(02)27329999	(02)27334900
Minsheng Branch	No.133-1, Sec. 3, Minsheng E.Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City	(02)87129966	(02)27120222
Bade Branch	No.360, Sec. 2, Bade Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City	(02)27528833	(02)27405959
Neihu Branch	No.163, Sec. 4, Chenggong Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City	(02)87919999	(02)87919899
Ruiguang Branch	No.633, Ruiguang Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City	(02)26560188	(02)26560166
Mengchia Branch	No.322, Kunming St., Wanhua Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2308-6165	(02)2308-6452
Hsinglung Branch	No.185, Sec. 2, Xinglong Rd., Wenshan Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2932-0555	(02)2931-3382
Shuangyuan Branch	No.145, Dongyuan St., Wanhua Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2301-1180	(02)2301-6894
Hsimen Branch	No.193, Hanzhong St., Wanhua Dist., Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2312-2155	(02)2311-6316
Kuting Branch	No.271, Sec. 3, Roosevelt Rd., Da'an Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2362-9211	(02)2362-0161
Antung Branch	No.188, Sec. 2, Bade Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2711-0633	(02)2741-7381
Sungshan Branch	No.196, Zhuangjing Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2720-8541	(02)2720-3851
Shinlin Branch	No.79, Ln. 109, Dexing E. Rd., Shilin Dist., Taipei City 111, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2834-9361	(02)2833-3280
Tunghu Branch	No.55, Donghu Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2631-2411	(02)2633-3251
Anho Branch	No.149-49, Sec. 2, Keelung Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2738-8788	(02)2736-0460
Kuangfu Branch	No.426, Fuxing N. Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2515-1488	(02)2518-4088
Shuanglien Branch	No.24, Jinxi St., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2571-7869	(02)2581-9832
Chungching Branch	No.27, Zhengzhou Rd., Datong Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2555-8151	(02)2559-1831
Mucha Branch	No.59, Baoyi Rd., Wenshan Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2936-2121	(02)2936-2883
Huannan Branch	No.223 v 225, Sec. 2, Huanhe S. Rd., Wanhua Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)8978-3819	(02)2302-1336
Tachih Branch	No.632, Bei'an Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2532-9933	(02)2532-1086
Wanta Branch	No.244, Wanda Rd., Wanhua Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)2337-7719	(02)2337-0694

Units	Address	Telephone	Fax
Yungchun Branch	No.30, Sec. 6, Xinyi Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City , Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(02)8978-5667	(02)2728-2808
Taoyuan Branch	No.360, Yongan Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County	(03)3398777	(03)3396362
Taoying Branch	No.102, Taoying Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County	(03)3758999	(03)3660551
Longgang Branch	No.78, Longdong Rd., Jhongli City, Taoyuan County	(03)4657799	(03)4655511
Hsinchu Branch	No.56, Zihciang S.Rd., Jhubei City, Hsinchu County	(03)6581588	(03)6580189
Taichung Branch	No.556, Sec. 1, Wunsin Rd., Nantun Dist., Taichung City	(04)23267799	(04)23266029
North Taichung Branch	No.186, Sec. 4, Wunsin Rd., North Dist., Taichung City	(04)22961798	(04)22961885
Chiayi Branch	No.298, Jhongshan Rd., West Dist., Chiayi City	(05)2279045	(05)2291649
Junhui Branch	No.360, Wufong S.Rd., East Dist., Chiayi City	(05)2300778	(05)2300780
Tainan Branch	No.189, Chongming Rd., East Dist., Tainan City	(06)3368799	(06)3361287
Chenggong Branch	No.457, Chenggong Rd., West Central Dist., Tainan City	(06)2113999	(06)2112388
Xiaogang Branch	No.213, Erling Rd., Siaogang Dist., Kaohsiung City	(07)8011161	(07)8023727
Xinxing Branch	No.65, Zhongzheng 4th Rd., Xinxing Dist., Kaohsiung City	(07)2413168	(07)2514088
Qianzhen Branch	No.421, Rueilong Rd., Qianzhen Dist., Kaohsiung City	(07)7513176	(07)7513380
Yangming Branch	No.178, Jyuemin Rd., Sanmin Dist., Kaohsiung City	(07)3865111	(07)3828199
Kaoxinzhuang Branch	No.485, Xinzhuangzai Rd., Zuoying Dist., Kaohsiung City	(07)3412621	(07)3416142
Luodong Branch	No.119, Gongzheng Rd., Luodong Township, Yilan County	(03)9568866	(03)9557199

Individual Financial Statements of Recent Years Which Have Been Certified by CPAs

# **BANK OF PANHSIN**

**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2015 and 2014 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Address: No. 68, Sec. 2, Xianmin Blvd., Banqiao Distr., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: (02)2962-9170

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# **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Directors Bank of Panhsin

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of Bank of Panhsin as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These financial statements are the responsibility of the bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements of Financial Institutions by Certified Public Accountants and the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Those standards and regulations require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bank of Panhsin as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks.

March 16, 2016

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of, the English and Chinese language auditors' report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

# **BANK OF PANHSIN**

### **Statements of Financial Position**

# December 31, 2015and 2014

### (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Assets	December 31, 2015 Amount %	6	December 3 2014 (restated) Amount	,	Liabilities and Equity	December 3 2015 Amount	81, %	December 2014 (restated Amount	,
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6)	\$ 4,541,415	2	4,926,728	2	Deposits from Central Bank and other banks (note 20)	\$ 1,320,036	1	1,650,763	3 1
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks (notes 7 and 44)	33,738,715	16	32,260,996	16	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 8)	431,388	-	962	2 -
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 8)	3,057,697	2	4,679,723	2	Payables (note 21)	3,209,409	2	3,137,455	5 1
Securities purchased under resell agreements (note 11)	6,233,031	3	3,926,169	2	Deposits and remittances (notes 22 and 43)	186,277,381	89	182,411,479	9 89
Receivable – net (notes 12 and 43)	3,227,327	2	1,501,115	1	Financial bonds payable (notes 23 and 43)	4,700,000	2	5,420,000	
Current income tax assets	29,554 -	-	69,614	-	Provision (notes 25 and 27)	180.049	-	186,989	
Loans and discounts, net (notes 13 and 43)	131,236,162	63	128,273,163	63		,		,	
Available-for-sale financial assets – net (notes 9 and 44)	12,728,369	6	14,711,668	7	Provision for deferred tax liabilities (note 28)	111,197		111,197	
Held-to-maturity financial assets – net (notes 10 and 44)	750,450 -	-	753,678	-	Other liabilities (notes 16 and 26)	 193,185	-	359,681	
Long-term investments under equity method-net (note 15)	525,747 -	-	555,412	-	Total liabilities	 196,422,645	94	193,278,526	<u>94</u>
Other financial assets - net (note 14)	55,537 -	-	65,537	-	Equity:				
Property and equipment, net (note 16)	6,705,851	3	6,911,428	4	Capital stock (note 30)	 12,211,753	6	11,057,900	) 6
Investment property-net (note 17)	2,315,100	1	2,215,464	1	Retained earnings:(notes 29 and 31)				
Intangible assets – net (note 18)	2,418,500	1	2,464,359	1	Legal reserve	219,990	-	79,279	) _
Deferred income tax assets - net (note 28)	657,869 -	-	773,941	-	Special reserve	5	_	5,483	
Other assets (notes 19 and 44)	1,443,182	1	792,111	1	Unappropriated earnings	681,975		429,849	
						 901,970		514,611	
					Other equity	 128,138	-	30,069	<u>/</u>

Total equity

Total liabilities and equity

<u>13,241,861 6 11,602,580</u>

<u>\$ 209,664,506 100 204,881,106 100</u>

6

Total assets

<u>\$ 209,664,506 100 204,881,106 100</u>

# **BANK OF PANHSIN**

# **Statements of Comprehensive Income**

# For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	2015 Amount	%	2014 (restated Amount	d) %	Variance %
Interest income (notes 33 and 43)	\$ 3,994,132	108	3,673,403	120	9
Less: Interest expense (notes 33 and 43)	1,630,957	<u>44</u>	<u>1,475,190</u>	<u>48</u>	11
Net interest income	2,363,175	64	2,198,213	72	8
Non-interest income:					
Service fees—net (notes 34 and 43)	813,232	22	712,467	23	14
Gain on financial asset or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss					
(note 35)	279,557	8	55,116	2	407
Realized gain on available-for-sale financial assets (note 36)	80,750	2	80,740	3	-
Foreign exchange gain – net	(100,792)	(3)	114,626	4	(188)
Investment income under the equity method	14,335	1	(424,396)	(14)	103
Other non-interest income – net (notes 14, 17, 37 and 43)	80,654	2	28,701	1	181
Gain on property exchange-net (notes 16 and 43)	153,316	<u>4</u>	<u>291,280</u>	<u>9</u>	(47)
	3,684,227	100	3,056,747	100	21
Bad debt expense and reserve for guarantees (notes 12,13 and 38)	224,126	<u>6</u>	<u>69,460</u>	<u>2</u>	223
<b>Operation and expenses:</b>					
Employee benefit expenses (notes 27 and 39)	1,463,965	40	1,310,310	43	12
Depreciation and amortization expenses (notes 16,18 and 40)	197,876	5	166,117	6	19
Other general and administrative expenses (note 41)	<u>921,357</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>849,770</u>	<u>28</u>	8
	<u>2,583,198</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>2,326,197</u>	<u>77</u>	11
Income from continuing operations before tax	876,903	24	661,090	21	33
Less: Income tax expense (note 28)	<u>(141,459)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(164,886)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	14
Net income	735,444	<u>20</u>	<u>496,204</u>	<u>16</u>	48
Other comprehensive income (loss) (notes 19 and 20):					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurements from defined benefit plans	5,768	-	(12,496)	-	146
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	-
	<u>5,768</u>	Ξ	<u>(12,496)</u>	Ξ	146
Items that may be subsequently reclassified into profit or loss					
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	6,169	-	-	-	-
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale	91,900	3	35,547	1	159
Income tax relating to items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-
	<u>98,069</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>35,547</u>	<u>1</u>	176
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	<u>103,837</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>23,051</u>	<u>1</u>	350
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 839,281</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>519,255</u>	<u>17</u>	62
Earnings per share(expressed in New Taiwan dollars) (note 32):					
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	0.64	<u>0.46</u>		
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	0.64	<u>0.46</u>		
# Statements of Changes in Equity

# For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

# (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		-		Retained e	arnings		Foreign currency translation differences	Unrealized gains (loss) on		
		Common stock	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Retained earnings	Total	for foreign operations	available-for- sale	Total	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2014 (restated)	\$	9,557,900	-	5	187,351	187,356	-	(5,478)	(5,478)	9,739,778
Appropriations and distributions (note 21)										
Legal reserve		-	79,279	-	(79,279)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	5,478	(5,478)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of preferred stock		-	-	-	(156,453)	(156,453)	-	-	-	(156,453)
Net income for the year		-	-	-	496,204	496,204	-	-	-	496,204
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(12,496)	(12,496)	-	35,547	35,547	23,051
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	483,708	483,708	-	35,547	35,547	519,255
Capital injection by cash (note 21)		1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
Balance at December 31, 2014 (restated)		11,057,900	79,279	5,483	429,849	514,611	-	30,069	30,069	11,602,580
Appropriations and distributions (note 21)										
Legal reserve		-	140,711	-	(140,711)	-	-	-	-	-
Stock dividend		353,853	-	-	(353,853)	(353,853)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve reverse		-	-	(5,478)	5,478	-	-	-	-	-
Net income for the year		-	-	-	735,444	735,444	-	-	-	735,444
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	5,768	5,768	6,169	91,900	98,069	103,837
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	741,212	741,212	6,169	91,900	98,069	839,281
Capital injection by cash		800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	12,211,753	219,990	5	681,975	<u>901,970</u>	6,169	121,969	128,138	13,241,861

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

# For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

# (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	2015	2014 (restated)
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Income before tax	\$ 876,903	661,090
Adjustments:		
Adjustments for the effects of non-cash transactions:		
Depreciation expense	154,855	130,446
Amortization expense	67,088	58,958
Bad debt expenses	224,126	69,460 1 475 100
Interest expense Interest income	1,630,957	1,475,190
Dividend income	(3,994,132)	(3,673,403)
	(53,857)	(54,874) (1,209)
Gain on disposal of foreclosed collateral Investment income under the equity method	- (14,335)	424,396
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(138,602)	(267,710)
Gain on disposal of investment property	(1,155)	(9,843)
Loss on disposal of other assets	(1,155)	-
Total adjustments for the effects of non-cash transactions	(2,124,945)	(1,848,589)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(1,010,000)
Net changes in operating assets		
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks	2,024,733	(3,648,103)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,622,026	(4,121,787)
Receivables	(1,729,575)	439,614
Loans and discounts – net	(3,208,332)	(10,168,904)
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,081,368	(5,663,429)
Held-to-maturity financial assets	3,228	104,262
Other financial assets	10,000	4,127
Net changes in operating liabilities:		
Deposits from Central Bank and other banks	(330,727)	531,912
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	430,426	(11,035)
Payables	85,173	530,465
Deposits and remittances	3,865,902	12,250,745
Employee benefit liabilities	435	(112,918)
Other liabilities	(50,465)	1,104
Total net changes in operating assets and liabilities	4,804,192	(9,863,947)
Total adjustments	2,679,247	(11,712,536)
Cash (outflow) inflow generated from operations	3,556,150	(11,051,446)
Interests received	4,017,095	3,595,913
Dividends received	97,857	124,874
Interest paid	(1,644,176) 14,673	(1,395,714) (18,327)
Income taxes paid Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	6,041,599	(8,744,700)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:	0,041,399	(8,744,700)
Investment under the equity method	_	(790,000)
Acquisition of property and equipment	(61,590)	(51,177)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	89,353	950,221
Proceeds from disposal of investment property	-	23,651
Proceeds from disposal of foreclosed assets	-	35,997
Acquisition of cash from general assumption—net	-	5,249,445
Other financial assets	(725,361)	(96,036)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(697,598)	5,322,101
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:	. ,	
Issuance of financial bonds	-	3,000,000
Repayment of financial bonds	(720,000)	(519,000)
Other financial liabilities	-	(13,928)
Capital increase by cash	800,000	1,500,000
Dividends payment	-	(156,453)
Net cash flows from financing activities	80,000	3,810,619
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,424,001	388,020
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	33,074,060	32,686,040
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 38,498,061</u>	33,074,060
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and cash equivalents reported in the statement of financial position	\$ 4,541,415	4,926,728
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks qualifying as cash and cash equivalents under the definition of IAS 7	27,723,615	24,221,163
Securities purchased under resell agreements qualifying as cash and cash equivalents under the definition of IAS 7	6,233,031	3,926,169
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 38,498,061</u>	33,074,060

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise stated)

#### (1) Organization and Business Scope

Bank of Panhsin (the Bank), formerly named "Pan Chiao Credit Cooperative", was founded on April 25, 1957. Pursuant to an approval granted by the Ministry of Finance, the Bank was re incorporated as a commercial bank on July 8, 1997, and completed the acquisition of "The 5th Credit Cooperative of Kaohsiung" on September 29, 1997. The Bank obtained a banking license authorized by the Ministry of Finance to operate as a commercial bank on September 30, 1997. In October 1999, the Bank received its trust license from the Ministry of Finance and started operations on November 26 of the same year with capital of \$100 million. On November 27, 2002, the Bank was authorized by the Ministry of Finance to establish an International Banking Department, which started operations on July 7, 2003. Furthermore, the Bank completed the acquisition of The 1st Credit Cooperative of Chiayi on March 6, 2005, and completed the acquisition of the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei (NCCT) on July 21, 2014.

The Bank was established pursuant to the Banking Law to engage in:

- 1) all commercial banking operations allowed by the Banking Law;
- 2) savings operations;
- 3) trust operations;
- 4) credit card operations;
- 5) trading in government bonds and other debt securities; and
- 6) other operations as authorized by the relevant central authority.

On November 14, 2006, the Bank was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau of the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, to offer its shares publicly.

#### (2) Financial statements authorization date and authorization process

These financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Bank's Board of Directors on March 16, 2016.

#### (3) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

1) Effects of adopting the International Financial Reporting Standards 2013 (IFRSs 2013) endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

The Consolidated Bank will prepare its annual financial reports according to the IFRSs 2013 endorsed by the FSC from 2015 onward (not including IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*). A summary of the new announcements, revisions, and amendments of standards and interpretations is as follows:

New announcements/revisions/amendments of standards and interpretations	Effective date per IASB
Amendment to IFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters	July 1, 2010
Amendment to IFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters	July 1, 2011
Amendment to IFRS 1: Government Loans	January 1, 2013

(Continued)

### Notes to the Financial Statements

New announcements/revisions/amendments of standards and interpretations	Effective date per IASB
Amendment to IFRS 7: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets	July 1, 2011
Amendment to IFRS 7: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	January 1, 2013
IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	January 1, 2013 (subsidiaries effective on January 1, 2014)
IFRS 11: Joint Arrangements	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	January 1, 2013
IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IAS 1: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	July 1, 2012
Amendment to IAS 12: Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets	January 1, 2012
Revision to IAS 19: Employee Benefits	January 1, 2013
Revision to IAS 27: Separate Financial Statements	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 20: Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	January 1, 2013

Except for the following items, adopting IFRSs 2013 does not cause any significant change to the consolidated financial statements:

1. IAS 19 : Employee Benefits

Under the amendment of IAS 19, the Bank replaced the finance charge and expected return on plan assets in the previous version by determining the net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period . In addition, the amendment eliminated the option to defer the recognition of gains and losses, known as the 'corridor approach', changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) shall be fully recognized when occurred. As a result, the Bank recognized all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income in the reporting period in which they occur and also recognized all past service cost in profit or loss as they occur which had been recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits linked to a restructuring at the earlier of when the related restructuring costs are recognized and when the entity can no longer withdraw an offer of the termination benefit, which had not been recognized when the Bank was demonstrably committed to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made in order to encourage voluntary redundancy under the previous version.

The Bank recognized the past service costs and actuarial losses, hence eliminating the corridor approach permitted under the prior IAS 19. For the year beginning January 1, 2014, the accrued pension liabilities increased \$92,663, the deferred income tax assets increased \$15,752, and the retained earnings decreased \$76,911; For the year ended December 31, 2014, the accrued pension liabilities increased \$95,624, the prepaid pension decreased \$7,625, the deferred income tax assets increased \$17,553, and the retained earnings decreased \$85,696. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the operation expense decreased \$1,910.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

2. IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statement"

The amendments to IAS 1 change the presentation of other comprehensive income. They require the grouping of items of other comprehensive income into (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. In addition, all items under other comprehensive income shall be present in pre-tax amount. The related tax effects shall be disclosed separate statements of comprehensive income in conformity with the amendments.

The Bank will change presentation of comprehensive income on the adoption of the standards.

3. IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 defines the fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires the disclosure of the fair value measurements. Furthermore, the disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the current standards. After evaluation, adopting IFRS 13 will not have significant impact on financial positions and performance. The Bank will disclose relevant information of fair value measurement on the adoption of the standards.

2) New standards and interpretations not yet endorsed by the FSC

A summary of the standards and interpretations issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC as of the reporting date is as follows:

New announcements/revisions/amendments of standards and interpretations	Effective date per IASB
IFRS 9: Financial Instruments	January 1, 2018
Amendment to IFRS 10 & IAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Yet to be determined
Amendment to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IFRS 11: Accounting of Interests in Joint Operation	January 1, 2016
IFRS 14: Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 1, 2016
IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16: Leases	January 1, 2019
Amendment to IAS 1: Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 7: Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2017
Amendment to IAS 12: Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealized losses	January 1, 2017
Amendment to IAS 16 & 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 16 & 41: Bearer Plants	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	July 1, 2014
Amendment to IAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	January 1, 2014

### Notes to the Financial Statements

New announcements/revisions/amendments of standards and interpretations	Effective date per IASB
Amendment to IAS 39: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	January 1, 2014
Annual improvements cycle 2010-2012 and 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Annual improvements cycle 2012-2014	January 1, 2016
IFRIC 21: Levies	January 1, 2014

The Bank is still in the process of evaluating the impact on financial position and performance of the adoption of the standards and interpretations mentioned above, and the Bank will disclose relevant impacts when the evaluation is completed.

#### (4) Summary of significant accounting policies

Significant accounting policies adopted in the financial reports are summarized as below. Unless stated otherwise, they have been applied consistently to all periods in the financial reports.

1) Statement of compliance

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks.

- 2) Basis of preparation
  - 1. Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been mainly prepared on a historical cost basis unless otherwise specified (refer to each accounting policies).

2. Functional currency and presentation currency

The Bank's financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Bank's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

3) Foreign currency transactions and translation of foreign currency financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currency of the Bank at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year adjusted for the effective interest and payments during the year, and the amortized cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

4) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, due from banks, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

5) Transactions under repurchase/resell agreements

Securities sold/purchased with a commitment to repurchase/resell at a predetermined price are treated as financing transactions. The difference between the cost and the repurchase/resell price is treated as interest expense/revenue and recognized over the term of the agreement. On the selling/purchasing date, these agreements are recognized as securities sold under repurchase agreements or securities purchased under resell agreements.

6) Financial instruments

The Bank classifies financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial assets, held-to-maturity financial assets, financial assets carried at cost, and loans and receivables. The purchase and disposal of financial assets are recognized using trade-date accounting.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives held by the Bank are classified in this category. Such assets are initially recognized at fair value, with transaction costs expensed as incurred, and are re-measured at fair value subsequently, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings.

The Bank designates financial assets, other than those classified as held for trading, as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition under one of the following situations:

- 1. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
  - (A) Designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
  - (B) Performance of the financial asset is evaluated on a fair value basis;
  - (C) A hybrid instrument contains one or more embedded derivatives.

The hybrid instruments with embedded derivatives held by the Bank are designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and designated as such at the time of initial recognition are classified as "financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss" in the statement of financial position. Changes in fair value are recognized in profit of loss as "gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss".

2. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value, and changes therein, other than impairment losses, dividend income, and foreign currency gains or losses which are recognized as current earnings, are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the unrealized gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets in equity. When an investment is derecognized, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss, and is included in other gains and losses under non-operating income and expenses.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For available-for-sale debt securities, the difference between the initially recognized amount and the maturity amount is amortized using the effective interest method, while the straight-line method is used if the difference is insignificant. Interest receivables are recognized on an accrual basis. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment loss is recognized. When the impairment amount decreases in a subsequent period, the reduced impairment amount of available-for-sale equity securities is recognized as adjustments to stockholders' equity, while the reduced impairment amount of available-for-sale debt securities is reversed and recognized as profit in the period, if the reduced impairment is deemed to be in connection with events occurring after recognition of impairment. The book value after the reversal should not exceed the recoverable amount or the depreciated or amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized.

3. Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity financial assets are recorded at amortized cost. Impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence of impairment. If the impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease is objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss. The carrying value after the reversal should not exceed the amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized.

4. Financial assets carried at cost

Equity instruments with no quoted market price and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost. If there is objective evidence that financial assets carried at cost are impaired, the carrying amount of the assets is reduced, and impairment loss is recognized.

5. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables include those originated by the Bank and those not originated by the Bank. Those originated by the Bank are created by the Bank by providing money, goods, or services directly to a debtor, and those not originated by the Bank are loans and receivables other than those originated by the Bank.

Loans and receivables are initially recognized at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs, services fees, and discount or premium, and subsequently measured at their amortized cost using the effective interest method. When the discounted effect is insignificant, loans and receivables can be measured at original cost.

The Bank considers evidence of impairment for loans and receivables at both a specific asset and collective level. The Bank first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment for loans and receivables that are individually significant. Individually significant loans and receivables without objective evidence of impairment are grouped together with similar risk characteristics and are collectively assessed for impairment. Loans and receivables that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and receivables with similar risk characteristics.

If objective evidence of impairment exists, an impairment loss should be recognized. An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Collateral and proceeds from insurance should also be considered when determining the estimated future cash flows.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The aforesaid objective evidence includes:

- (A) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- (B) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (C) The lender, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- (D) It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- (E) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of the issuer's financial difficulties;
- (F) Adverse changes in the payment status of the borrowers; and
- (G) Changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets.
- 6. Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are substantially transferred.

The Bank derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or have expired.

If the Bank provides bonds or stocks as security for repo transactions, the financial assets are not derecognized since all risks and rewards of ownership are still retained by the Bank.

7. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position if, and only if, the Bank has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

7) Long-term investments under equity method – net

In the preparation of the individual financial statements, if the Bank has control of an investee company, it is accounted for under the equity method. Under the equity method, the net income and total comprehensive income in the individual financial statements are consistent with the net income and total comprehensive income attributed to the parent company in the consolidated financial report.

Changes in the Bank's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the Bank losing control of the subsidiary are treated as transactions between owners.

8) Property and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major improvements and renewals are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are charged to current expenses.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

When an item of property, plant and equipment consists of different components and the cost of a component is significant relative to the total cost of the item of property, plant and equipment, the component will be depreciated separately.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over service lives estimated as follows: buildings, 3 to 70 years; machinery and equipment, 3 to 6 years; transportation equipment, 3 to 11 years; other equipment, 3 to 16 years; and leasehold improvements, 1 to 10 years.

The depreciation method, useful life, and residual value of an asset shall be reviewed at each financial year-end and adequately adjusted when necessary.

Upon retirement or disposal of property and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are deducted from the respective accounts, and the related gain or loss is recognized as other noninterest income or loss.

9) Leases

A lease contract is classified as an operating lease or a finance lease. A finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the Bank. At initial recognition, the leased asset is recognized at an amount equal to the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The subsequent treatment follows the accounting policies for property, plant and equipment.

Lease payments, including payments in advance, under an operating lease shall be recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

10) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, or to use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently measured under the cost model, and the depreciation expense is calculated using the depreciable amount. The depreciation method, useful life, and residual amount are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property and any other cost and capitalized borrowing costs that can be directly attributed.

When the use of an investment property changes such that it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, its carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting.

- 11) Intangible assets
  - 1. Goodwill is measured as an excess of the cost of acquisition over the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired on the acquisition date. It is subsequently measured at cost, less, any accumulated impairment losses. To test for impairment, goodwill is allocated to each of the acquirer's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units. If the carrying amount of the unit exceeds the recoverable amount of the unit, the Bank shall recognize the impairment loss. Impairment losses in respect of goodwill are irreversible.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

- 2. Core deposits obtained from acquisition is measured on the fair value of the acquisition date and recorded separately from goodwill. Core deposits are stated at cost, less, accumulated amortization consequently. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over 19 to 20 years
- 3. Computer software

Computer software is recorded on the basis of the actual cost of acquisition and amortized using the straight-line method over 3 to 5 years.

12) Other assets – foreclosed assets

Foreclosed assets are stated at their net realizable value. Any difference from the original value of the loans is recognized as bad debts. Losses or gains on the disposal of foreclosed assets are recorded as other non-interest expense or income, net.

13) Non-financial asset impairment

The Bank estimates the recoverable amount (the lower of net fair value and value in use) for assets that have an indication of impairment (individual assets except for goodwill or a cash-generating unit) on the statement of financial position date. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount is higher than the recoverable amount. For assets other than goodwill, reversal of impairment loss is recognized when the recoverable amount of the asset has increased from its prior-period estimation. The carrying amount after the reversal shall not exceed the recoverable amount or the depreciated or amortized balance of the assets assuming no impairment loss was recognized in prior periods. Regardless whether there exists an indication of impairment, goodwill is tested for impairment every year.

14) Provisions

A provision shall be recognized when a present obligation results from a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. A provision is determined by discounting the expected future cash flow, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and those risks specific to the liability.

15) Revenue and expense

Except for financial assets and liabilities reported at fair value through profit or loss, all interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities are accrued using the effective interest rate method and are accounted for as interest revenue and interest expense in profit or loss.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest revenue is recognized using the interest rate to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of assessing impairment.

Commission fee revenue and expense are recognized when loans or other services are provided. Commission fee revenue and expense on significant projects are recognized when the projects are completed.

Commission revenue and fees relating to loan services are amortized over the service periods or included in the effective interest rate for loans and receivables.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

- 16) Employee benefits
  - 1. Short-term employee benefits

For short-term employee benefits that are expected to be paid in the near future, the Bank recognized the non-discounted amount as current expenses.

2. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are incurred when the Bank terminates employment prior to employees qualifying for retirement, or the employees accepted voluntary redundancy to get termination benefits in return. If termination benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

3. Post-employment benefit plans

Post-employment benefit plans of the Bank are a defined contribution plan and a defined benefit plan.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Bank pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which a benefit is paid to an employee on the basis of their age, service period, and salary at the date of retirement.

Costs, including service cost, net interest, and remeasurement, which comprise of the defined benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefit expenses in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, and the return on plan assets, excluding the amount included in net interest on the net defined liability (asset), are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period occurred. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is classified under retained earnings and will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability (asset) represents the actual deficit (surplus) in the defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in the future contributions to the plans.

4. Preferential interest deposits

The Bank provides its employees preferential interest on deposits, including current and retired employees. The difference between the preferential interest rate and the market rate is recorded as an employee benefit.

In accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks, if the preferential interest rate for retired employees exceeds the market rate, when the employees retire, the Bank shall calculate the excess interest using an actuarial method by adopting IAS 19. However the actuarial assumptions shall follow the government's related regulations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

17) Financial guarantee contracts

Guarantee services are recognized at the fair value when the guarantee services are rendered. The aforementioned fair value is the service charges received when the contracts are signed, since the charges are set at arm's length. Unearned bank charges are recorded as deferred income and recognized as income on a straight-line basis in the contract period.

18) Income taxes

Income tax expenses include both taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes shall be recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes include tax payables and tax deduction receivables on taxable gains (losses) for the year calculated using the statutory tax rate on the reporting date or the actual legislative tax rate, as well as tax adjustments related to prior years.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases.

When measuring the deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability, the Bank shall use the enacted tax rate for the periods in which deferred tax asset or deferred tax liability is expected to be settled or realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities may be offset against each other if the following criteria are met:

- 1. The entity has the legal right to settle tax assets and liabilities on a net basis; and
- 2. The taxing of deferred tax assets and liabilities fulfills one of the scenarios below:
  - (A) levied by the same taxing authority; or
  - (B) levied by different taxing authorities, but where each such authority intends to settle tax assets and liabilities (where such amounts are significant) on a net basis every year of the period of expected asset realization or debt liquidation, or where the timing of asset realization and debt liquidation is matched.

A deferred tax asset should be recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets shall also be reviewed at each reporting date, and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

19) Business Combinations

The Business Combinations use the acquisition method. The relevant cost of acquisition is recognized as expense during the period year when expense occurred or services provided.

The Bank measures goodwill by the fair value of the transfer consideration, including any amount belonging to non-controlling interests of the acquire, less, net amount of the identifiable assets and undertaking liabilities (used to be identified as fair value). If there is any negative after deduction, the Bank will reassess whether the acquired assets and undertaking liabilities are correctly identified, then will recognize the amount as bargain purchase benefit.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The Bank will recognize the tentative amounts on the reporting date if the evaluation of the identifiable assets and undertaking liabilities has not yet been completed. To reflect the new information or the existing facts on the acquisition date, the Bank will make retroactive adjustment or recognize the additional assets and liability in the measurement period. The measurement period shall not exceed one year after the acquisition date.

20) Earnings (loss) per share of common stock

Earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing net income (loss) divided by the weighted-average number of issued shares of common stock outstanding during the year. The increase in issuance of stock dividends from retained earnings or capital surplus or the decrease in stock by offsetting accumulated deficits is adjusted retroactively. Furthermore, if the designated date of record for a stock dividend is proposed before publishing the financial statements, the earnings per common share are adjusted retroactively. If there is cumulative preferred stock outstanding, preferred stock dividends shall be deducted from net income whether or not dividends are declared.

Stock-based employee bonuses not yet approved by the shareholders' meeting are regarded as potential common stock. The Bank has to disclose basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share if the increase in potential common stock would dilute earnings per share; otherwise, the Bank only needs to disclose basic earnings per share. The calculation of diluted earnings per share should consider the effect on net income and outstanding potential common stock.

21) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Bank that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Bank). The segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the Bank's chief operating decision maker to make decisions pertaining to the allocation of resources to the segment and to assess its performance for which discrete financial information is available.

The Bank discloses the operating segment information in the consolidated financial statements and does not disclose the information in the individual financial statements.

#### (5) Primary sources of significant accounting assumptions, judgments, and estimation uncertainty

The Bank has used necessary assumptions and estimates to measure, evaluate, and disclose the assets, liabilities, income, expenses and contingencies of the financial statements when preparing the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Management will continually review the estimates and basic assumptions. Changes in accounting estimates will be recognized in the period of change and the future period of their impact.

Accounting policies for impairment loss on loans and management judgments have significant impacts on the amounts recognized in this financial report. When the Bank decides whether to recognize impairment loss, it determines whether there is any observable evidence indicating possible impairment. The evidence may include observable information indicating unfavorable changes in debtor payment status. When analyzing expected cash flow, the estimates by the management are based on past loss experience with assets having similar credit risk characteristics. The Bank periodically reviews the methods and assumptions behind the amounts and the timing of expected cash flow, to reduce the difference between expected and actual loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (6) Cash and cash equivalents

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash	\$	1,589,775	1,771,767
Negotiable instruments for clearing		546,078	825,964
Deposits with other banks		2,405,562	2,328,997
Total	\$	4,541,415	4,926,728
Components of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:			
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents reported in the statements of financial position	\$	4,541,415	4,926,728
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks qualifying as cash and cash equivalents under the definition of IAS 7 (note 7)		27,723,615	24,221,163
Securities purchased under resell agreements qualifying as cash and cash equivalents under the definition of IAS 7 (note 10)		6,233,031	3,926,169
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$</u>	38,498,061	33,074,060

Analysis of interest rate risk and sensitivity for financial assets and liabilities is disclosed in note 42.

## (7) Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deposit reserves – checking accounts (including foreign currency)	\$	1,505,394	1,754,647
Deposit reserves-demand account		4,914,480	5,036,558
Deposits in Central Bank		23,700,000	23,200,000
Call loans to banks		3,318,221	1,966,516
Checking and settlement account		300,620	303,275
Total	<u>\$</u>	33,738,715	32,260,996

Deposit reserves – checking accounts are calculated at prescribed rates, using the average monthly balances of various deposit accounts, and are appropriated and deposited in the reserve account of the Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan). Deposit reserves – demand accounts are interest-free and can be withdrawn at any time; Deposit reserves – checking accounts are interest-bearing and cannot be withdrawn except for the monthly adjustment to the required reserves permitted by relevant regulations.

Part of the use of deposits in Central Bank were restricted, please refer to note 44.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Deposit reserves – checking accounts, deposits in Central Bank, call loans to banks, and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and that are subject to insignificant risk of change in value are defined as cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7. The details were as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deposit reserves – checking accounts	\$	1,505,394	1,754,647
Deposits in Central Bank		22,900,000	20,500,000
Call loans to banks		3,318,221	1,966,516
	<u>\$</u>	27,723,615	24,221,163

## (8) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the financial assets held for trading were as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets held for trading:			
Equity securities	\$	2,283,434	4,225,029
Interest rate-related instruments		71,265	62,829
Beneficiary certificates		124,834	246,228
Derivatives		443,925	6,679
Total		2,923,458	4,540,765
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	:		
Credit-linked notes		134,239	138,958
	<u>\$</u>	3,057,697	4,679,723

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss were as follows:

	Ι	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial liabilities held for trading			
Derivatives	\$	431,388	962

There were no financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (9) Available-for-sale financial assets

	]	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Government bonds	\$	9,991,747	12,092,094
Corporate bonds		1,707,477	1,706,954
Equity securities		721,677	726,828
Beneficiary certificates		307,468	185,792
Total	<u>\$</u>	12,728,369	14,711,668

Please refer to note 44 for the available-for-sale financial assets under pledge.

### (10) Held-to-maturity financial assets

	December 31, 2015 Percentage					
	of ownership	Inves	stment cost	Amount		
Government bonds	-	\$	100,000	100,618		
Corporate bonds	-		500,000	499,832		
Financial bonds	-		150,000	150,000		
		\$	750,000	750,450		

	<b>D</b> (	De	cember 31, 2014		
	Percentage of ownership	Inve	estment cost	Amount	
Government bonds	-	\$	100,000	104,090	
Corporate bonds	-		500,000	499,588	
Financial bonds	-		150,000	150,000	
		<u>\$</u>	750,000	753,678	

Please refer to note 44 for the held-to-maturity financial assets under pledge.

#### (11) Securities purchased under resell agreements

	December 31, 2015				
	Amount	Contractual repurchase or resell period	Contractual interest rate range (%)	Amount of resell agreements	
Securities purchased under resell agreements	<u>\$ 6,233,031</u>	105.1.4~105.1.15	0.35~0.45	6,233,833	

## Notes to the Financial Statements

	December 31, 2014				
	Amount	Contractual repurchase or resell period	Contractual interest rate range (%)	e resell	
Securities purchased under resell agreements	<u>\$ 3,926,169</u>	104.1.5~104.1.16	0.57~0.70	3,927,191	

#### (12) Receivables-net

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, accounts receivable – net were as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Interest receivable	\$	272,933	295,896
Accounts receivable		34,925	35,478
Spot exchange receivable		1,578,701	769,031
Acceptance receivable		217,428	301,351
Accrued revenue		658	1,176
Other receivable		1,113,586	118,828
Other receivable-Panhsin Insurance Broker		14,847	5,858
Total		3,233,078	1,527,618
Less: allowance for bad and doubtful accounts			
-acceptance receivable		(3,483)	(3,483)
- other receivable		(2,268)	(23,020)
	<u>\$</u>	3,227,327	1,501,115

Changes in allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:

		2015	2014
Beginning balance	\$	26,503	514,976
Provision for doubtful accounts		-	1,671
Reversal for doubtful		(19,600)	(490,301)
Current charge-off		(1,152)	-
Transfer from the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei		-	157
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	5,751	26,503

The Bank reversed allowance for bad and doubtful accounts—note receivable for \$490,301 because note receivable—Panhsin AMC was collected during 2014.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

Receivables assessed for impairment to determine the allowance for bad debts were as follows:

		Receiva	ables	Allowance for bad debts		
Items		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
With objective evidence of	Individual assessment	2,268	23,020	2,268	23,020	
impairment	Collective assessment	-	-	-	-	
Without objective evidence of impairment	Collective assessment	3,230,810	1,504,598	3,483	3,483	
Total		3,233,078	1,527,618	5,751	26,503	

### (13) Loans and discounts, net

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, details of loans and discounts were as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Remittance and discounts for exports	\$	21,815	22,139
Short-term loans and overdrafts		19,381,053	16,235,916
Short-term secured loans and overdrafts		20,986,627	15,147,803
Medium-term loans		14,954,431	12,673,193
Medium-term secured loans		39,678,345	42,404,769
Long-term loans		760,428	723,535
Long-term secured loans		36,193,313	41,570,374
Non-performing loans		909,548	1,122,928
Subtotal		132,885,560	129,900,657
Less: allowance for bad and doubtful accounts		(1,649,398)	(1,627,494)
	<u>\$</u>	131,236,162	128,273,163

Please refer to note 42 for the industry information.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, suspended accrual of interest for all of non-performing loans amounted to \$60,407 and \$87,451, respectively.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

Changes in allowance for bad debts (including loans and discounts, and guarantee liability) were as follows:

		2015	
	Loans and discounts	Guarantee liability	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 1,627,494	41,000	1,668,494
Current provision	245,333	-	245,333
Current reversal	-	(1,607)	(1,607)
Current charge-off	(344,704)	-	(344,704)
Recovery of bad debts	 121,275	-	121,275
Ending balance	\$ 1,649,398	39,393	<u>1,688,791</u>
	Loans and discounts	2014 Guarantee liability	Total
Beginning balance		Guarantee	<b>Total</b> 1,299,813
Beginning balance Current provision	discounts	Guarantee liability	
	<b>discounts</b> 1,282,941	Guarantee liability 16,872	1,299,813
Current provision	discounts 1,282,941 533,962	Guarantee liability 16,872 24,128	1,299,813 558,090
Current provision Current reversal	discounts 1,282,941 533,962 (523,859)	Guarantee liability 16,872 24,128	1,299,813 558,090 (523,859)

Loans and discounts to be assessed for impairment to determine their allowance for bad debts were as follows:

		Loans and	discounts	Allowance for bad debts		
Item		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
With objective evidence of	Individual assessment	3,256,226	1,993,796	274,070	373,407	
impairment	Collective assessment	297,787	225,411	126,103	68,834	
Without objective evidence of impairment	Collective assessment	129,331,547	127,681,450	1,249,225	1,185,253	
Total		132,885,560	129,900,657	1,649,398	1,627,494	

## (14) Other financial assets – net

	De	ecember 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets carried at cost-net	<u>\$</u>	55,537	65,537

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Details of financial asset carried at cost were as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Xin-Rui-Du Development Co., Ltd.	\$	4,940	4,940
Tsai-Jin Information Co., Ltd.		45,500	45,500
Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation		6,345	6,345
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation-preferred shares		-	10,000
Yang Guang Asset Management Company		692	692
Taiwan Mobile Payment Corporation		3,000	3,000
		60,477	70,477
Less: accumulated impairment loss		(4,940)	(4,940)
	<u>\$</u>	55,537	65,537

Financial assets carried at cost include equity investments held by the Bank. Since such assets have no quoted market price and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, the assets are carried at cost.

### (15) Long-term investments under equity method-net

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, details of long-term investments under the equity method were as follows:

		mber 31, 2015 nvestment Cost	Amount
Subsidiaries			
Panhsin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.	100.00\$	3,000	78,073
Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.	81.82	540,000	153,633
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	100.00	300,000	294,041
	<u>\$</u>	843,000	<u>525,747</u>

		mber 31, 2014 nvestment	
	ownership	Cost	Amount
Panhsin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.	100.00\$	3,000	110,493
Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.	81.82	540,000	147,053
	100.00	300,000	297,866
	<u>\$</u>	843,000	555,412

The Bank acquired the shares of Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd. by \$490,000 of cash in Sept. 2014, so the shareholding percentage was increased from 29.41% to 81.82% Furthermore, the Bank acquired 100% outstanding shares of Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd. in Nov. 2014.

# 20 BANK OF PANHSIN Notes to the Financial Statements

# (16) Property and equipment-net

December 31, 2015		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Land	\$	3,946,128	-	3,946,128
Buildings		2,489,865	(237,207)	2,252,658
Machinery and equipment		323,674	(226,800)	96,874
Transportation equipment		115,154	(83,865)	31,289
Other equipment		672,592	(357,594)	314,998
Leasehold improvement		196,045	(157,947)	38,098
Construction in progress		25,806		25,806
Total	<u>\$</u>	7,769,264	(1,063,413)	6,705,851
December 31, 2014		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net
December 31, 2014	\$	<b>Cost</b> 4,029,740		<b>Net</b> 4,029,740
	\$			
Land	\$	4,029,740	depreciation -	4,029,740
Land Buildings	\$	4,029,740 2,587,649	depreciation - (204,503)	4,029,740 2,383,146
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	4,029,740 2,587,649 350,980	depreciation - (204,503) (257,283)	4,029,740 2,383,146 93,697
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation equipment	\$	4,029,740 2,587,649 350,980 118,235	depreciation - (204,503) (257,283) (88,725)	4,029,740 2,383,146 93,697 29,510
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation equipment Other equipment	\$	4,029,740 2,587,649 350,980 118,235 657,362	depreciation (204,503) (257,283) (88,725) (314,267)	4,029,740 2,383,146 93,697 29,510 343,095

Movements of cost were as below:

	January 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Other (note 1)	December 31, 2015
Land	\$ 4,029,740	-	(41,339)	(42,273)	3,946,128
Buildings	2,587,649	-	(12,814)	(84,970)	2,489,865
Machinery and equipment	350,980	-	(59,426)	32,120	323,674
Transportation equipment	118,235	-	(15,543)	12,462	115,154
Other equipment	657,362	13,529	(10,526)	12,227	672,592
Leasehold improvement	171,741	22,825	-	1,479	196,045
Construction in progress	5,907	25,236	-	(5,337)	25,806
Total	<u>\$ 7,921,614</u>	61,590	(139,648)	(74,292)	7,769,264

# Notes to the Financial Statements

	January 1, 2014	Current increase (note 2)	Current decrease	Other (note 3)	December 31, 2014
Land	\$ 2,387,168	1,999,733	(211,582)	(145,579)	4,029,740
Buildings	3,046,760	49,161	(255,033)	(253,239)	2,587,649
Machinery and equipment	389,234	4,954	(67,709)	24,501	350,980
Transportation equipment	114,462	1,772	(2,878)	4,879	118,235
Other equipment	363,335	67,008	(3,546)	230,565	657,362
Leasehold improvement	159,369	11,927	-	445	171,741
Construction in progress	242,098	17,948		(254,139)	5,907
Total	<u>\$ 6,702,426</u>	2,152,503	(540,748)	(392,567)	7,921,614

Note: 1) Reclassification from other assets – prepayment amounting to \$52,951 and to land and buildings under property and equipment amounting to \$42,273 and \$84,970, respectively.

- 2) Current increase of \$2,152,503 in 2014 includes the cost of property and equipment from general assumption of the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei amounting to \$2,101,326.
- 3) Reclassification from other assets prepayments, \$42,278 and to investment property land and investment property building amounting to \$144,465 and \$290,380, respectively.

Movements of accumulated depreciation were as below:

	Ja	anuary 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Other (note 1)	December 31, 2015
Buildings	\$	204,503	39,987	(3,743)	(3,540)	237,207
Machinery and equipment		257,283	18,615	(49,098)	-	226,800
Transportation equipment		88,725	7,211	(12,071)	-	83,865
Other equipment		314,267	52,436	(9,109)	-	357,594
Leasehold improvement		145,408	12,539	-	-	157,947
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,010,186	130,788	(74,021)	(3,540)	1,063,413

	January 1, 2014		•			December 31, 2014	
Buildings	\$	231,800	40,584	(61,313)	(6,568)	204,503	
Machinery and equipment		289,340	22,967	(55,024)	-	257,283	
Transportation equipment		83,336	7,621	(2,232)	-	88,725	
Other equipment		266,528	50,704	(2,965)	-	314,267	
Leasehold improvement		130,643	14,765		-	145,408	
Total	\$	1,001,647	136,641	(121,534)	(6,568)	1,010,186	

Note: 1) Reclassification to investment property of \$3,540.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

- 2) The increase in \$136,641 in 2014 includes the accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense of property and equipment from general assumption of the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei amounting to \$29,482 (please refer to note 46(1)) and \$107,159, respectively.
- 3) Reclassification to investment property of \$6,568.

As of March 28, 2014, the Bank sold the self-owned building, located at No. 330 Zhongzheng Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.) with the price of \$950,000. Gain on disposal of the building amounting to \$495,714 was recognized after deducting the related expenses of \$37,615 thousands and carrying value. According to the Banking Bureau's letter dated May 15, 2013 (Ref. No. 10200070270), while banks sale and lease back real estates, the gain on property exchange shall be deferred. The gain deferred by the Bank on property exchange for sale and lease back as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, was \$101,066 and \$213,141, respectively, which was recognized as other liabilities-deferred revenue. The realized gain on property exchange for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, was \$112,075 and \$282,573, respectively, which was recognized as gain on property exchange and other non-interest income-investment property.

### (17) Investment property-net

December 31, 2015		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net
Land	\$	691,306	-	691,306
Building		1,712,711	(88,917)	1,623,794
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,404,017	(88,917)	2,315,100
December 31, 2014		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net
<b>December 31, 2014</b> Land	\$	<b>Cost</b> 649,033		<b>Net</b> 649,033
	\$			

Movements of cost were as below:

	Ja	nuary 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassificat ion (note 1)	December 31, 2015
Land	\$	649,033	-	-	42,273	691,306
Building		1,627,741	_		84,970	1,712,711
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,276,774	-		127,243	2,404,017

## Notes to the Financial Statements

	J	anuary 1, 2014	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassificat ion (note 2)	December 31, 2014
Land	\$	510,662	-	(6,094)	144,465	649,033
Building		1,344,396	-	(7,035)	290,380	1,627,741
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,855,058	-	(13,129)	434,845	2,276,774

- Note: 1) Reclassification from land and buildings under property and equipment amounting to \$42,273 and \$84,970, respectively.
  - 2) Reclassification to land and buildings under property and equipment amounting to \$144,465 and \$290,380, respectively.

Movements of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	January 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassificat ion (note 1)	December 31, 2015
Building	<u>\$61,310</u>	24,067	-	3,540	88,917
	January 1, 2014	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassificat ion (note 2)	December 31, 2014
Building	<u>\$ 33,215</u>	23,287	(1,760)	6,568	61,310

Note: 1) Reclassification from buildings under property and equipment of \$3,540.

2) Reclassification to buildings under property and equipment of \$6,568.

For the disclosure of significant disposals of investment property, please refer to notes 16.

According to the evaluation of investment property by external and internal appraisers, the fair value of the investment property held by the Bank as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, was \$4,882,913 and \$3,797,283, respectively.

The investment properties held by the Bank included commercial real estate leasing to others. Every leasing contract contained originally nonrenewable leasing period. The subsequent leasing periods were negotiated with lessees and there were no contingent rents. Please refer to note 42.

As of December 31, 2014, the investment properties owned by the Bank were not under pledge.

#### (18) Intangible assets – net

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Goodwill	\$ 2,197,921	2,197,921
Computer software	93,010	131,647
Core deposits	 127,569	134,791
Total	\$ 2,418,500	2,464,359

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

Goodwill of the Bank arose from acquisition of the outstanding assets and liabilities of The Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei, The Kaohsiung Fifth Credit Cooperative and The First Credit Cooperative of Chiayi and the guarantee by both.

When performing the test of impairment, the Bank estimated its future operating cash flow on the basis of its operating results or objective information from its business cycle.

After performing the assessment above, the Bank did not recognize goodwill impairment loss for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Movements of intangible assets were as follows:

	January 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Other (note 1)	December 31, 2015
Goodwill	\$ 2,197,921	-	-	-	2,197,921
Computer software	131,647	-	(59,866)	21,229	93,010
Core deposits	134,791		(7,222)	-	127,569
Total	<u>\$ 2,464,359</u>		(67,088)	21,229	2,418,500
	January	Current increase	Current	Other	December
	1, 2014	(note 2)	decrease	(note 3)	31, 2014
Goodwill	<b>1, 2014</b> \$ 1,316,159	(note 2) 881,762	decrease -	(note 3)	
Goodwill Computer software	,	× ,	<b>decrease</b> - (55,949)	(note 3) - 39,522	31, 2014
	\$ 1,316,159	881,762	-	-	<b>31, 2014</b> 2,197,921

Note: 1) Reclassification from other assets – prepayment and disposal of the assets amounting to 21,229.

- 2) The increase in 1,020,120 in 2014 transferred from intangible assets of the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei. Please refer to note 46(1).
- 3) Reclassification from other assets prepayment amounting to 39,522.

#### (19) Other assets

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Prepayments	\$	317,813	60,529
Refundable deposits		474,394	69,538
Foreclosed collateral		650,970	658,049
Other		5	3,995
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,443,182	792,111

## Notes to the Financial Statements

	Janu	uary 1, 2014	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassification	December 31, 2014
Cost	\$	667,710	-	(7,079)	-	660,631
Less: Accumulated impairment		9,661				9,661
Total	\$	658,049		(7,079)	-	650,970
	Janu	ary 1, 2015	Current increase	Current decrease	Reclassification	December 31, 2015
Cost	\$	709,894	-	(42,184)	-	667,710
Less: Accumulated impairment		17,057	-	(7,396)	-	9,661

Movements of the foreclosed collateral were as follows:

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the foreclosed assets related to Xin Rui Du amounted to \$632,994. Actions taken by the Bank were as follows:

- 1) The Bank took over the loans which were guaranteed by Xin Rui Du Development Co., Ltd. (Xin Rui Du) from Kaohsiung 5th Credit Cooperative. Xin Rui Du provided 75 pieces of land, located at Plot No. 73, Tie Fu Section, Hu Nei District, Kaohsiung City, as collateral. These pieces of land had been rezoned as industrial and commercial land. Because the majority owner of Xin Rui Du, Su Huei Jen, was involved in a political scandal, Xin Rui Du was not able to repay the loan. However, due to illegal sand mining done by other debtors of Xin Rui Du, the court auctions failed several times. To prevent huge losses, the Bank took these pieces of land as repayment of the loan. The Bank now owns these pieces of land and employs 24-hour security and has set up fences to protect the land.
- 2) The foreclosed land was classified as industrial and commercial land. The Bank owns the property, but the rights of the property were separated from the ownership and were granted to Xin Rui Du. Through legal action, the Bank was appointed as the liquidator of Xin Rui Du, and the Bank publicly auctioned the development rights. Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd. acquired the development rights from the auction, expecting to combine the Bank's ownership and Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd.'s development rights to continue land development, so as to simplify the legal relationship in order to search for potential investors. The Bank has appointed a consultant to apply to the Ministry of Economic Affairs for continuing the development plan with Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd. as the developer for the plan. The Ministry has announced Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd. to take over the plan on April 8, 2014.
- 3) The land would have changed to "agricultural area" from "industrial and commercial land" due to the urban development of Kaohsiung City Government. To protect the rights, the Bank visited Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government on May 26, 2014 and submitted the petition. The Bank also attended to the first meeting held by the ad hoc group of the Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government. In the meeting, the Bank emphasized the efforts made to the land after taking over the development, and reinforced the statement of keeping the land as industrial and commercial land.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

4) The Bank received a formal letter from the Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government on September 5, 2014 after the first meeting. The Bureau asked the Bank to provide the performance of the original development, tax filing of previous years, and the plan and schedule of its future development plan within one month. During the month, the Bank assigned a consulting team to reconsider the product positioning in the market incompliance with the regulation to optimize the use of the land.

The Bank submitted the revised petition with supplements to the Bureau on October 17, 2014.

- 5) After re-discussing with the Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government, the Bank preferred to continue its previous development plan without changing the zoning ordinance in its previous development plan. The Bank submitted the supplementary documents for the revised 3rd vision petition to the ad hoc group of the Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government for further check. Since the members of the group are reshuffled yearly, the scheme of meetings will be decided after new members of the ad hoc group are assigned.
- 6) Panhsin Asset Management Co., Ltd., has been assigned as the developer of the land. The company will take over the communication with the Urban Development Bureau, Kaohsiung City Government, to keep the land as industrial and commercial area, and further application for change of the urban development plan and environmental impact assessment of the Kaohsiung City Government. When the land continues to develop, the value for the area will increase together with the profit of the Bank.
- 7) The land is being appraised regularly by an external appraisal organization to determine whether any impairment existed. For the year ended December 31, 2015, no impairment loss was recognized.

#### (20) Deposits from Central Bank and other banks

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deposits by other banks	\$	620,396	633,943
Call loans from bank-credit		-	317,180
Deposits transferred from the Post Office		699,640	699,640
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,320,036	1,650,763
(21) Payable			
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Accounts payable	\$	31,603	38,384
Accrued expense		347,972	317,411
Interest payable		221,173	234,392
Acceptance payable		217,428	301,351
Collection payable		56,503	90,053
Spot exchange payable		1,578,613	769,263
Other payable		756,117	1,386,601
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,209,409	3,137,455

# 27 BANK OF PANHSIN Notes to the Financial Statements

# (22) Deposits and remittances

	D	ecember 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Checking account	<u>\$</u>	1,626,723	1,956,452
Demand deposits			
Demand deposits		27,992,971	27,877,246
Demand savings deposits		45,755,045	44,504,135
Subtotal of demand deposits		73,748,016	72,381,381
Time deposits			
Time deposits		21,672,930	23,282,096
Negotiable certificates of deposit		580,200	779,300
Subtotal of demand deposits		22,253,130	24,061,396
Time savings deposits			
Staff deposits		1,122,365	1,125,371
Installment savings deposits		126,767	119,116
Non-interest-drawing time savings deposits		9,279,306	9,712,495
Interest-drawing savings deposits		67,421,226	65,441,816
Subtotal of time savings deposits		77,949,664	76,398,798
Foreign currency time deposits		10,666,607	7,604,299
Remittances		33,241	9,153
Deposits and remittances total	<u>\$</u>	186,277,381	182,411,479

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### (23) Financial bonds payable

Name of bond	During	Interest rate	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
The first series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2009	2009.06.26~ 2015.06.26	Fixed 3.00% or floating rate (note 1)	\$ -	370,000
The second series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2009	2009.10.22~ 2015.10.22	Fixed 3.00% or floating rate (note 1)	-	350,000
The first series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2010	2010.11.05~ 2016.11.05	Fixed 3.25%	500,000	500,000
The first series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2011	2011.12.02~ 2017.12.02	Fixed 3.00%	400,000	400,000
The first series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2012	2012.03.21~ 2018.03.21	Fixed 3.00%	100,000	100,000
The second series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2012	2012.11.12~ 2018.11.12	Fixed 3.00%	700,000	700,000
The second series of the subordinate financial debenture in 2014	2014.06.06~ 2020.06.06	Fixed 3.00% or flooting rate (note 2)	3,000,000	3,000,000
			<u>\$ 4,700,000</u>	5,420,000

Note 1: Floating interest rate is 1.70% plus Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.'s stated one-year time deposit rate. The interest rate is reset two working days before the effective date every six months.

Note 2: Floating interest rate is 1.50% plus Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.'s stated one-year time deposit rate. The interest rate is reset two working days before the effective date every year.

## (24) Provision

	D	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Employee benefit obligation – pension	\$	107,036	113,784
Employee benefit obligation—retired employee preferential interest rate deposits		29,682	28,267
Guarantee reserve		39,393	41,000
Unexpected losses reserve		3,938	3,938
Total	<u>\$</u>	180,049	186,989

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (25) Other liabilities

	]	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Unearned revenue	\$	14,416	19,970
Advance interest receipts		13	80
Temporary receipts and suspense accounts		10,300	12,396
Guarantee deposits received		44,115	50,432
Deferred revenue		101,066	217,097
Other advance receipts		23,275	59,706
Total	<u>\$</u>	193,185	359,681

#### (26) Employee benefits

### 1) Defined benefits plan-pension

The present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value adjustments of the plan assets for the Bank were as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Present value of the defined benefit	\$	681,657	684,943
Fair value of plan assets obligations		(574,621)	(571,159)
		107,036	113,784
Effect of Asset Ceiling		-	
Net defined benefit liability (provision-employee benefit obligation)	<u>\$</u>	107,036	113,784

#### 1. Composition of plan assets

The Bank maintains funds for its retirement plan covering all regular employees and recognizing the pension expense based on the actuarial report.

In accordance with the retirement plan, payments of pension benefits are calculated based on the employees' average monthly salary for the last six months prior to their approved retirement and base point (b.p.) entitlement. The b.p. earned by each employee is 2 b.p. for one year of service, and 1 b.p. for the 15th year and thereafter where the maximum b.p. is 45 b.p. The b.p. for employees who rendered services for less than one year and over half year will be 0.5 b.p. and 1 b.p., respectively.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Under the Labor Standards Act, the Bank makes monthly contributions of no less than 2% of the gross salary to the employees' pension fund, which is deposited into a designated depository account with Bank of Taiwan. As well, the Bank contributes pension fund at the rate of 3.5% (previously at 4.7% until February 2001) of the monthly payroll to the employees' pension fund administration committee, which is being deposited in the committee's name in the Bank's Operating Department for interest bearing. This pension fund is not reflected in the financial statements.

2. Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the Bank were as follows:

	2015	2014
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$ 684,943	655,087
Current service costs and interest	22,963	23,071
Remeasurements of a net defined benefit (liability) assets		
-Actuarial (losses) gains arising from changes in	(34,953)	14,010
demographic assumptions		
<ul> <li>Actuarial (losses) gains arising from changes in financial assumptions</li> </ul>	5,065	-
<ul> <li>Actuarial (losses) gains arising from experience adjustments</li> </ul>	25,326	-
Benefits paid by the plan	 (21,687)	(7,225)
Defined benefit obligation at December 31	\$ 681,657	684,943

3. Movements of the defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Bank were as follows:

		2015	2014
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$	571,159	430,038
Current interest		10,969	8,379
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit (liabilities) assets		1,206	1,515
Return on plan assets (excluding current interest)		12,974	138,452
Benefits paid by the plan		(21,687)	(7,225)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<u>\$</u>	574,621	571,159

4. Movements of the effect of the asset ceiling

There were no movements in the effect of the asset ceiling for the Bank in 2015 and 2014.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Bank were as follows:

		2015	2014
Current service costs	\$	9,898	10,491
Net interests on net defined benefit liabilities		2,096	4,201
	<u>\$</u>	11,994	14,692

6. Net remeasurement of the defined benefits liability recognized in other comprehensive income

The Bank's net remeasurement of the defined benefits liability recognized in other comprehensive income as 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	2015		2014	
Cumulative amounts at January 1	\$	12,496	-	
Recognized during the period		(5,768)	12,496	
Cumulative amounts at December 31	\$	6,728	12,496	

#### 7. Actuarial assumptions

The following are the Bank's principal actuarial assumptions:

	<b>December 31, 2015</b>		December 31, 2014	
	Managers	Regular employees	Managers	Regular employees
Discount rate	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	2.00%
Future salary increase	2.13%	2.13%	2.00%	2.00%

The Bank expected the contributions of \$26,451 to be paid to its benefit plans within a year after the reporting date in 2015.

The weighted average durations for managers and regular employees based on the defined benefit plan were 9 and 17 years, respectively.

8. Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumption

When calculating the present value of the defined benefit obligations, the Bank uses judgments and estimations to determine the actuarial assumptions, including discount rates and future salary changes, as of the financial statement date. Any changes in the actuarial assumptions may significantly impact the amount of the defined benefit obligations.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the effect of changes in actuarial assumption on the present value of the defined benefit obligation was as follows:

	The effect of defined benefit obligation		
	Increase%	Decrease %	
At December 31, 2015			
Discount rate (changes 0.25%)	(2.80)%	2.92%	
Future salary increase (changes 0.25%)	2.83%	(2.73)%	
At December 31, 2014			
Discount rate (changes 0.25%)	(2.44)%	2.53%	
Future salary increase (changes 0.25%)	2.44%	(2.51)%	

The above sensitivity analysis is analyzed based on the effect of changes in a single assumption under the condition that other assumptions remain constant. In practice, many changes in assumptions may be correlative. The method used for sensitivity analysis and the calculation of the net pension liability are the same.

The method used for measurement and the assumption used for sensitivity analysis are the same with those of the previous years.

2) Defined benefit plans-retired employee preferential interest rate deposits

The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the fair value of the plan assets of the Bank were as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Present value of the defined benefit Fair value of plan asset obligations	\$	29,682	28,267
		29,682	28,267
Effect of Asset Ceiling		-	-
Net defined benefit liabilities (provisions-employee benefit obligations)	<u>\$</u>	29,682	28,267

1. Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Bank were as follows:

		2015	2014
Current service costs	\$	1,416	1,252
Actuarial profit or loss		-	12,536
Past service costs		-	552
Costs recognized for the preferential interest rate deposit plan	<u>\$</u>	1,416	14,340

## Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Actuarial assumptions

Actuarial assumptions used for the preferential interest rate deposit plan of the Bank were as follows:

	2015	2014
Discount rates	4.00%	4.00%
Returns on fund deposits	2.00%	2.00%
Withdrawal rates	1.00%	1.00%
Possibility of changes in the preferential deposit plan	50.00%	50.00%
Preferential interests	3.00%	3.00%

### 3) Defined contribution plans

The Bank allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under this defined contribution plan, the Bank allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligations.

The Bank's pension costs under the defined contribution method were \$46,811 and \$38,673 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Payment was made to the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

#### (27) Income tax

1) The income tax expenses for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

		2015	2014
Income tax expense	\$	25,387	43,078
Deferred income tax expense		116,072	121,808
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	141,459	<u>164,886</u>

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was follows:

	2015		2014
Profit before tax	<u>\$</u>	876,903	661,090
Income tax at statutory rate	\$	149,074	112,385
Income of OBU exempt from tax		(29,030)	(30,677)
Investment income under the equity method		(2,436)	72,147
Dealing gain from securities trading, net		(12,415)	(8,137)
Dividend income		(8,633)	(8,703)
Gain on sale of land, net		(22,766)	(53,769)
Changes in other temporary difference		20	14
Adjustment and expiration of prior year's loss carryforwards		42,228	39,856
Adjustment of prior year's tax		(4,148)	13,883
Unappropriated earnings of tax		341	2,305
Basic income tax		29,195	26,891
Recognition (reversal) of previously unrecognized tax loss		-	932
Other		29	(2,241)
investment tax credit			
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	141,459	164,886

## 2) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

## 1. Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Unrecognized deferred tax assets were as follows:

	D	1 21 2015	December 31,
	Decem	ber 31, 2015	2014
Tax loss	<u>\$</u>	59,000	42,000

The ROC Income Tax Act states that net losses can be carried forward for ten consecutive years to reduce taxable income. However, the losses were not recognized as deferred tax assets since the Bank has little possibility of utilizing the loss carry forward in the future.
## Notes to the Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2015, the amounts, of unutilized losses and the years of expiry were as follows:

Year of loss	2015	Year of expiry
2009	\$ 1,19	91,081 2019
2010	1,62	20,378 2020
2011	25	52,418 2021
2012		71,463 2022
	<u>\$ 3,13</u>	<u>35,340</u>

In 2014, the Bank recognized the previously unrecognized tax loss of \$59,000 as a deferred tax asset based on the change in future operating performance estimates. Since the profit growth trend is not yet stable, based on current estimates, the remaining tax loss of \$59,000 was not recognized as a deferred tax asset. However, once the operating income can continue to grow next year, it is expected that the unrecognized tax loss mentioned above will be recognized, and additional taxable profit of \$59,000 will occur.

#### 2. Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, were as follows:

Deferred Tax Liabilities:

		Capital leases	Land incremental tax	Total
January 1, 2014 (As of December 31, 2015)	\$	3,007	108,190	<u>111,197</u>
January 1, 2014	\$	3,007	32,030	35,037
Transfer from the Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei		-	76,160	76,160
December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	3,007	108,190	111,197

Deferred Tax Assets:

	_	Defined nefit plan	Allowance for bad debts in excess of limit	Income loss	Others	Total
January 1, 2015	\$	35,157	141,118	591,819	5,847	773,941
Recognized in profit or loss		(167)	_	(117,812)	1,907	(116,072)
December 31, 2015	\$	34,990	141,118	474,007	7,754	657,869
January 1, 2014	\$	54,071	141,118	697,067	3,493	895,749
Recognized in profit or loss		(18,914)	_	(105,248)	2,354	(121,808)
December 31, 2014	\$	35,157	141,118	591,819	5,847	773,941

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The Banks' tax returns were examined by the tax authorities for all years through 2013.

#### (28) Imputation tax information

Imputation tax information was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Unappropriated earnings of 1998 and after	<u>\$ 681,975</u>	429,849
Balance of imputation credit account	<u>\$ 80,892</u>	128,256
	2015 (estimated)	2014 (actual)
Imputation tax credit ratio of earnings to be distributed to R.O.C. residents	<u> </u>	<u>21.11</u> %

Effective January 1, 2015, the creditable ratio for distribution of earnings to R.O.C. residents will be half of the original creditable ratio mentioned above in accordance with the amended Income Tax Act. In case that the gross dividends or the gross earnings received by such individual or profit-seeking enterprise contain any income subject to a 10% surcharge of profit-seeking income tax which was actually paid under the provisions, half of the amount of the surcharged profit-seeking income tax may offset the amount of income tax which should be withheld from the payment of the net amount of such dividends or earnings.

#### (29) Equity

#### 1) Capital stock and capital surplus

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Bank's authorized capital and issued capital were \$15,000,000, and paid-in capital for common stock was \$12,211,753 and \$11,057,900, respectively.

A resolution was passed during the board meeting held on March 19, 2014, for the issuance of 150,000 thousand new common stocks, amounting to \$1,500,000 thousands with par value of 10 dollars. The issuance date was May 27, 2014 and the Bank has completed the registration on June 6, 2014.

Following the resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 25, 2015, the Bank decided a capital increase of 35,385 thousand common stocks to be issued at NT\$10 per share from the retained earnings amounting to \$353,853, with August 28, 2015 as its issuance date for capital increase. The Bank has completed the registration.

A resolution was passed during the board meeting held on September 16, 2015 for the issuance of 80,000 thousand new common stocks amounting to 800,000 thousands, with par value of \$10 per share. The issuance date was December 3, 2015, and the Bank has completed the registration on December 28, 2015.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Pursuant to the Company Act, realized capital surplus shall be used initially to cover a deficit (or a loss), and the balance, if any, can be transferred to capital or distributed as cash dividends. Also, realized capital surplus includes the premium income derived from the issuance of new shares and endowments received by the Bank. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities Issuers, the amount of capital surplus used to increase capital shall not exceed 10% of the total paid-in capital.

2) Changes in the Bank's other equity interest were as below:

	dif su	Exchange ferences of overseas bsidiaries' financial reports canslation	Unrealized (losses) gains on available-for- sale financial assets	Total
January 1, 2015	\$	-	30,069	30,069
Available-for-sale financial assets				
-Valuation adjustment		-	48,133	48,133
-Realized amount		-	43,767	43,767
Foreign currency translation difference		6,169	-	6,169
December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	6,169	121,969	128,138
January 1, 2014 Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	-	(5,478)	(5,478)
-Valuation adjustment		-	(8,777)	(8,777)
-Realized amount		-	44,324	44,324
December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>		30,069	30,069

#### (30) Restrictions on legal reserve and appropriation of retained earnings

The ROC Company Act stipulates that when a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution to be adopted by the shareholders' meeting as required, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or distributing cash. Only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of the issued share capital may be distributed. However, according to the Bank Act of the Republic of China, unless and until the accumulated legal reserve equals the bank's paid-in capital, the maximum cash profit which may be distributed shall not exceed 15% of the bank's paid-in capital.

According to the Bank's Articles of Incorporation, any annual earnings of the Bank shall first be used to pay income tax and offset any deficits, after which, 30% of the remaining earnings, as well as the special reserve, shall be provided as legal reserve. Afterwards, dividends on preferred stock shall be distributed. Distribution of the remaining earnings shall then be as follows:

- 1) Stockholders' dividends proposed by the board of directors shall be decided in the stockholders' meeting;
- 2) 5% as directors' and supervisors' remuneration; and
- 3) 5% as employee remuneration.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

As of June 25, 2015, the Bank revised its articles of incorporation on the distribution of its remaining earnings as follows:

1) Stockholders' dividends proposed by the board of directors shall be decided in the stockholders' meeting;

2) 1.5% as directors' and supervisors' remuneration; and

3) 3% as employee remuneration.

The differences between the amounts approved in the shareholders' meeting and those recognized in the financial statements, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimate, and are recognized as profit or loss in the year of earnings distribution. If the employee remuneration are paid using the Bank's stock, the closing price of the day before the shareholders' meeting would be used to calculate the number of shares to be distributed.

On June 25, 2015, the shareholder's meeting resolved to distribute a stock dividend of NT\$0.32(dollars) per share, amounting to \$353,853 thousand, as well as the remuneration to directors and supervisors of \$17,843 and \$17,843, respectively. There were no distribution of remuneration to employee, directors and supervisors in 2014.

The Bank decided to distribute a cash dividend for preferred stocks amounting to 156,453 thousands after covering its accumulated deficits of 1,621,625 thousands based on the resolution of the shareholder's meeting held on June 17, 2014. There were no distribution for of remuneration to employee, directors and supervisors in 2013.

The related information on earnings distribution approved at the shareholders' meeting and board meeting is available on the Market Observation Post System Website.

In accordance with the Company Act amended in May 2015, earning distriutions are limited to shareholders and should not include employees, directors or supervisors. the Bank plans to make amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation within the required time frame to reflect the amended regulation.

#### (31) Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share of the Bank for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, were as follows:

		2015	2014
Basic earnings per share			
Net income attributable to common stockholders of the Bank	<u>\$</u>	735,444	496,204
Weighted-average number of common shares		1,147,531	1,079,255
Basic earnings per share (in New Taiwan dollars)	\$	0.64	0.46

## Notes to the Financial Statements

		2015	2014
Diluted EPS			
Net income for calculating diluted EPS	<u>\$</u>	735,444	496,204
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (thousand shares)		1,147,531	1,079,255
Influence of potentially dilutives shares – employees' bonus			
Conversion of convertible bonds		818	1,706
Conversion of convertible compensation		1,566	-
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding – diluted (thousand shares)		1,149,915	1,080,961
Diluted EPS (in New Taiwan dollars)	\$	0.64	0.46
The Bank had no potentially dilutive effect of common shares i	in 2014.		
) Net interest income			
		2015	2014
Interest income			
Loans and advances to customers	\$	3,476,379	3,194,573
Due from Central Bank		31,551	29,550
Loans and advances to Central Bank		200,457	199,857
Due from banks and call loans to banks		21,744	40,812
Investment in securities		189,144	166,179
Other		74,857	42,432
Subtotal		3,994,132	3,673,403
Interest expense			
Deposits from customers		1,349,544	1,229,863
Deposits and placements of banks		126,338	107,812
Debt securities issued		-	243
Financial bonds		154,701	136,737
Other		374	535
Subtotal		1,630,957	1,475,190
	\$	2,363,175	2,198,213

The interest above did not include interest from financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## (33) Service fees-net

	2015		2014	
Service fee income				
Agency service charge revenue	\$	366,943	199,696	
Agency insurance charge revenue		140,228	156,246	
Loan service fee income		171,658	190,560	
Trust service fee income		67,157	103,605	
Foreign exchange service income		25,615	24,241	
Interbank service		25,204	23,340	
Guarantee service income		52,369	40,873	
Other service income		4,167	6,549	
Service fee income total		853,341	745,110	
Service fee expense				
Remittance fee		2,260	1,711	
Custodian fee		2,284	2,059	
Agency fee		2,239	2,168	
Other service fee		12,533	7,358	
Trust service fee		5,594	4,243	
Interbank service fee		15,199	15,104	
Service fee expense total		40,109	32,643	
	<u>\$</u>	813,232	712,467	

## (34) Gain (loss) on financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

	2015	2014
Gain (loss) on disposal of financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Government bonds	\$ 9,025	(160)
Negotiable certificates of deposit	15,426	11,368
Equity securities	5,959	5,272
Commercial paper	7,797	(4,411)
Derivatives	200,963	9,836
Credit-linked notes	 874	1,347
	 240,044	23,252

## Notes to the Financial Statements

		2015	2014
Gain (loss) on financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss—evaluation			
Government bonds	\$	3,177	(290)
Negotiable certificates of deposit		(2,953)	2,690
Securities		41	(105)
Beneficiary securities		(3,195)	(1,394)
Equity securities		1,947	(820)
Derivatives		20,539	1,761
Credit-linked notes		5,178	19,205
		24,734	21,047
Dividend income and interest income		14,779	10,817
	\$	279,557	55,116
(35) Realized gain on available-for-sale financial assets			
		2015	2014
Government bonds	\$	34,145	11,751
Corporate bonds		15,466	23,477
Equity securities		1,345	9,096
Beneficiary securities		29,794	36,416
Total	<u>\$</u>	80,750	80,740
(36) Other non-interest income (expense)			
		2015	2014
Rental income	\$	84,112	68,969
Gain on equity investment carried at cost		13,802	14,779
Loss on disposal of assets		(13,559)	(13,727)
Gain on disposal of foreclosed assets		167	1,209
Loss on disposal of other assets		(110)	-
Other revenue (loss)		20,311	(19,242)
Investment property depreciation		(24,069)	(23,287)
Total	<u>\$</u>	80,654	28,701

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (37) Bad debt expense and reserve for guarantees

		2015	2014
Loans and discounts	\$	245,333	533,962
Accounts receivable		(19,600)	(488,630)
Reserve for (reversal of) guarantee liabilities		(1,607)	24,128
Total	<u>\$</u>	224,126	<u>69,460</u>
(38) Employee benefits expense		2015	2014
Salary	\$	1,274,950	1,146,194
Labor and health insurance		97,229	85,520
Pension		58,805	53,365
Others		32,981	25,231
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,463,965	<u>1,310,310</u>

#### (39) Remuneration to employees and directors

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Bank estimated its remuneration to employees and directors to be \$16,978 and \$8,489, respectively. The remuneration to employee and directors is based on a percentage of net income before income tax. The percentage rates which used to estimate the remuneration to employees and directors are 2% and 1%, respectively. The remuneration to employee and directors should be reported as operating expenses of the current year. The differences between actual distribution amounts in the following year and the amounts estimated, if any, are accounted as changes in accounting estimates and recognized as profit or loss in the year of earnings distribution. The related information about earnings distribution approved at the shareholders' meeting and board meeting is available on the Market Observation Post System Website.

#### (40) Depreciation and amortization expenses

		2015	2014
Building	\$	39,987	40,584
Machinery and equipment		18,615	22,026
Transportation equipment		7,211	7,300
Other equipment		52,436	26,481
Leasehold improvement		12,539	10,768
Depreciation subtotal		130,788	107,159
Computer software amortization		59,866	55,949
Core deposit		7,222	3,009
Amortization subtotal		67,088	58,958
Total	<u>\$</u>	197,876	166,117

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## (41) Other general and administrative expenses

	2015	2014
Rental and facility expense	\$ 162,713	140,796
Administrative expense	301,576	329,888
Marketing expense	18,319	22,515
Value-added tax expense	294,306	215,796
Other expense	 144,443	140,775
Total	\$ 921,357	849,770

## (42) Financial instruments

1) Information on fair value of financial instruments

	December 3	1, 2015	December 31,	2014
<b>Financial Assets</b>	Book value	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Book value</b>
Non-derivative				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,541,415	4,541,415	4,926,728	4,926,728
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks	33,738,715	33,738,715	32,260,996	32,260,996
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,613,772	2,613,772	4,673,044	4,673,044
Available for sale financial assets	12,728,369	12,728,369	14,711,668	14,711,668
Securities purchased under resell agreements	6,233,031	6,233,031	3,926,169	3,926,169
Receivables-net	3,227,327	3,227,327	1,501,115	1,501,115
Long-term investment under equity method	525,747	525,747	555,412	555,412
Discounts and loans	131,326,162	131,326,162	128,273,163	128,273,163
Held-to-maturity financial assets — net	750,450	750,450	753,678	753,678
Other financial assets-net	55,537	55,537	65,537	65,537
Derivative financial instruments				
Trading purpose				
Futures	\$ 33,421	33,421	4	4
Forwards	20,985	20,985	6,675	6,675
Credit default swaps	389,519	389,519	-	-

## Notes to the Financial Statements

<b>Financial Liabilities</b>	December 3 Book value	1, 2015 Book value	December 31, 2014 Book value Book valu		
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Deposits from Central Bank and other banks	\$ 1,320,036	1,320,036	1,650,763	1,650,763	
Payables	3,209,409	3,209,409	3,137,455	3,137,455	
Deposits and remittances	186,277,381	186,277,381	182,411,479	182,411,479	
Financial debentures	4,700,000	4,700,000	5,420,000	5,420,000	
Derivative financial instruments					
Trading purpose					
Forwards	\$ 22,739	22,739	21	21	
Futures	16,494	16,494	941	941	
Credit default swaps	392,155	392,155	-	-	

The Bank enters into forwards to satisfy its clients' transaction needs, to offset the Bank's funding gap between local currency and foreign currency, and to avoid the market price risk arising from rising interest rates.

- 2) Methods and assumptions applied to estimate the fair value of financial instruments are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Fair value of short-term financial instruments is estimated by their book value on the statement of financial position date. Since these instruments have short maturities, the book value is adopted as a reasonable basis for estimating the fair value. This method is applied to cash, due from Central Bank and call loans to banks, securities purchased under resell agreements, receivables, other financial assets, guarantee deposits paid, deposits from Central Bank and other banks, payables, current tax liabilities, securities sold under repurchase agreements, and other financial liabilities.
  - 2. For financial instruments designated as at FVTPL, available-for-sale financial assets, and financial assets carried at cost, the quoted price is regarded as its fair value. If there is no quoted price for the financial asset, its fair value is estimated on the basis of a valuation technique that refers to quoted prices provided by financial institutions. Estimates and assumptions for a valuation technique used by the Bank are consistent with the information adopted by market participants when pricing the financial instruments when such information is available to the Bank.
  - 3. Loans and discounts, and deposits are interest-bearing assets or liabilities; therefore, the book value of both financial assets and liabilities is equivalent to their fair value. The net book value of non-performing accounts, after deducting provision for bad debts, is adopted as the fair value.
  - 4. Please refer to note 17 for further information of valuation of investment property.
  - 5. For valuation of financial debentures, the fair value is the discounted present value of future cash flow. The discount rate is based on the interest rate for loans with similar terms (e.g. the same maturity date).

## Notes to the Financial Statements

- 6. For valuation of derivative instruments with no quoted market prices, the fair value is determined on the basis of the discounted cash flow method.
- 7. The Bank estimated the fair value of each forward contract on the basis of exchange rates quoted by Reuters. The fair value of interest rate swap contracts and cross-currency swap contracts is estimated on the basis of market quotations by Reuters.
- 8. The Bank would calculate its Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) by assessing the Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) of the counterparty before multiplying the Exposure At Default (EAD) of the counterparty. On the contrary, DVA is computed by applying the PD of the Bank and considering the LGD of the Bank before being multiplied by the amount of the EAD of the Bank.

The Bank adopts IFRSs No. 39 or considers the obtainable information to evaluate the possibility of bad debt occurrence and loss rate, which are the basis of its estimation for the PD and LGD. The Bank also uses the Mark To Market (MTM) of the derivation traded in Over- the- Counter as a basis of its estimation for EAD.

- 3) Information on fair value hierarchy of financial instruments and movement of financial assets measured at fair value classified in Level 3
  - 1. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:
    - (A) Level 1

Fair value measurement for a financial instrument classified in Level 1 is determined as the quoted price for an identical financial instrument in an active market. The definition of active market has all of the following conditions: (1) the products traded in the market are homogeneous, (2) willing parties are available anytime in the market, and (3) price information is available for the public.

(B) Level 2

Fair value measurement for a financial instrument classified in Level 2 is determined as the observable price other than the quoted price in an active market, including an observable input obtained in an active market, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). The examples of an observable price are as follows:

- A) The quoted price for an identical financial instrument in an active market means the fair value from the market transaction prices for an identical financial instrument. An identical financial instrument should be determined by its characteristics and terms of transaction. The fair value of a financial instrument has to be adjusted according to the observable market price of the identical financial instrument. The reasons for adjustments include time lag of the occurring market transaction prices for an identical financial instrument (the quoted prices do not represent the fair value at the measurement date), the difference in transaction terms for financial instruments, transaction prices of identical financial instruments and the market prices of held financial instruments.
- B) The quoted market price of the same or identical financial instruments in an inactive market.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

- C) The fair value is estimated on the basis of the results of a valuation technique, and the market inputs used (i.e., interest rate, yield curve, and fluctuation rate) are based on obtainable data from the market (an observable input means an input can be derived from market data and can reflect the expectation of market participants when the inputs are used in evaluating the prices of financial instruments).
- D) A majority of inputs are derived from observable market data, or the input correlation can be tested based on observable market data.
- (C) Level 3

Input for a fair value measurement for a financial instrument classified in Level 3 is not based on obtainable data from market but is based on the assumption in making appropriate estimates and adjustments. If it is not possible to develop a valuation model, quoted price from the counterparty is used as fair value. Certain derivative instruments, and debts investment without an active market of the Bank and its subsidiary's investment, belong to such category.

2. Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments

		Dec	cember 31, 2015		
Fair value measurement for a financial instrument	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Instruments measured at fair value					
<u>Non-Derivative Financial</u> <u>Instruments</u>					
Assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Financial assets held for trading					
Investment in stocks	\$ 71,265	71,265	-	-	71,265
Investment in debentures	874,767	152,668	722,099	-	874,767
Investment in bonds	1,408,667	1,408,667	-	-	1,408,667
Investment in beneficiary certificates	124,834	124,834	-	-	124,834
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	134,239	-	-	134,239	134,239
Available-for-sale financial assets					
Investment in stocks	721,677	721,677	-	-	721,677
Investment in debentures	11,699,224	8,464,463	3,234,761	-	11,699,224
Other	307,468	307,468	-	-	307,468
<b>Derivative Financial Instruments</b>					
Assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 443,925	-	443,925	-	443,925
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	431,388	-	431,388	-	431,388
Instruments not measured at fair value					
Held-to-maturity financial assets-net	750,450	750,450	-	-	750,450
Investment property	2,315,100	-	4,882,913	-	4,882,913

## Notes to the Financial Statements

		Dee	cember 31, 2014		
Fair value measurement for a financial instrument	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Instruments measured at fair value</u> <u>Non-Derivative Financial</u> <u>Instruments</u> Assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Financial assets held for trading					
Investment in stocks	\$ 62,829	6,289	-	-	6,289
Investment in debentures	1,261,366	200,414	1,060,952	-	1,261,366
Investment in bonds	2,963,663	2,963,663	-	-	2,963,663
Investment in beneficiary certificates	246,228	246,228	-	-	246,228
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	138,958	-	-	138,958	138,958
Available-for-sale financial assets					
Investment in stocks	726,828	726,828	-	-	726,828
Investment in debentures	13,799,048	10,641,699	3,157,349	-	13,799,048
Beneficiary certificates	185,792	185,792	-	-	185,792
<b>Derivative Financial Instruments</b>					
Assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 6,679	-	6,679	-	6,679
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	962	-	962	-	962
Instruments not measured at fair value					
Held-to-maturity financial assets-net	753,678	753,678	-	-	753,678
Investment property	2,215,464	-	3,797,283	-	3,797,283

## 3. Movement of financial assets measured at fair value classified in Level 3

Items	Beginning balance	The amount recognized in current net income	The amount recognized in other comprehensive income	Purchase or issue	201: Current increase Transfer into Level 3	Transfer of financial liabilities in Level 3 to financial assets in Level 3	Sale, disposal, or settlement	Current decrease Transfer out of Level 3	Transfer of financial assets in Level 3 to financial liabilities in Level 3	Ending balance
Financial assets at FVTPL										
Financial assets held for trading	<u>\$ 138,958</u>	(4,719)	-			•	-	-	-	134,239
Itens	Beginning balance	The amount recognized in current net income	The amount recognized in other comprehensive income	Purchase or issue	201- Current increase Transfer into Level 3	4 Transfer of financial liabilities in Level 3 to financial assets in Level 3	Sale, disposal, or settlement	Current decrease Transfer out of Level 3	Transfer of financial assets in Level 3 to financial liabilities in Level 3	Ending balance
Financial assets at FVTPL										
Financial assets held for		7,103								138,958

### Notes to the Financial Statements

- 4. There is no transfer between level 1 and level 2 financial instrument measured at fair value.
- 5. Quantitative information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

Classified under Level 3 were credit-linked notes. The positions belonging to a third-party source (including quotes from bonds in foreign currency) and the "Sensitivity Analysis of Fair Value If Reasonably Possible Alternative Assumptions Are Used" are not adopted because the relationship between the significant unobservable inputs and the fair value is difficult to obtain.

6. Valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements

The Bank's Financial Division (the "Division) is responsible for independently verifying fair value, confirming the reasonableness of price provided by third parties.

7. Sensitivity analysis of Level 3 fair value if reasonably possible alternative assumptions are used

The Bank does not establish its valuation models. The fair value is based on the quoted price of the counterparty. Therefore, the Sensitivity analysis of Level 3 fair value is not applicable.

- 4) For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, gains (losses) recognized by the Bank from the fair value evaluation of financial instruments by using valuation techniques amounted to \$227,554 and \$32,149, respectively.
- 5) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

IAS 32 section 42 on "Offsetting financial instruments transaction" is not applicable to the Bank, and the transactions related to financial assets and financial liabilities are not expressed as net value on the balance sheet.

The Bank has an exercisable master netting arrangement or similar agreements (such as repurchase agreement, reverse repurchase and derivatives transaction)

6) Financial risk management

The Bank uses risk management with effective risk diversification to meet its business operating targets, to increase its value, and to ensure benefit to its shareholders. The risk management is based on the needs of customers, business development, overall risk tolerance, and regulatory requirements.

The major risks that the Bank might possibly face are credit risk, market risk, and liquidity risk of items on and off the statements of financial position.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

The Bank has established and documented various risk management policies and procedures which have been approved by the board of directors. The board of directors of the Bank has ultimate responsibility for risk management and is responsible for the establishment and effectiveness of operation of risk management. There are a business development committee, credit committee, asset and liability management committee, risk management committee, trust property management committee, human recruitment committee, employee training committee, and information development committee to take charge of business development, business operation, risk controls, etc. The risk management committee is responsible for the principles, policies and targets of the Bank's overall risk control and is also responsible for coordination among committees. Internal control is in charge of the independent check of the risk controls.

- 1. Credit risk
  - (A) Description of credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss of the Bank and its subsidiaries resulting from a borrower failing to meet its contractual obligations due to credit deterioration or other factors (such as an argument between the borrower and a counter-party).

(B) Credit risk management policy

The Bank's target is to develop a sound system of credit risk management mechanisms by using effective identification, measurement, communication and reporting, monitoring and management of the various credit risks to control possible credit risk at a tolerable level, to maintain adequate capital, to increase the return on assets after adjustments, to connect the risk level and business strategies, and to achieve the business and operation goals by gradually making transparent, systematizing, and professional the credit risk management.

(C) Credit risk management scope

The Bank is engaged in activities on and off the statement of financial position, which would cause (occurred or not yet occurred) credit risk. The activities are the overall credit business, overdue loan business, and use of credit risk mitigation tools (such as the provision of collateral guarantees and hedging) as well as other operations related to the product or parts of the credit risk associated with the activities aforementioned included in the scope of credit risk management mechanisms.

(D) Credit risk management procedures

The credit risk management procedures include risk identification, measurement, communication, monitoring, and reporting. To maintain the standard of credit business at a safe and moderate level, to monitor the credit risk, to evaluate new business opportunities, and to identify and manage problems in credit cases, the business department must follow all the procedures of the Bank when conducting business. To ensure credit risk at a tolerable level, each credit case must be authorized by decentralized procedures which include a serious review process to improve the quality of assets, reassessment and an early alarm system after authorizing loans to fully grasp the operating and financial information of the client and the status of the economy, and continuous evaluation and monitoring of changes in credibility to early discover any information which has not been announced publicly and to detect any indication of default risk. Thus, the Bank could control the quality of assets at a tolerable level, balance the risks and profitability, and also improve the business performance and benefit the investors.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

- (E) Credit risk hedging policy
  - A) Strengthening security

Besides strengthening the reviews process, setting risk limits, adjusting credit amounts and conditions, and monitoring loans, the Bank is also increasing the pledged amount and the quality of guarantee to reduce credit risk. Also, the Bank has established standards and measurement, management, and disposal procedures for pledged assets.

B) Managing credit concentration risk limits and risk management

To avoid the risk of business concentration, the Bank sets limits to its main business by country, by industry, by group, and by individual client each year. The limits are reviewed and updated yearly according to the overall economic environment and industrial development prospects. Transactions are kept within prescribed limits to control the risk of business concentration. In addition, for credit for individual companies and groups, the Bank also sets limits for industries, individuals, related parties, and related companies of the same group. Monthly reporting of changes in circumstances and the credit limits is required to implement the principle of spreading risk to ensure stable operation.

- (F) Policy of Mitigation of Credit Risk
  - A) Collateral

The Bank adopts different policies and measures to reduce credit risk. For those events with lower possibility of default and having large amounts, the Bank requires the borrower to provide collateral and guarantor, or uses the on-balance sheet netting methods to mitigate or transfer credit risk. However, the Bank will take the risk for those events with relatively low possibility of default and having small amounts.

B) Credit extension limit and credit risk concentration control

To bear and control concentration risk, the Bank set up its concentration limits to individuals, related parties, groups of companies, industries and their respective locations, as well as by classifying different types of collaterals.

C) General conventions of net settlement

Most of the transactions are settled on a gross basis. However, to lower the credit risk, the Bank will deal with certain counterparties on a master netting arrangement basis. Also, when default of counterparties occurs, the Bank will cease all of the transactions and deal on net basis with the defaulting counterparties

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## (G) Maximum exposure to credit risk

Without taking any collateral or other credit enhancement mitigation effect into account, the maximum exposure to credit risk of on-balance sheet financial assets is equal to their carrying values and the maximum exposure to credit risk of off-balance sheet financial instruments were as follows:

				mber 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Unused amounts of irrevoc commitments	able	e loan	\$	2,443,489	2,509,632
Unused amount of irrevoca	ble	letter of credit		1,098,055	1,052,209
Various guarantee proceed	S			3,761,168	4,059,433
Total			\$	7,302,712	7,621,274
December 31, 2015		Collateral	Master netting arrangement	Other credit enhancemen	
<u>Items on statement of</u> <u>financial positions</u>					
Loans and discounts	\$	99,212,318	-	33,673,24	42 132,885,560
Acceptance receivables		9,054	-	208,3	74 217,428
<u>Items off statement of</u> <u>financial positions</u>					
Various guarantee proceeds		2,093,498	-	1,667,6	70 3,761,168
Total	<u>\$</u>	101,314,870	-	35,549,2	86 136,864,156
December 31, 2014		Collateral	Master netting arrangement	Other credit enhancemen	•
<u>Items on statement of</u> <u>financial positions</u>					
Loans and discounts	\$	101,241,387	-	28,659,2	129,900,657
Acceptance receivables		1,157	-	300,1	94 301,351
<u>Items off statement of</u> <u>financial positions</u>					
Various guarantee proceeds		1,916,297	-	2,143,13	36 4,059,433
Total	<u>\$</u>	103,158,841	-	31,102,6	00 134,261,441

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (H) The Bank's credit risk concentration

The Bank attaches importance to the principles of credit risk diversification. For extension of credit and investment as a whole, the Bank has no concentration of credit risk on a single customer or counterparty. The Bank's credit exposure arises mainly from business loans based in Taiwan. Thus, there is no breakdown of credit risk by area. Concentration of credit risk by industry and collateral was as follows:

Industry

Financial collateral

Real estate

Guarantee

Others

		December 31, 20	015	December 31, 2	014
Industry type		Amount	%	Amount	%
Manufacturing	\$	13,336,811	10.04	14,403,842	11.09
General businesses		43,265,941	32.55	39,753,433	30.60
Constructions		3,780,855	2.85	3,539,264	2.72
Individuals		64,204,357	48.32	64,853,264	49.93
Others		8,297,596	6.24	7,350,854	5.66
	<u>\$</u>	132,885,560	100.00	129,900,657	100.00
Collaterals					
		December 31, 20	)15	December 31, 2	014
Types of collateral		Amount	%	Amount	%
Non-secured	\$	33,673,242	25.34	28,659,270	22.06
Secured		99,212,318	74.66	101,241,387	77.94

1.69

66.38

5.46

1.13

100.00

1,940,360

91,324,591

6,935,780

1.040.656

129.900.657

1.49

70.30

5.34

0.80

100.00

2,251,418

88,202,707

7,258,484

1,499,709

132,885,560

#### (I) Credit quality and impairment analysis of overdue credit

\$

Due to the high credibility of counterparties, the Bank has assessed the credit risk of the financial assets owned, for example, cash and cash equivalents, due from Central Bank and call loans to other banks, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, securities purchased under resell agreements, loans, refundable deposits, operating deposits and settlement funds, to be low.

Though the financial assets may be overdue when the borrower has temporarily delayed its payment, no impairment has occurred. According to the Bank's policy, no impairment has occurred if the financial assets were less than 90 days overdue, unless, other objective evidence appears.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Additional credit quality analysis of financial assets was as follows:

## A) Credit quality analysis for loans and discounts, and receivables

	Non-	overdue and non-	impaired amou	nt			Allowance for impairment loss (D) With			
Name	Low risk	Medium risk	High risk	Subtotal (A)	Overdue but not impaired amount (B)	Impairment (C)	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	objective evidence of impairment	No objective evidence of impairment	Net (A)+(B)+(C)- (D)
Items on statement of financial position										
Receivables										
Acceptance receivables	\$ 217,428	-	-	217,428	-	-	217,428	-	3,483	213,945
Other receivables	1,123,720	89	122	1,123,931	4,147	355	1,128,433	2,268	-	1,126,165
Others	1,887,217	-	-	1,887,217	-	-	1,887,217	-	-	1,887,217
Loans and discounts	 128,355,544	1,810,602	229,445	130,395,591	1,580,421	909,548	132,885,560	400,173	1,249,225	131,236,162
	\$ 131,583,909	1,810,691	229,567	133,624,167	1,584,568	909,903	136,118,638	402,441	1,252,708	134,463,489
Items off statement of financial position										
Commitments and guarantees	\$ 3,761,168	-	-	3,761,168	-	-	3,761,168	-	-	3,761,168
Credit	1,086,885	9,923	1,247	1,098,055	-	-	1,098,055	-	-	1,098,055

## Notes to the Financial Statements

		December 31, 2014												
	Non-overdue and non-impaired amount								Allowance for loss With objective	(D) No objective	Net			
Name		Low risk	Medium risk	High risk	Subtotal (A)	not impaired amount (B)	Impairment (C)	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	evidence of impairment	evidence of impairment	(A)+(B)+(C)- (D)			
Items on statement of financial position														
Receivables														
Acceptance receivables	\$	301,351	-	-	301,351	-	-	301,351	-	3,483	297,868			
Other receivables		120,257	45	58	120,360	2,463	1,863	124,686	23,020	-	101,666			
Others		1,101,581	-	-	1,101,581	-	-	1,101,581	-	-	1,101,581			
Loans and discounts		126,799,527	866,293	125,416	127,791,236	986,493	1,122,928	129,900,657	442,241	1,185,253	128,273,163			
	\$	128,322,716	866,338	125,474	129,314,528	988,956	1,124,791	131,428,275	465,261	1,188,736	129,774,278			
Items off statement of financial position														
Commitments and guarantees	\$	4,059,433	-	-	4,059,433	-	-	4,059,433	-	-	4,059,433			
Credit		1,039,378	1,274	11,557	1,052,209	-	-	1,052,209	-	-	1,052,209			

## Notes to the Financial Statements

B) Credit analysis for neither overdue nor impaired loans and discounts according to the Bank's internal rating standard was as follows:

		Non-o	overdue and non	-impaired amo	unt
December 31, 2015		Low risk	Medium risk	High risk	Total
Corporate	\$	68,220,726	1,235,374	14,253	69,470,353
Consumer		60,134,817	575,228	215,193	60,925,238
Total	<u>\$</u>	128,355,543	1,810,602	229,446	130,395,591
		Non-o	overdue and non	-impaired amo	unt
December 31, 2014		Non-o Low risk	overdue and non Medium risk	-impaired amo High risk	unt Total
<b>December 31, 2014</b> Corporate	\$			-	
,	\$	Low risk	Medium risk	High risk	Total

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## C) Credit analysis for marketable securities

		Nor	-overdue and non	-impaired amou	int	,				
Name	I	nvestment grade	Non-investme nt grade	No credit ratings	Subtotal (A)	Overdue but non-impaired amount (B)	Impaired amount (C)	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	Impairment loss recognized (D)	Net total (A)+(B)+(C)-( D)
Available-for-sale financial assets										
Bond investment	\$	11,699,224	-	-	11,699,224	-	-	11,699,224	-	11,699,224
Stock investment		721,677	-	-	721,677	-	-	721,677	-	721,677
Others		307,468	-	-	307,468	-	-	307,468	-	307,468
Held-to-maturity financial assets										
Bond investment		750,450	-	-	750,450	-	-	750,450	-	750,450
Other financial assets										
Stock investment		55,537	-	-	55,537	-	4,940	60,477	4,940	55,537

December 31, 2015

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Name	I	nvestment grade	Non-investme nt grade	No credit ratings	Subtotal (A)	Overdue but non-impaired amount (B)	Impaired amount (C)	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	Impairment loss recognized (D)	Net total (A)+(B)+(C)-( D)
Available-for-sale financial assets										
Bond investment	\$	13,799,048	-	-	13,799,048	-	-	13,799,048	-	13,799,048
Stock investment		726,828	-	-	726,828	-	-	726,828	-	726,828
Others		185,792	-	-	185,792	-	-	185,792	-	185,792
Held-to-maturity financial assets										
Bond investment		753,678	-	-	753,678	-	-	753,678	-	753,678
Other financial assets										
Stock investment		65,537	-	-	65,537	-	4,940	70,477	4,940	65,537

December 31, 2014

Non-overdue and non-impaired amount

## Notes to the Financial Statements

D) Ageing analysis on past due but not impaired financial assets

Delays in processing payments by borrowers and other administrative reasons could result in unimpaired financial assets becoming overdue. According to the internal credit risk assets impairment evaluation guideline, unless there are other objective evidence that shows a potential loss, a less than 90-day past due loan is typically not treated as impairment.

The aging analysis on past due but not impaired financial assets was as follows:

		Overdue within 1 month	December 31, 2015 Overdue between 1 and 3 months	Total
Receivables	\$	-	4,147	4,147
Discount and loans		-	1,580,421	1,580,421
Corporate banking		-	1,342,468	1,342,468
Retail banking		-	237,953	237,953
Total	<u>\$</u>	-	1,584,568	1,584,568
		Overdue	December 31, 2014 Overdue between 1	

	within 1 month	and 3 months	Total
\$	-	2,463	2,463
	-	986,493	986,493
	-	929,709	929,709
	-	56,784	56,784
<u>\$</u>	-	988,956	<u>988,956</u>
	\$ <u>\$</u>	month \$ - -	month months   \$ - 2,463   - 986,493   - 929,709   - 56,784

- 2. Market risk, liquidity risk, and interest rate risk
  - (A) Risk management framework

Market risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, and other risks related to daily operations are managed by the Bank.

A) Market risk

This is the risk that market prices of assets go against the position of the Bank. Market prices refer to interest rates, stock prices, foreign exchange rates, and commodity prices.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

B) Liquidity risk

This is the risk that a given security or asset has difficulty in being sold in the market to fulfill financial obligations. This may cause a loss or a capital decrease for the Bank.

C) Interest risk

This is the risk that an investment's value changes due to a change in interest rates. A change in interest rates can affect net interest income and income from other interest-sensitive assets, and inversely affect the Bank's earnings. Simultaneously, it can also affect the valuation gain or loss on and off the statement of financial position the statement of financial position.

(B) Risk management process

The Bank's risk management process includes risk identification, measurement, assessment, and reporting. The risks relate to the Bank's trading activities and process, commodity trading, and system. All such risks are managed on a daily basis.

- A) Risk identification
  - A. Market risk

The Bank's sales department and risk management department must understand the sources of market risk, market risk factors, and the aftermath of a market downturn. In addition to understanding the risks mentioned above, the Bank also must know the impacts on the business.

B. Liquidity risk

The Bank's sales department and risk management department must understand that liquidity risk comes from mismatch between assets and liabilities either on or off the statement of financial position.

C. Interest rate risk

The Bank's sales department and risk management department must understand that interest rate risk comes from changes in interest rates due to pricing risk, yield curve risk, and basis risk that will have an impact on the Bank's earnings.

- B) Risk assessment and measurement
  - A. Market risk

The Bank measures market risk, including the level of risk acceptance and the level of concentration. In addition, it follows the capital adequacy rules under the Basel Accords and risk indicators issued by the authority. The Bank does not evaluate the risk with a model due to the simplicity of its business. The Bank evaluates its investment position by the following methods: (1) market prices, (2) other assets with similar prices, or (3) other adequate evaluation methods, which have to be used consistently.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

B. Liquidity risk

The Bank assesses for measures liquidity risk by using all liquidity risk indicators, balance sheet mismatch, source of funds, use of funds, line of credit level, and plans for funding in the market.

C. Interest rate risk

The Bank's interest rate risk includes reprising risk, yield curve risk, and basis risk. Methods to assess and measure risk are analyzing (1) the interest sensitivity gap; (2) the capital adequacy ratio; (3) interest rate caps and floors; and (4) the structure of the position concentration ratio.

C) Risk monitoring and control

The Bank has used several techniques such as credit limitation management, a stop-loss system, transaction quotas, the capital liquidity gap, and the interest sensitivity gap in order to monitor market risk, liquidity risk, and interest rate risk, and has a clear reporting process. Things monitored are the trading unit, financial instruments traded in whole or in part, the liquid reserve ratio, the core deposit ratio, and the ratio of the Bank's interest-rate-sensitive assets to its interest-rate-sensitive liabilities (gap ratio).

D) Risk reporting

The Bank has required departments involved in defined market risk, liquidity risk, and interest rate risk in the banking book to submit immediate, daily, or periodic transaction information to the business units. In cases where an overrun or an exception occurs, immediate notification is necessary. The risk management unit is responsible for providing information regarding risk position, the profit and loss situation, usage limits, etc., to the board, Risk Management Committee, and Asset and Liability Management Committee and for providing other appropriate reports and recommendations of the Committees.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## (C) Maturity analysis of financial assets and financial liabilities

The management policy of the Bank is to match to the contractual maturity profile with the interest rate risk exposures of assets and liabilities and to manage unexpected cash outflow. Because of uncertainty, the maturities did not fully match the interest rates, resulting in gaps that may potentially give rise to gain or loss. The maturity analysis of assets and liabilities was as follows:

		De	cember 31, 201	5			
Items	0~10 Days	11~30 Days	31~90 Days	91~180 Days	181 Days~ 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Assets							
Cash	\$ 15,000,986	13,191,429	1,353,219	805,975	1,703,850	1,549,752	33,605,211
Financial assets at FVTPL	1,704,468	704,784	350,599	-	1,963,254	11,018,608	15,741,713
Securities sold under resell agreements	4,022,979	2,210,052	-	-	-	-	6,233,031
Loans and discounts	6,058,308	3,916,520	11,171,218	12,675,303	22,505,703	66,349,765	122,676,817
Interest receivables	50,481	114,944	37,074	3,290	35,243	246	241,278
Property and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	6,481,841	6,481,841
Others	1,479,595	79,168	84,634	79,333	632,994	3,176,052	5,531,776
Liabilities							
Deposits from Central Bank and other banks	49,316	280	703,950	373,550	192,940	-	1,320,036
Checking account	945,088	1,890,177	5,670,531	8,505,796	17,011,593	37,719,065	71,742,250
Demand deposits	2,538,874	8,233,028	20,854,163	19,502,858	42,222,989	5,728,517	99,080,429
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	500,000	4,200,000	4,700,000
Interest payables	65,169	26,181	41,304	48,725	18,456	3,244	203,079
Negotiable certificates of deposit	865,086	1,730,171	5,190,514	7,785,771	15,571,542	16,129,357	47,272,441
Net value	-	-	-	-	-	13,054,475	13,054,475
Others	1,721,346	918,098	69,338	49,384	207,380	312,900	3,278,446
		De	cember 31, 201	4			
Items	0~10 Days	De 11~30 Days	cember 31, 201 31~90 Days	4 91~180 Days	181 Days~ 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Items	0~10 Days						Total
Items	0~10 Days						Total
	<b>0~10 Days</b> \$ 14,773,910						<b>Total</b> 33,910,314
Assets	·	11~30 Days	31~90 Days	91~180 Days	1 Year	Year	
Assets Cash	\$ 14,773,910	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843	31~90 Days	91~180 Days	<b>1 Year</b> 1,740,131	Year 1,228,920	33,910,314
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982	31~90 Days	91~180 Days	<b>1 Year</b> 1,740,131	Year 1,228,920	33,910,314 20,208,903
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 -	<b>91~180 Days</b> 918,441 - -	1 Year 1,740,131 - -	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 -	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065	91~180 Days 918,441 - 11,328,923 3,741 -	1 Year 1,740,131 - 16,930,054 42,577 -	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 -	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065	91~180 Days 918,441 - 11,328,923 3,741 -	1 Year 1,740,131 - 16,930,054 42,577 -	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612	1 Year 1,740,131 - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central Bank and other banks	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474 62,863	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143 280	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320 708,840	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612 368,660	1 Year 1,740,131 - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001 192,940	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525 2,865,121 -	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671 1,333,583
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central Bank and other banks Checking account	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474 62,863 991,340	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143 280 1,982,679	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320 708,840 5,948,038	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612 368,660 8,922,056	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001 192,940 17,844,113	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525 2,865,121 - 35,872,583	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671 1,333,583 71,560,809
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central Bank and other banks Checking account Demand deposits	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474 62,863 991,340	<b>11~30 Days</b> 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143 280 1,982,679	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320 708,840 5,948,038	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612 368,660 8,922,056 18,851,226	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001 192,940 17,844,113 41,191,939	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525 2,865,121 - 35,872,583 5,824,022	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671 1,333,583 71,560,809 99,334,823
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central Bank and other banks Checking account Demand deposits Borrowing	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474 62,863 991,340 2,064,788	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143 280 1,982,679 8,978,261 -	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320 708,840 5,948,038 22,424,587	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612 368,660 8,922,056 18,851,226 370,000	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001 192,940 17,844,113 41,191,939 350,000	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525 2,865,121 - 35,872,583 5,824,022 4,700,000	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671 1,333,583 71,560,809 99,334,823 5,420,000
Assets Cash Financial assets at FVTPL Securities sold under resell agreements Loans and discounts Interest receivables Property and equipment Others Liabilities Deposits from Central Bank and other banks Checking account Demand deposits Borrowing Interest payables Negotiable certificates of	\$ 14,773,910 2,649,038 2,525,622 4,295,011 52,893 - 370,474 62,863 991,340 2,064,788 - 71,722	11~30 Days 13,722,843 2,028,982 1,400,548 3,775,901 126,796 - 37,143 280 1,982,679 8,978,261 - 27,752	<b>31~90 Days</b> 1,526,069 - 8,788,893 42,065 - 37,320 708,840 5,948,038 22,424,587 - 43,832	91~180 Days 918,441 - - 11,328,923 3,741 - 116,612 368,660 8,922,056 18,851,226 370,000 50,957	1 Year 1,740,131 - - 16,930,054 42,577 - 639,001 192,940 17,844,113 41,191,939 350,000 18,717	Year 1,228,920 15,530,883 - 75,286,454 96 6,650,525 2,865,121 - 35,872,583 5,824,022 4,700,000 5,518	33,910,314 20,208,903 3,926,170 120,405,236 268,168 6,650,525 4,065,671 1,333,583 71,560,809 99,334,823 5,420,000 218,498

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (D) Maturity analysis of items off the statement of financial position

The table below shows the maturity analysis of the items off the statement of financial position based on the remaining time until the contractual maturity date. For issued financial guarantee contracts, the maximum guaranteed amount included in the guarantee may be required to be paid at the very beginning of the contract period. The amount disclosed is based on contractual cash flows and may be different from that included in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	Unit: NTD thousand <b>December 31, 2015</b>			
	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total	
Irrevocable loan commitment	\$ 167,344	2,276,145	2,443,489	
Letter of credit receivables	1,093,317	4,738	1,098,055	
Various guarantee proceeds	1,061,345	2,699,823	3,761,168	
	De	December 31, 2014		
	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year	Total	
Irrevocable loan commitment	\$ 518,819	1,990,813	2,509,632	

#### (E) Maturity analysis of lease agreements and capital expenditure

Letter of credit receivables

Various guarantee proceeds

The lease contracts of the Bank are operating leases. The operating lease commitment is the future minimum rental payment under operating leases when the Bank is a lessee or lessor.

1,052,209

487,044

3,572,389

The capital expenditure commitment of the Bank is the contractual commitment for obtaining buildings and equipment.

Maturity analysis of lease agreements and capital expenditure is as follows:

December 31, 2015	]	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Lease commitments					
Operating lease payment (lessee)	\$	137,493	263,590	650	401,733
Operating lease income (lessor)		85,709	180,733	155,975	422,417

1,052,209

4,059,433

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014	Ι	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Lease commitments					
Operating lease payment (lessee)	\$	139,302	285,686	11,379	436,367
Operating lease income (lessor)		73,291	196,838	179,962	450,091

#### (F) Market risk sensitivity analysis

The Bank uses market risk sensitivity as a tool to manage risks. Market risk sensitivity is the change in the value of positions due to the change in specific market risk factors by one unit.

Interest rate sensitivity is the change in the price value of a basis point (PVBP) of future cash flow of the Bank's interest rate product position as the yield curve shifts up by one basis point (0.01%) on the statement of financial position date.

In addition, the Bank does not have a significant net foreign currency position. Therefore, exchange rate fluctuation will not cause any significant exchange rate risk to the Bank.

		December 31, 2015			
		Cost/	Amount		
Main risk	Name	par value	Equity	Gain or loss	
Interest rate risk	Government and corporate bonds	12,445,934	(330,623)	6,172	

Sensitivity analysis is as follows:

		De	ecember 31, 202	14
		Cost/	Ame	ount
Main risk	Name	par value	Equity	Gain or loss
Interest rate risk	Government and corporate bonds	14,720,623	(509,891)	-

## Notes to the Financial Statements

(G) Exchange rate risk

	Do	cember 31, 201	Unit: Thousand
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	5 New Taiwan dollars
Financial assets			
Monetary item			
USD	301,519	33.0660	9,970,015
EUR	6,609	36.1246	238,737
JPY	232,551	0.2747	63,888
HKD	18,936	4.2665	80,789
SGD	131	23.4228	3,057
CNY	70,000	5.0334	352,359
AUD	11	24.1613	269
Financial liabilities			
Monetary item			
USD	403,854	33.0660	13,353,832
EUR	3,937	36.1246	142,218
JPY	598,531	0.2747	164,432
HKD	15,187	4.2665	64,794
AUD	32,104	24.1613	775,670
GBP	2,199	49.0402	107,816
CAD	1,349	23.8424	32,156
CHF	4	33.4304	121
NZD	1,487	22.6767	33,719
SGD	33	23.4228	773
ZAR	124,304	2.1254	264,197
CNY	102,310	5.0334	514,970

## Notes to the Financial Statements

	December 31, 2014		
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	New Taiwan dollars
Financial assets			
Monetary item			
USD	277,356	31.7180	8,797,166
EUR	6,409	38.5437	247,017
JPY	156,545	0.2651	41,495
HKD	26,689	4.0900	109,160
CHF	212	32.0546	6,796
SGD	199	23.9961	4,768
Financial liabilities			
Monetary item			
USD	290,352	31.7180	9,209,381
EUR	2,856	38.5437	110,066
JPY	627,805	0.2651	166,411
HKD	43,577	4.0900	178,230
AUD	19,470	25.9612	505,464
GBP	2,617	49.3564	129,159
CAD	866	27.3219	23,655
CHF	2	32.0546	70
NZD	1,384	24.8447	34,376
SGD	11	23.9961	275
ZAR	137,369	2.7400	376,388
CNY	153,067	5.1043	781,295

## 7) Capital management

### 1. Capital management objectives

The capital management objective of the Bank is to have sufficient eligible capital to meet the capital requirements and the minimum legal capital adequacy ratio. The eligible capital and the authorized capital are calculated pursuant to the regulations set by the regulators.

To enable the Bank to have adequate capital to cover various risks, the required capital should be calculated based on the portfolio risk and the risk characteristics that the Bank faces. Optimal allocation of resources can be achieved by regularly reviewing the objectives of capital management.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Capital management procedures

The Bank maintains adequate capital to meet the requirements of the authority and reports to the authority on a quarterly basis.

The Bank's regulatory capital is divided into Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital following the "Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks".

Tier I capital includes common equity and additional Tier I capital. Common equity includes common shares, capital surplus (except for additional paid-in capital in excess of par value of preferred shares), accumulated profit or loss, and adjustment items of equity. Items that should be deducted are intangible assets (including goodwill), unamortized loss on sales of non-performing loans, investments on financial institutions, deferred income tax assets, deferred pension costs, and the deduction items. Additional Tier I capital includes non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares and non-cumulative perpetual subordinated debt.

Tier II capital consists of cumulative perpetual preferred shares, cumulative perpetual subordinated debt, value increased through revaluation, convertible bonds, operating reserve, and loan-loss provisions.

To properly monitor and maintain the capital adequacy ratio, the Bank calculates the capital adequacy ratio on a quarterly basis, examines the risk exposure and the changes in eligible capital, and analyzes the achievement of the objectives and the changes in factors that may influence the capital adequacy ratio such as expected profit, provision of allowance for bad debt, changes in non-performing loans, investments in securities (financial and non-financial), and risky assets. If the estimated and actual results differ materially, reviews for improvements are conducted. When it is possible that the capital adequacy ratio is significantly lower than the management objective, top management or the risk management committee should be informed, and strategies should be developed, such as adjusting the asset structure or issuing qualified asset instruments in order to reduce risk exposures or to increase eligible capital.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Analysis i	tem	Period-end	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Eligible	Common cap	pital	9,762,200	8,314,491
	Other Tier I	capital	-	-
capital	Tier II capita	ıl	3,374,976	3,978,510
	Eligible capi	tal	13,137,176	12,293,001
Risk-	Credit	Standardized approach	126,324,158	122,323,791
weighted		Internal rating-based approach	-	-
assets	risk	Securitization	-	-
	Operational	Basic indicator standardized approach	5,504,663	5,386,188
		Standardized approach / alternative approach	-	-
	risk	Advanced measurement approach	-	-
	Market	Standardized approach	2,620,013	3,218,538
	risk	Internal model approach	-	-
	Total risk-we	eighted assets	134,448,834	130,928,517
Capital ad	equacy ratio		9.77%	9.39%
Tier 1 cap	ital / risk-we	ighted assets ratio	7.26%	6.35%
Common	stock / risk-w	reighted assets ratio	7.26%	6.35%
Leverage	ratio		4.50%	3.16%

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank and its subsidiaries are disclosed below:

Note:1. The calculation of eligible capital, risk-weighted assets, and the total amount of risk exposure shall follow the "Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy and Capital Category of Banks" and "Explanation of Methods for Calculating the Eligible Capital and Risk-Weighted Assets of Banks".

- 2. The table uses the calculation formulas as follows:
  - (1) Eligible capital = common equity + other Tier I capital + tier II capital
  - (2) Risk-weighted assets = credit risk-weighted assets + (capital requirement for operational risk + capital requirement for market risk) × 12.5
  - (3) Capital adequacy ratio = eligible capital / risk-weighted assets
  - (4) Common stock-based capital ratio = common equity / total risk-weighted assets
  - (5) Tier I risk-based capital ratio = (common equity + other Tier I capital) / risk-weighted assets
  - (6) Leverage ratio = Tier I capital / total exposure

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (43) Related-party transactions

1) Name of subsidiaries of the Bank

		Equity (% of ownership)				
		December 31,	December 31,			
	Location	2015	2014			
Panhsn Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	100.00	100.00			
Panhsin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	100.00	100.00			
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	100.00	100.00			

The Bank is the ultimate controlling party of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

2) Name and relationship of related parties

Name	Relationship
Directors and supervisors (noncorporate), etc.	The individual directors and supervisors of the Bank, and their spouses, close relatives, etc.
President, general manager, managers, etc.	The president, general manager, and their spouses, close relatives, etc.
The major individual stockholders of the Bank	The top ten major stockholders with stockholdings more than 1%
Ta Shun Construction Co., Ltd., etc.	The Bank's chairman's spouse is the chairman of the company
San Jun Construction Co., Ltd.	The Bank's chairman spouse is the chairman of the company
Shan Hwei Construction Co., Ltd.	The Bank's chairman's spouse is the chairman of the company; a corporate director of the Bank is the chairman of the company
Sanlight Consgtruction Co., Ltd.	The Bank's legal supervisor is the chairman of the company; a corporate director of the Bank is the chairman of the company
Yuan Chi Investment Co., Ltd.	The Bank's legal supervisor
Fu Jin Investment Co., Ltd.	The Bank's legal supervisor
Sun Shan Construction Co., Ltd.	Disclosed as a related party as required by the authorities
Yong Deng Construction Co., Ltd.	Disclosed as a related party as required by the authorities

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 3) Significant transactions with related parties

1. Deposits

Name	2015 Ending balance	Percentage of deposits	Interest rate
Deposits by each related party not over 1% of total deposits	<u>\$ 476,952</u>	0.26	0.01~8.26
Name	2014 Ending balance	Percentage of deposits	Interest rate
Deposits by each related party not over 1% of total deposits	<u>\$                                    </u>	0.53	0.01~8.37

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, apart from an interest rate limit on staff demand savings deposits of 6.860% to 7.080% and 6.670% to 6.910%, respectively, the interest rates and other terms provided to the above related parties were the same as the terms offered to the general public.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 interest expense paid on the above deposits was \$2,383 and \$6,416, respectively.

#### 2. Loans

	2015							
		Repayment				Difference between terms and		
Type of loan	Number of accounts or name of related party	Maximum during the period	Ending balance	On time	Overdue	Collateral	conditions offered to the accounts and to the general public	
Employee credit loan	00, Lin	3,643	-	-	-	Real estate and deposits	None	
Others	00, Zhu	22,300	6,300	6,300	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Chiu	297,300	182,300	182,300	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Hsu	7,000	-	-	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Kuo	38,000	38,000	38,000	-	Real estate	None	
	oo, Kuo	62,000	62,000	62,000	-	Real estate	None	
	oo, Yang	23,923	13,276	13,276	-	Real estate	None	
	oo, Ye	34,500	33,000	33,000	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Liao	6,772	6,400	6,400	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Liao	82,754	78,432	78,432	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Liao	6,000	5,404	5,404	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Liu	80,873	76,650	76,650	-	Real estate	None	
	00, Chien	7,975	7,975	7,975	-	Real estate	None	

## Notes to the Financial Statements

			2014 Repayment			Difference between terms and	
Type of loan	Number of accounts or name of related party	Maximum during the period	Ending balance	On time	Overdue	Collateral	conditions offered to the accounts and to the general public
Employee credit loan	26	24,108	15,463	15,463	-	Real estate and deposits	None
Mortgage	4	11,196	10,516	10,516	-	Real estate	None
Others	oo, Wong	5,957	-	-	-	Real estate	None
	00, Zhu	35,300	17,300	17,300	-	Real estate	None
	00, Jiang	1,856	1,700	1,700	-	Real estate	None
	00, Wu	1,037	898	898	-	Real estate	None
	00, Lu	1,312	1,282	1,282	-	Real estate	None
	00, Li	1,924	1,820	1,820	-	Real estate	None
	00, Wang	1,329	1,012	1,012	-	Real estate	None
	00, Zhou	2,300	-	-	-	None	None
	00, Lin	14,320	7,391	7,391	-	Real estate	None
	00, Lin	2,900	2,300	2,300	-	Real estate	None
	00, Chu	83,600	78,000	78,000	-	Real estate	None
	00, Hong	7,950	-	-	-	None	None
	00 <b>, Kao</b>	14,677	9,500	9,500	-	Real estate	None
	00 <b>, Kao</b>	5,600	5,600	5,600	-	Real estate	None
	00, Kuo	24,000	12,000	12,000	-	Real estate	None
	00, Kuo	311	274	274	-	Real estate	None
	00, Huo	114,000	57,000	57,000	-	Real estate	None
	00, You	5,000	1,650	1,650	-	Real estate	None
	00, Huang	6,294	5,951	5,951	-	Real estate	None
	00, Yang	29,697	14,585	14,585	-	Real estate	None
	00, Ye	54,750	26,500	26,500	-	Real estate	None
	00, Liao	7,118	6,772	6,772	-	Real estate	None
	00, Liao	94,963	82,754	82,754	-	Real estate	None
	00, Zhao	2,350	-	-	-	Deposits	None
	00, Liu	84,987	80,873	80,873	-	Real estate	None
	00, Liu	6,300	6,286	6,286	-	Real estate	None
	00, Lia	9,900	9,500	9,500	-	Real estate	None
	00, Chien	8,000	5,575	5,575	-	Real estate	None
	Sun Shan construction Co., Ltd.	101,246	-	-	-	None	None

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, interest income recognized for the above loans was \$1,052 and \$9,077, respectively.
### Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Rental revenue

The details of office rentals by the Bank to a related party for operating purposes were as follows:

Name	Building	Period	2015	2014
Panhsin Insurance Broker	Zhongzheng Rd., Panchiao City, No. 330, 11th floor	March 12, 2009 upon the expiration of the lease could be renewed	\$ 1,917	1,607
Panhsin Asset Management	Zhongzheng Rd., Panchiao City, No. 330, 9th floor	January 6, 2009 upon the expiration of the lease could be renewed	 223	202
			\$ 2.140	1.809

4. Sale of non-performing loans

The receivables due to the contracts of sale of non-performing loans between the Bank and Panhsin AMC had been collected in 2014. The interest revenue due to the postponed repayments in 2014 amounting \$3,770 was collected during 2014.

- 5. Other
  - (A) For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the details of the Bank's selling a series of subordinated financial debentures to related parties were as follows:

2015							
Related party		Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest expense		
Directors, supervisors, and main stockholders	\$	920	920	2.84~3.00	227		
		201	4				
Related party		Highest balance	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest expense		
Directors, supervisors, and main stockholders	\$	12,800	11,800	2.84~3.00			

(B) Starting 2013, the Bank has entered into an insurance commission fee-splitting agreement with Panhsin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd. According to the agreement, the Bank is obligated to provide the operating venue, facilities or manpower. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Bank earned commission revenue of \$366,243 and \$199,284 from Panhsin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd., respectively, recorded under "fees and commission income-net". As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the proceeds not yet being received were \$14,847 and \$5,858, respectively, recorded under accounts-receivable, net.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 4) Key management personnel compensation

		2015	2014
Short-term employee benefits	<u>\$</u>	44,660	<u>64,596</u>
Post-employment benefits	<u>\$</u>	452	360

#### (44) Pledged assets

Pledged assets of the Bank and its subsidiaries were as follows:

Pledged Assets	Pledged for	]	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Time deposit (recorded as due from central bank and placement to other banks)	Foreign currency— denominated overdraft guarantee	\$	850,334	2,700,000
Government bonds (recorded as available-for-sale financial assets)	bonds (recorded Reserve for trust business		50,250	48,640
	Provisional seizure		52,395	32,629
	Operating deposits for trading bills		50,902	51,237
	Operating deposits for trading bonds		10,180	10,247
	Deposits for Taxation Administration, Ministry of Finance		107,981	93,502
	Derivative financial products credit guarantee		260,319	-
Bank deposit (recorded as other financial assets)	Settlement deposits for bonds		7,400	7,400
	Deposits for lawsuits		9,170	9,570
		\$	1,398,931	2,953,225

### (45) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

1) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

1. Significant purchase agreements

### December 31, 2015

Contract name	,	Contract price	Unpaid portion of contract price
Significant purchase agreements:			
Software system	<u>\$</u>	100,279	65,194

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### December 31, 2014

Contract name	,	ract price	Unpaid portion of contract price
Significant purchase agreements:			
Software system	<u>\$</u>	62,269	30,723

2. For significant leases and capital expenditure, please refer to note 44.

3. Significant mergers and acquisitions, please refer to note 12.

2) Other

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Consignment collection for others	\$	12,422,302	12,995,059
Consignment released and loans for others		769,648	673,462
Collateral held as performance bond		21,134	829,348
Traveler's checks held for consignment sale		13,447	13,275
Custodial securities		135,000	155,000
Trust assets		44,255,872	47,611,413
Total	\$	57,617,403	62,277,557
Lines of credit provided but not used	\$	2,443,489	2,509,632
Guarantees	\$	3,761,168	4,059,433
Letters of credit issued but not yet presented	<u>\$</u>	1,098,055	1,052,209

### 74 BANK OF PANHSIN Notes to the Financial Statements

3) In accordance with local regulations, disclosure of accounts in the statement of financial position and a summary of trust asset items for trust business are as follows:

Trust assets		Trust balance sheet December 31, 2015 Trust liabilities	
Bank deposits	\$	3,272,607 Trust capital – monetary trust	19,442,586
Investment in funds		16,558,919 Trust capital – real estate	21,315,126
Investment in bonds		33,769 Trust capital – monetary loans and guaranteed assets	1,972,635
Investment in stocks		1,611,454 Trust capital – securities trust	1,554,198
Investment in loans		1,972,532 Trust capital – land rights trust	
Land		15,096,756 Net income	302,333
Building		459,992 Unappropriated earnings	(330,968)
Construction in progress		5,249,843 Deferred suspense accounts	(38)
Total trust assets	<u>\$</u>	44,255,872 Total trust liabilities	44,255,872
Trust assets		Trust balance sheet December 31, 2014 Trust liabilities	
Bank deposits	\$	6,049,497 Trust capital – monetary trust	21,993,280
Investment in funds		17,854,906 Trust capital – real estate	21,719,595
Investment in bonds		10,000 Trust capital – monetary loans and guaranteed assets	2,143,832
Investment in stocks		1,611,454 Trust capital – securities trust	1,620,103
Investment in loans		2,143,729 Trust capital – land rights trust	204,152
Land		15,416,435 Net income	643,536
Building		815,945 Unappropriated earnings	(713,085)
Construction in progress		3,505,295	
Land rights		204,152	
Total trust assets	<u>\$</u>	47,611,413 Total trust liabilities	47,611,413

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **Trust income statement**

		2015	2014
Trust revenue:			
Interest revenue	\$	6,016	8,124
Realized investment gain – funds		151,555	195,473
Cash dividends revenue		793,666	644,330
		951,237	847,927
Trust expenses:			
Management expenses		40,580	17,605
Realized investment loss-funds		607,511	185,965
Other expenses		229	29
-		648,320	203,599
Net income before income tax		302,917	644,328
Income tax expense		584	792
Net income after income tax	<u>\$</u>	302,333	643,536

### Trust asset register

### December 31, 2015

Item	Amount
Bank deposits	\$ 3,272,607
Investment in funds	16,558,919
Bonds	33,769
Investment in stocks	1,611,454
Investment in common stocks	1,972,532
Land	15,096,756
Building	459,992
Construction in progress	5,249,843
	<u>\$ 44,255,872</u>

### Notes to the Financial Statements

Trust asset register		
December 31, 2014		
Item		Amount
Bank deposits	\$	6,049,497
Investment in funds		17,854,906
Bonds		10,000
Investment in stocks		1,611,454
Investment in common stocks		2,143,729
Land		15,416,435
Building		815,945
Construction in progress		3,505,295
Land rights		204,152
	<u>\$</u>	47,611,413

#### (46) Other

1) Business Combination

To expand its business, enhance efficiency and competitiveness, the Board of Directors of the Bank passed a resolution for an acquisition of the operation, assets and liabilities of The Ninth Credit Cooperative of Taipei (NCCT) on October 10, 2013. The acquisition was approved by the Bank's stockholders on December 1, 2013, and subsequently approved by Financial Supervisory Commission on June 24, 2014. The effective date of the acquisition was July 21, 2014.

NCCT was established in April, 1981. Its headquarters was located in Wanhua, Taipei City, and had 18 domestic branches. The main operations of NCCT included saving, credit, remittance, proxy and other business approved by the Authorities.

1. Transfer Consideration

According to the "General Assignment and Assumption Agreement" signed on October 30, 2013, the payment of acquisition was \$3,980,000. After deducting the amount of \$1,265,598, which had been paid to NCCT for personnel pension (severance) and compensation according to the agreement, the Bank paid the amount of \$2,279,987 as down payment. The Bank expected that the second payment amounting to \$434,415 (recognized as Account Payable) would be paid during 12 months after settlement date.

Relevant acquisition cost was excluded from the transfer consideration. The relevant acquisition costs incurred in 2014 amounted to 25,224, including legal fees, on-site examination expenses and consultant expense, and were recognized as other business and administrative expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Assets and Liabilities Obtained on Acquisition Date

Independent third party was been appointed to evaluate the allocation of the transfer consideration (evaluation base date: July 18 2014). According to the evaluation report, fair value of the identifiable tangible assets and liabilities was listed below:

	NCCT	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 145,9	925
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	8,649,1	105
Receivable, net	19,2	275
Discounts and loans, net	15,476,0	048
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	112,1	177
Held-to-maturity financial assets, net	150,0	000
Other financial assets, net	7,1	127
Properties, net	2,071,8	844
Intangible assets, net	4	588
Prepayment	4,3	377
Refundable Deposit	2,7	719
Payable	(107,6	19)
Deposit and remittances	(23,476,7	16)
Deferred tax liabilities- Land value increment tax	(76,1	60)
Other liabilities	(18,2	22)
	<u>\$ 2,960,4</u>	<u>468</u>

The Bank obtained discounts and loans in the acquisition amounting to \$15,476,048 at fair value. The total contract amount was \$15,622,725. The best estimate of unrecoverable contract cash flow was \$146,677 thousand on the acquisition date.

3. Intangible Assets Due to Acquisition (Goodwill and Core Deposit)

Transfer Consideration	\$	3,980,000
Less: Fair value of identifiable asset acquired		(2,960,438)
Identifiable intangible asset-Core Deposit		(137,800)
Goodwill	<u>\$</u>	881,762

The amount of transfer consideration after the deduction of the fair value of identifiable assets acquired included the expected benefit from the synergies of combination, revenue and cost, and future market development. Since the core deposit was the only identifiable intangible assets, the residual amount after the deduction of the identifiable assets and intangible assets was accounted for as goodwill. No tax impact was expected from the core deposit, but the goodwill amounting to 881,762 was expected to have a tax deduction in the future years.

NOOT

### Notes to the Financial Statements

4. The Impact of Acquisition To Operating Performance

NCCT had contributed the net revenue and net loss of \$78,212 and \$(22,989), respectively, for the period from July 21, 2014 (the date of acquiring NCCT by the Bank) to December 31, 2014.

If the acquisition had happened in beginning of the accounting period, the Bank's pro forma net revenue and net profit would have been \$3,722,613 and \$400,321. The amount did not reflect the real performance of the assumption that the acquisition happened in the beginning of the year and shall not be used to predict the operating performance in future.

- 5. According to the plan, which the acquisition had been proposed to the Financial Supervision Committee for approval in July 2014, the ratio of bad debt allowance shall increase to 1%. Therefore, the Bank recognized bad debt expense of \$290,119.
- 2) The employee benefits, depreciation, depletion, and amortization, categorized by function, were as follows:

By function		2015			2014		
By account	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total	Cost of goods sold	Operating expenses	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salary	-	1,274,950	1,274,950	-	1,146,194	1,146,194	
Labor and health insurance	-	97,229	97,229	-	85,520	85,520	
Pension	-	58,805	58,805	-	53,365	53,365	
Other personnel expense	-	32,981	32,981	-	25,231	25,231	
Depreciation	-	130,788	130,788	-	107,159	107,159	
Depletion	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Amortization	-	67,088	67,088	-	58,958	58,958	

The depreciation expense for leased-out assets was \$24,069 and \$23,287 in 2015 and 2014, respectively, and was recorded under other non-interest income – net.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Bank had 1,427 and 1,419 employees, respectively.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

3) Average amount of, and current average interest rates on, interest-bearing assets and liabilities:

	2015		
	Ave	rage Amount	Average Interest Rate
Interest-earning assets:			
Cash due from banks	\$	1,459,182	1.14
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks		30,035,434	0.79
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		2,256,988	0.63
Loans and advances to customers		127,242,149	2.73
Available-for-sale financial assets		12,748,572	1.23
Held-to-maturity financial assets		752,188	1.58
Securities purchased under resell agreements		3,962,399	0.53
Interest-bearing liabilities:			
Due to banks		1,796,109	1.12
Demand deposits		25,782,048	0.10
Time deposits		29,094,862	1.09
Negotiable time deposits		651,307	0.69
Demand savings deposits		46,014,924	0.35
Time savings deposits		76,222,454	1.31
Financial debentures		5,160,329	3.00

### Notes to the Financial Statements

	2014		
	Average Amount	Average Interest Rate	
Interest-earning assets:			
Cash due from banks	\$ 1,815,72	3 1.86	
Due from Central Bank and call loans to banks	29,382,57	7 0.80	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,208,86	2 0.59	
Loans and advances to customers	116,482,16	6 2.74	
Available-for-sale financial assets	11,435,75	9 1.15	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	659,14	6 1.58	
Securities purchased under resell agreements	4,050,16	7 0.59	
Interest-bearing liabilities:			
Due to banks	1,875,06	1 1.05	
Securities purchased under resell agreements	42,76	0 0.57	
Demand deposits	26,058,11	9 0.11	
Time deposits	28,060,46	3 1.13	
Negotiable time deposits	723,09	5 0.70	
Demand savings deposits	42,063,45	7 0.36	
Time savings deposits	66,777,96	7 1.31	
Financial debentures	4,504,11	0 3.04	

### Notes to the Financial Statements

- 4) Supplementary disclosures of asset quality, overdue loans and receivables, concentration of credit extensions, interest rate sensitivity information, profitability, and the structure analysis of assets' and liabilities' time to maturity were as follows:
  - 1. Asset quality

		Period		D	December 31, 201	5	
Product			Overdue loan amount	Loan balance	Overdue ratio	Allowance for bad debts	Cover rate
Corporate	Secured	l	574,422	38,345,244	1.50%	493,205	85.86%
banking	Unsecu	red	93,980	33,135,979	0.28%	422,869	449.96%
	Mortgag	ge	199,333	23,281,464	0.86%	322,995	162.04%
	Cash ca	rd	-	-	- %	-	- %
Consumer	Credit l	oan	5,218	758,777	0.69%	19,428	372.33%
banking	Others	Secured	83,942	35,776,821	0.23 %	373,970	445.51%
		Unsecured	88	1,587,275	0.01 %	16,931	19,239.77%
Total			956,983	132,885,560	0.72%	1,649,398	172.35%
			Overdue	Account receivables	Overdue ratio	Allowance for bad debts	Cover rate
Credit card	s		-	-	- %	-	- %
Without-ree	course fa	actoring	-	-	- %	-	- %

		Period	d December 31, 2014				
Product		Overdue loan amount	Loan balance	Overdue ratio	Allowance for bad debts	Cover rate	
Corporate	Secured	l	675,544	41,100,077	1.64%	495,016	73.28%
banking	Unsecu	red	306,453	27,675,000	1.11%	477,630	155.86%
	Mortgag	ge	141,024	26,014,523	0.54%	279,785	198.40%
	Cash ca	rd	-	-	- %	-	- %
Consumer	Credit l	oan	4,034	582,329	0.69%	22,206	550.47%
banking	Others	Secured	21,808	32,803,736	0.07%	335,494	1,538.40%
		Unsecured	-	1,724,992	- %	17,363	- %
Total	1		1,148,863	129,900,657	0.88%	1,627,494	141.66%
			Overdue	Account receivables	Overdue ratio	Allowance for bad debts	Cover rate
Credit card	S		-	-	- %	-	- %
Without-red	course fa	actoring	-	-	- %	-	- %

### Notes to the Financial Statements

Exemption from reporting non-performing loans (NPL) and overdue receivables

	December	r 31, 2015	December 31, 2014		
	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	Excluded NPL	Excluded overdue receivables	
As a result of debt consultation and loan agreement	75,112	-	113,489	-	
As a result of debt solvency and restart plan	30,957	-	37,394	-	
Total	106,069	-	150,883	-	

2. Information on concentration of credit risk

Unit: NT thousand December 31, 2015 Percentage of net **Outstanding loan** worth (%) Rank **Group company** 1 A United Group (Real Estate Leasing) 2,089,576 15.78% 2 1,946,320 14.70% B United Group (Real Estate) 3 C United Group (LED Panel Assembly) 850,000 6.42% 4 D United Group (Real Estate) 741,300 5.60% 5 E United Group (Rayon Manufacturing) 5.03% 666,257 6 F United Group (Real Estate) 658,022 4.97% 7 4.80% G United Group (Smelting and Refining of 635,214 Iron and Steel) 8 H United Group (Real Estate Managing) 565,205 4.27% 9 I United Group (Finishing Work) 532,410 4.02% 10 J United Group (Real Estate) 530,000 4.00% 9,214,304 Total

### Notes to the Financial Statements

	December 31, 2014							
Rank	Group company	Outstanding loan	Percentage of net worth (%)					
1	A United Group (Real Estate Leasing)	2,146,040	18.50%					
2	B United Group (Real Estate Leasing)	1,395,900	12.03 %					
3	C United Group (Smelting and Refining of Iron and Steel)	1,015,298	8.75%					
4	D United Group (Real Estate)	965,929	8.33%					
5	E United Group (Finance Leasing)	735,000	6.33%					
6	F United Group (Rayon Manufacturing)	732,500	6.31%					
7	G United Group (LCD Panel Assembly)	684,000	5.90%					
8	H United Group (Real Estate)	680,500	5.87%					
9	I United Group (Investment Consulting)	618,977	5.33%					
10	J United Group (Real Estate)	601,088	5.18%					
	Total	9,575,232						

3. Interest rate sensitivity information

(A) Sensitivity analysis of interest rate for assets and liabilities (NTD)

		ciiioci 51, 20	10	Uni	t: NT thousand
Item	1~90 days (inclusive)	91~180 days (inclusive)	181 days~1 year (inclusive)	Over 1 year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$ 156,397,045	536,871	2,609,362	12,068,650	171,611,928
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities	70,541,995	78,371,074	18,275,705	7,981,182	175,169,956
Interest-rate sensitivity gap	85,855,050	(77,834,203)	(15,666,343)	4,087,468	(3,558,028)
Net worth					
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities					
Ratio of interest-rate sensitivity g	ap to net worth				(26.87)

December 31, 2015

### December 31, 2014

		,		Un	it: NT thousand	
Item	1~90 days (inclusive)	91~180 days (inclusive)	181 days~1 year (inclusive)	Over 1 year	Total	
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$ 151,326,344	539,452	946,741	18,287,647	171,100,184	
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities	70,625,777	78,604,397	18,430,573	7,972,432	175,633,179	
Interest-rate sensitivity gap	80,700,567	(78,064,945)	(17,483,832)	10,315,215	(4,532,995)	
Net worth						
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities						
Ratio of interest-rate sensitivity g	ap to net worth				(39.07)	

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### (B) Sensitivity analysis of interest rate for assets and liabilities (USD)

#### December 31, 2015

				Unit	: USD thousand
Item	1~90 days (inclusive)	91~180 days (inclusive)	181 days~1 year (inclusive)	Over 1 year	Total
Interest-rate-sensitive assets	\$ 377,235	29,895	594	-	407,724
Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities	289,929	56,744	56,722	162	403,557
Interest-rate sensitivity gap	87,306	(26,849)	(56,128)	(162)	4,167
Net worth					
Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities					
Ratio of interest-rate sensitivity g	ap to net worth				77.87

#### December 31, 2014

Unit: USD thousand 181 days~1 1~90 days 91~180 days year (inclusive) (inclusive) (inclusive) Over 1 year Total Item Interest-rate-sensitive assets 312,524 32,573 16 345,113 -212,586 68,286 19,284 300,169 Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities 13 Interest-rate sensitivity gap 99,938 (35,713) (19,268) (13)44,944 Net worth 5,689 Ratio of interest-rate-sensitive assets to liabilities 114.97 Ratio of interest-rate sensitivity gap to net worth 790.02

#### 4. Profitability

			%
	Item	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Return on total assets	Before income tax	0.42	0.36
	After income tax	0.35	0.27
Return on net worth	Before income tax	7.06	6.20
	After income tax	5.92	4.65
Profit margin		19.96	16.23

Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax / Average total assets

Note 2: Return on net worth = Income before (after) income tax / Average equity

Note 3: Profit margin = Income after income tax / Total operating revenues

Note 4: Income before (after) income tax is the income for the whole year.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

- 5. Structure analysis of assets' and liabilities' time to maturity
  - (A) Duration analysis in New Taiwan dollars

December 31, 2015

Unit: NTD thousand									
		Aging for remaining period until expiration							
	Total	0~30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181 days~ 1year	Over 1 year			
Capital provided	\$ 190,511,165	48,533,712	12,996,744	13,563,901	26,841,044	88,575,764			
Capital used	240,651,156	18,982,814	32,529,800	36,266,084	75,724,900	77,147,558			
Spread	(50,139,991)	29,550,898	(19,533,056)	(22,702,183)	(48,883,856)	11,428,206			

					181 days~					
		Aging for remaining period until expiration								
Unit: NTD thousand										
December 31, 2014										
Spread	(50,139,991)	29,550,898 (19,533,056) (22,702,183) (48,883,856) 11,423								

33,056,598

(22,662,251)

34,411,557

(22,043,840)

(B) Duration analysis in US dollars

226,961,196

(37,706,179)

Capital used

Spread

### December 31, 2015

17,862,424

27,716,767

Unit: USD thousand

70,237,939

31,324,060

71,392,678

(52,040,915)

		Aging for remaining period until expiration							
	Total		31~90 days	91~180 days	181 days~ 1year	Over 1 year			
Capital provided	\$ 447,184	185,672	97,332	48,594	24,462	91,124			
Capital used	600,527	141,339	106,963	71,466	79,613	201,146			
Spread	(153,343)	44,333	(9,631)	(22,872)	(55,151)	(110,022)			

December 31, 2014

Unit: USD thousand

		Aging for remaining period until expiration							
	Total	0~30 days	31~90 days	91~180 days	181 days~ 1year	Over 1 year			
Capital provided	\$ 366,945	120,377	90,035	54,966	27,813	73,754			
Capital used	472,784	128,576	48,527	86,073	43,993	165,615			
Spread	(105,839)	(8,199)	41,508	(31,107)	(16,180)	(91,861)			

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### (47) Notes to disclosure items

1) Information on significant transactions

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Publicly Held Banks":

- 1. Financing provided to others: Not applicable.
- 2. Endorsements/guarantees provided to others: Not applicable.
- 3. Marketable securities held as of December 31, 2014 (not including investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities): Not applicable.
- 4. Accumulated acquisition or disposal of individual marketable securities at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 5. Information regarding securities for which the accumulated purchase or sale amounts for the period exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Bank's paid-in capital: Not applicable.
- 6. Information on the acquisition of real estate for which the purchase amount exceeded NT\$300 millions or 10% of the Bank's paid-in capital: None.
- 7. Information on the disposal of real estate for which the sale amount exceeded NT\$300 million or 10% of the Bank's paid-in capital: None.
- 8. Information regarding discounted processing fees on transactions for which the amount exceeded \$5 million: None.
- 9. Information regarding receivable from related parties for which the amount exceeded \$300 million or 10% of the Bank's paid-in capital: None.
- 10. Financial derivative transactions: Not applicable.
- 11. Information regarding selling non-performing loans :
  - (A) Summary table of selling non-performing loans: None.
  - (B) Selling non-performing loans by single over NT\$1,000 million: None.
- 12. Approved securitization instrument types and related information according to "asset-backed securitization" or "mortgage-backed securitization": None.
- 13. Other material transaction items which were significant to people who use the information in the financial statements: None.

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#### 2) Information on investees

The following is the information on investees:

Unit: NTD Thousand

				Highest percentage		Gain (loss)	Holdings				
				of		recognized		Pro	Т	otal	
Name of investee	Investee location	Investee's operation	Percentage of ownership	ownership during period	Book value of investments	during the period (note)	Number of shares	forma number of shares	Shares	Percentage	Remark
	Panchiao City, Taipei County	Insurance agency	100.00%	100.00%	78,073	11,580	3,095	-	3,095	100.00%	subsidiary
Panhsin Asset	Panchiao City,	Purchasing	81.82%	100.00%	153,633	6,580	54,000	-	66,000	100.00%	subsidiary
Management Co., Ltd.	1 5	non-performing loans									
Panhsin International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Panchiao City, Taipei County	Real estate	100.00%	-%	294,041	(3,825)	30,000	-	30,000	100.00%	Subsidiary

3) Information regarding investment in China: None.

### (48) Operating segment information

Please refer to consolidated financial statements for 2015.